

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) Stock Code: 1896

**Annual Report** 

2022













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# **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Director**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao (Chief Executive Officer)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Changtian (Chairman)

Ms. Li Xiaoping

Ms. Wang Jian

Mr. Cheng Wu (resigned on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Sun Zhonghuai (appointed on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Chen Shaohui

Mr. Lin Ning (resigned on March 23, 2023)

Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Hua

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai

Mr. Yin Hong

Ms. Liu Lin

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai (Chairman)

Mr. Wang Hua

Ms. Liu Lin

# **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wang Hua (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai

Mr. Zheng Zhihao

# **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wang Hua (Chairman)

Ms. Liu Lin

Mr. Zheng Zhihao

# **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES**

Ms. Zheng Xia

Mr. Cheng Ching Kit

# **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao

Mr. Cheng Ching Kit

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Walkers Corporate Limited

190 Elgin Avenue

George Town

Grand Cayman KY1-9008

Cayman Islands

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

No. 3 Building, Yonghe Hangxing Garden

No. 11 Hepingli East Street

**Dongcheng District** 

Beijing, PRC

# **Corporate Information**



# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

40th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre No. 248 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

# **LEGAL ADVISORS**

As to Hong Kong law: Clifford Chance

As to Cayman Islands law: Walkers (Hong Kong)

As to the law of the People's Republic of China: Commerce & Finance Law Offices

# HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

# CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Walkers Corporate Limited 190 Elgin Avenue George Town Grand Cayman KY1-9008 Cayman Islands

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

China Merchants Bank, Beijing Branch Ping An Bank, Garden Road Sub-Branch

#### STOCK CODE

1896

## **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

www.maoyan.com



I am pleased to present our annual results for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our revenue decreased to RMB2,319.5 million in 2022 from RMB3,323.4 million in 2021. Our gross profit decreased to RMB1,020.0 million in 2022 from RMB1,842.2 million in 2021. Our profit for the year in 2022 was RMB104.8 million whereas our profit for the year in 2021 was RMB368.5 million. Our adjusted EBITDA in 2022 was RMB320.1 million, decreased from adjusted EBITDA of RMB742.7 million in 2021, whereas our adjusted net profit<sup>(Note)</sup> was RMB232.7 million in 2022, decreased from adjusted net profit<sup>(Note)</sup> of RMB540.0 million in 2021.

# **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During 2022, the entertainment industry continued to face complex situation and the various related risks and challenges caused by the pandemic. According to statistics from the China Film Administration, the total box office (including service fees) of Mainland China in 2022 was RMB30.067 billion, representing a year-over-year decrease of 36.38% from RMB47.258 billion in 2021. Furthermore, the live entertainment market was also significantly affected. For instance, according to the relevant market data released on the official website of the China Association of Performing Arts, nearly 9,000 performances were cancelled or postponed nationwide in the first quarter of 2022, and the total number of performances decreased by approximately 80% at the box office during the Labor Day holiday.

Outperforming the market in the severely challenging environment of 2022, the Company continued to maintain its overall profitability with its revenue structure further optimized, ability to resist risks improved, and business driving force enhanced. In particular, our entertainment content services continued to develop in 2022, with revenue performance in this segment outpacing the market, further validating our promotion and distribution capabilities and market coverage.

*Note:* We defined adjusted net profit as net profit for the year adjusted by adding back share-based compensation and amortization of intangible assets resulting from business combinations.



#### **Entertainment content services**

As a key player in the entertainment industry, we continue to deepen our involvement in movie promotion and distribution, production and self-production. Despite the severe impact of the pandemic on the industry in 2022, our expanding entertainment content services countered the negative effects of the market's periodic decline due to our forward-looking business framework, ongoing content development, and continuous refinement and iteration of promotion and distribution capabilities. During the Reporting Period, the number of movies for which we acted as a distributor/producer, together with these movies' box office takings, remained at the forefront of the industry. The coverage rate of the total box office of released domestic movies for which we acted as a distributor/producer remained at 50% or above of the domestic movies in the entire market. Specifically, the proportion in quantity of top 10 domestic movies in which we participated and acted as lead distributor continued to align with that of 2021 and even significantly exceeded pre-pandemic levels.

With our movie promotion and distribution capabilities further enhanced in 2022, we delivered stellar performances in our market coverage, market influence and revenue contribution. By fully leveraging the strengths and capabilities of our promotion and distribution resources and services, we continued to promote real-time data transparency. Furthermore, by keeping informed of market trends, exploring actual demands, iterating and innovating promotion and distribution products, and optimizing promotion and distribution channels, we further enhanced our intelligent promotion and distribution systems, enabling the movies to achieve better promotional results and boost growth in box office takings. During the Reporting Period, we first proposed the concept of "real-time promotion and distribution" (實時宣發) by officially upgrading the "Real-Time Wish-List Gathering" (實時想看) channel to a "realtime promotion and distribution" (實時宣發) channel while launching the industry's first all-network live trending list to assist users in keeping abreast of changes in movie promotion topics in real-time. Our further upgraded "Real-Time Report" (實時戰報) and "Same-period Movie Comparison" (同檔期對比) services, providing the industry with promotion and distribution information services at a lower fault tolerance rate. Our "Cloud Block Booking" (雲包場) services further improved its personalized customization and expanded the movie promotion channels, achieving a dual conversion of promotion and consumption. In 2022, orders placed with the "Cloud Block Booking" (雲包 場) services grew by approximately 50% year-over-year, successfully covering all domestic movies whose box office exceeded RMB100 million. In addition, during the 2023 Spring Festival season, we realized the industry's first closed-loop promotion and distribution via WeChat short video (微信視頻號) as part of our continued efforts to explore new promotion and distribution paths.



Based on the above, we achieved outstanding results in movie promotion and distribution in 2022. Comparing with the movies we participated in, those movies we were lead distributor during the year outperformed those in previous years in terms of quantity, proportion, and GMV ratio. Also, the coverage rate of movies we acted as lead distributor to the whole movie market was essentially the same as in 2021, significantly better than pre-pandemic levels. Notably, during the last three consecutive Spring Festival seasons, from 2021 to 2023, the movies for which we acted as lead distributor successfully claimed the top two spots in the box office performance, including Full River Red (滿江紅) (ranking sixth in China's movie history), Too Cool To Kill (這個殺手不太冷靜), and Hi, Mom (你 好,李焕英) (ranking third in China's movie history). These successes fully reflect Maoyan's consistent abilities in content recognition for top-tier movies and the steady improvements in its promotion and distribution resources. In turn, these improved promotion and distribution capabilities further enhanced our abilities and strengths in identifying top-tier and high-quality movies and increased our coverage rate and revenue contribution for top-tier movies. In 2022, we participated in a number of movies that performed exceptionally well both at the box office and reputation. These included *Too Cool To Kill* (這個殺手不太冷靜), for which we acted as lead distributor and producer. This movie claimed second place under the comedy category with a total box office of RMB2.63 billion in 2022. In addition, Someday or One Day (想見你), G Storm (反貪風暴5:最終章), Warriors of Future (明日戰記) and Give Me Five (哥你好) achieved excellent box office performances, ranking either the first or the second domestic movies in their respective release seasons, and receiving a number of awards and nominations at the Golden Rooster Awards, Huading Awards, Hong Kong Film Awards, and Macau International Film Festival.

In 2023, we will continue to enhance our promotion and distribution, production and self-production competencies and further enrich our smart promotion and distribution service matrix. Besides increasing our involvement in first-tier movies, we will actively expand our reserve of high-quality content while deepening our sustainable growth in entertainment content services. For the six movies released during the 2023 Spring Festival season, we participated in four as a distributor/producer. Among these was *Full River Red* (滿江紅), for which we acted as lead distributor and producer, grossing RMB4.5 billion at the box office, becoming the Spring Festival season champion, and ranking sixth in China's movie history. Subsequently, we participated in a series of high-quality movies as a distributor and producer, including *The Best is Yet to Come* (不止不休), *Journey to the West* (宇宙探索編輯部), *The Procurator* (檢察風雲), and *Castle in the Sky* (天空之城), all of which have been scheduled for release at various time slots throughout 2023. In addition, we continue to maintain an abundant reserve of movie content. The movies, in which we participated as a distributor/producer, include *Never Say Never* (八角籠中), *Papa* (學爸), *Who's the Suspect* (拯救嫌疑人), *High Forces* (危機航線), and *The Goldfinger* (金手指), as well as the movies we self-produced, include *The Woman in the Storm* (我經過風暴), and *Game Start* (天才遊戲), all of which are making steady progress and will be released in due course.



# **Online Entertainment Ticketing Services**

In 2022, our online movie ticketing services business and market competitiveness remained stable and strong, maintaining our leading position in the industry. We continuously enhanced the service capabilities of our online ticketing platform by actively improving service efficiency to help the industry and our partners increase efficiency at lower costs. Our progressively deepening strategic cooperation with Tencent and Meituan has further solidified our user base. During the Reporting Period, a variety of marketing functions, such as family ticket packages and cinema combo deals, were newly launched to meet the different consumption demands of our users. We also helped achieve the integration of the interests of movie distributors, cinemas, partners, and platforms, further optimizing users' experience in ticket purchasing. Additionally, we proactively continued to address the needs of the whole industry and made valuable contributions. In 2022, we provided audiences with premier ticketing services as the official designated ticketing provider for the 12th Beijing International Film Festival (第十二屆北京國際電影節), the 4th Hainan Island International Film Festival (第四屆海南島國際電影節), and the 9th Silk Road International Film Festival (第九屆絲綢之路國際電影節).

In 2022, we continued to invest in and develop live entertainment services, including online ticketing services, and actively explored and developed investments in the production of and IP development for live entertainment events. During the Reporting Period, we also actively addressed the needs of the whole industry and constructively contributed to its recovery by providing complete sets of smart venue ticketing system solutions to nearly 200 emerging small and medium-sized venues across the country. At the same time, we continued to expand our production and distribution coverage for various emerging local entertainment consumer projects and extensively explored the category supply to improve service capabilities and quality in lower-tier cities. Our high-quality projects in production/self-production have made steady progress. Among these, *The Grand Expedition* (玩味探險家), an immersive fine food interactive drama, was originally shown in Shanghai and subsequently introduced to Shenzhen, and *The Grand Studio* (玩味製片廠), an immersive interactive drama, was put on in Shanghai. The immersive gaming drama *A Film Is Born* (揚名立萬) started performances in Shanghai and is in preparation for performance in other cities. Given the rapid recovery of the entertainment market in 2023, various kinds of live entertainment projects, including large-scale concerts and music festivals, have gradually returned. We will continue to provide professional services for various high-quality projects, such as ticketing agent services for the relevant stops of the Jay Chou Carnival World Tour in 2023 (周杰倫2023嘉年華世界巡迴演唱會).

With our professional ticketing system service capabilities and rich industry experience, we successfully established a partnership with the URBTIX (Hong Kong Urban Ticketing System), providing ticketing system and operational services for their live-entertainment business throughout Hong Kong. Since December 2022, our newly developed ticketing system with enlarged capacity has been officially launched, enabling effective handling of ticket purchase requests for numerous events and providing more convenient services and functions. Our system's service capabilities have been effectively proven by multiple performances from the outset of its launch, including Eason Chan FEAR AND DREAMS concert tour in Hong Kong (陳奕迅 FEAR AND DREAMS香港演唱會). In the future, we plan to provide further live entertainment ticketing and relevant services for the audience in Hong Kong and other regions, leveraging our deep understanding of the performing arts market and the professional service team we have built.



## **Advertising Services and Others**

In 2022, we consistently enriched our product promotion tools to assist movies in achieving unsurpassed promotional results, reflected in the significant increase in the commercial value of these products. To support the development of product promotion and distribution, we continued to enrich our promotion and distribution channels and resources and build our omnichannel media ecosystem, covering the entire range of users' online and offline activities. Our channel capabilities serve 60% of the movies released for the year. In terms of content marketing services, we expanded our business from movies to TV dramas and movie makers, establishing extensive and interactive cooperation with multiple platforms. The number of projects we served increased by over 50% compared to last year.

In 2022, we continued to improve our data capabilities and services. Leveraging our focus on data analysis as well as our considerable insights into the entertainment market, we committed ourselves to enhancing efficiency and transparency of the industry by addressing pain points while strengthening the service capabilities of the entire industry. During the Reporting Period, our Maoyan Pro (貓眼專業版) further enhanced data diversity and improved data service efficiency. For example, we added box office data from across major countries and regions worldwide, including the UK, France, Japan, and Germany, to the box office rankings. The "Real-time trending List" (實時熱搜) was launched to provide the required promotional data in seconds to industrial partners in a highly efficient manner. Our Maoyan Research Institute (貓眼研究院) produced and released various in-depth thematic research reports, including pandemic-related reports and movie schedule data insights. Moreover, our Maoyan Research Institute is working to provide an increasing number of third parties with early-stage IP studies, and other IP-related research including IP adaptation, development, and testing. Our data and industry integration analysis capabilities and monetization scenarios have been further enhanced, enabling the more efficient business operations of our industry partners.

# **OUTLOOK**

In line with the optimized and adjusted national pandemic control policies, the operating rate of cinemas nationwide has rapidly increased since December 2022, indicating a significant recovery in the entertainment industry. The total box office for the 2023 Spring Festival season amounted to RMB6.758 billion, making it the second highest-grossing Spring Festival season in China's movie history and breaking the record for the fastest Chinese annual box office to exceed RMB10 billion, surpassing this milestone by 6 p.m. on January 31, 2023. According to the relevant market data released on the official website of the Chinese Association of Performing Arts, the box office and audience numbers for commercial performances during the 2023 Spring Festival season both recovered to approximately 80% of those in 2019, reflecting the strong resilience and vitality of the entertainment market in China. According to the report to the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the direction has been set for the prosperous development of China's cultural and artistic industries, allowing for greater room for development and providing clearer objectives for the industry's practitioners. We are confident in the entertainment market's recovery and progress in 2023.



Looking to the future, we will adhere to the core strategy of "technology + pan-entertainment" by continuing to deepen our presence in the pan-entertainment industry while constantly improving our core competitiveness and profitability to contribute more value to the industry. In terms of entertainment content services, we will continue to iterate and enhance our core strengths and capabilities in movie promotion and distribution and strengthen our horizontal and vertical involvement in the promotion and distribution, production and self-production of top-tier movies. In the live entertainment, we will also ride this market's robust recovery trend to boost our business, including ticketing services for live entertainment as well as the production and distribution of projects. In the movie ticketing business, we will continue to steadily develop our movie ticketing services while continuing to increase efficiency at lower costs to improve our profitability. In addition, based on our combined advantages covering technology services and the entertainment industry, we will actively explore other innovative business areas and regions, including further expanding our business scope and exploring commercial cooperation scenarios in different countries and regions, building on the foundation of solid partnerships with live entertainment businesses in Hong Kong. Furthermore, we will strengthen our exploration of the post-movie box office market, including inter-adaptation of movies and live entertainment, IP merchandises development, etc.

Last but not least, we would like to embrace opportunities and challenges together with our industry peers and focus on creating high-quality literary and artistic products. We hereby express our sincere gratitude to all of our colleagues, shareholders, and industry partners for their trust and support. Let us forge ahead together and create greater value for the industry!

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

**ZHENG Zhihao** 

Hong Kong March 23, 2023



# **2022 REVIEW**

_	Year ended December 31,			
	2022		2021	
	RMB		RMB	
	million	%	million	%
Revenue	2,319.5	100.0	3,323.4	100.0
Cost of revenue	(1,299.5)	(56.0)	(1,481.2)	(44.6)
Gross profit	1,020.0	44.0	1,842.2	55.4
Selling and marketing expenses	(480.1)	(20.7)	(672.5)	(20.2)
General and administrative expenses	(300.0)	(12.9)	(360.2)	(10.8)
Net impairment losses on financial assets	(83.3)	(3.6)	(194.0)	(5.9)
Net impairment losses on non-financial assets	(33.7)	(1.5)	(113.5)	(3.4)
Other income	38.6	1.7	23.3	0.7
Other gains, net	0.6	0.0	13.0	0.4
Operating profit	162.1	7.0	538.3	16.2
Finance income	39.2	1.7	28.2	0.8
Finance costs	(17.1)	(0.7)	(31.3)	(0.9)
Finance income/(costs), net	22.1	1.0	(3.1)	(0.1)
Share of losses of investments accounted for				
using the equity method	(2.9)	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.0)
Profit before income tax	181.3	7.8	534.8	16.1
Income tax expenses	(76.5)	(3.3)	(166.3)	(5.0)
mounte tax expenses	(10.0)	(0.0)	(100.0)	(3.0)
Profit for the year	104.8	4.5	368.5	11.1
Non-IFRS Measures:				
EBITDA	211 2	10.4	709.3	01.0
	311.3	13.4 13.8	709.3 742.7	21.3 22.3
Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted net profit (Note)	320.1			
Adjusted net profit (*****)	232.7	10.0	540.0	16.2

*Note:* We defined adjusted net profit as net profit for the year adjusted by adding back share-based compensation and amortization of intangible assets resulting from business combinations.



### Revenue

Our revenue decreased by 30.2% to RMB2,319.5 million in 2022 from RMB3,323.4 million in 2021. The decrease was primarily a result of the serious impact on the offline entertainment industry as a result of the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic in various regions nationwide in 2022. The operating activities and the performance of each business segment of the Group were therefore adversely affected. The following table sets forth our revenues by service for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Year ended December 31,			
	2022		2021	
	RMB		RMB	
	million	%	million	%
Revenue				
Entertainment content services (Note)	1,113.5	48.0	1,356.5	40.8
Online entertainment ticketing services	1,067.7	46.0	1,713.7	51.6
Advertising services and others	138.3	6.0	253.2	7.6
Total	2,319.5	100.0	3,323.4	100.0

*Note:* This amount included fair value gain on the Group's investment in movie and TV series amounting to RMB31.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 and fair value loss on the Group's investment in movie and TV series amounting to RMB87.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **Entertainment Content Services**

Revenue from our entertainment content services decreased by 17.9% to RMB1,113.5 million in 2022 from RMB1,356.5 million in 2021. Such decrease was mainly because some projects that we involved in production or distribution have been re-scheduled or delayed in release due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Online Entertainment Ticketing Services

Revenue from our online entertainment ticketing business decreased by 37.7% to RMB1,067.7 million in 2022 from RMB1,713.7 million in 2021. According to the data released by the China Film Administration (國家電影局), the total annual box office of the film market in the PRC in 2022 was RMB30.067 billion, representing a decrease of 36.38% from RMB47.258 billion in 2021.

# Advertising Services and Others

Revenue from our advertising services and others decreased by 45.4% to RMB138.3 million in 2022 from RMB253.2 million in 2021, which was mainly due to the impact of the pandemic causing the decrease in advertising income.



### **Cost of Revenue**

Our cost of revenue decreased by 12.3% to RMB1,299.5 million in 2022 from RMB1,481.2 million in 2021. The decrease in our cost of revenue was mainly due to a decrease in the cost of ticketing system (which was in line with the proportion decrease in the revenue of our online movie ticketing service), and that the content production cost and content distribution and promotion cost were basically unchanged.

The following table sets forth our cost of revenue by amount, as a percentage of total cost of revenue and as a percentage of total revenues for the years indicated:

	Year ended December 31,					
		2022			2021	
	RMB	% of	% of	RMB	% of	% of
	million	cost	revenue	million	cost	revenue
Content production cost	337.7	26.0	14.6	258.7	17.5	7.8
Content distribution and						
promotion cost	329.5	25.4	14.2	386.6	26.1	11.6
Ticketing system cost	258.2	19.9	11.1	418.8	28.3	12.6
Internet infrastructure cost	170.6	13.1	7.4	183.0	12.4	5.5
Amortization of intangible assets	118.9	9.1	5.1	137.8	9.3	4.1
Depreciation of property,						
plant and equipment	9.5	0.7	0.4	11.5	0.8	0.3
Other expenses	75.1	5.8	3.2	84.8	5.6	2.7
Total	1,299.5	100.0	56.0	1,481.2	100.0	44.6

# **Gross Profit and Gross Margin**

Our gross profit decreased by 44.6%, to RMB1,020.0 million in 2022 from RMB1,842.2 million in 2021, and our gross margin was 55.4% and 44.0% in 2021 and 2022, respectively. The changes in our gross profit and gross margin were mainly due to the adjustment of business line structure with an increased proportion of low gross margin businesses, and on the other hand, the substantial decrease in our revenue as affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, while the cost in our cost of revenue did not decrease at the same proportion accordingly.



## **Selling and Marketing Expenses**

Our selling and marketing expenses decreased by 28.6% to RMB480.1 million in 2022 from RMB672.5 million in 2021, primarily due to the decrease in daily operation marketing expenses as affected by pandemic.

## **General and Administrative Expenses**

Our general and administrative expenses decreased by 16.7% to RMB300.0 million in 2022 from RMB360.2 million in 2021, primarily due to decrease in staff costs.

# **Net Impairment Loss of Financial and Non-Financial Assets**

Net impairment loss of financial and non-financial assets decreased by 62.0% from RMB307.5 million in 2021 to RMB117.0 million in 2022, due to the impacts of complicated pandemic conditions on the entertainment industry in 2022, including but not limited to the suspension of theatres, adjustments to film release schedules, and the postponement or cancellation of performances.

For accounts receivable, an impairment loss of RMB53.8 million was recognised for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB0.3 million compared to RMB54.1 million as at December 31, 2021. For other receivables, an impairment loss of RMB29.5 million was recognised for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB110.4 million compared to RMB139.9 million as at December 31, 2021. Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the macro economy, the entertainment industry in the PRC and related companies, the Group adjusted its expected loss rate as at December 31, 2022, with the total expected loss rate for the accounts receivable increasing from 17.9% in 2021 to 36.6% in 2022. After the reassessment of individual other receivables categorised as credit-impaired (i.e. "stage 3", which means being past due for more than 90 days) under the expected credit loss model in other receivables, the overall expected credit loss rate for other receivables categorised as "stage 3" has been adjusted from 99.6% as at December 31, 2021 to 100.0% as at December 31, 2022.

For prepayments, an impairment loss of RMB33.7 million was recognised for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB79.8 million compared to RMB113.5 million as at December 31, 2021, mainly attributable for the impairment of prepayments for movies and TV series investment and production. These prepayments are non-financial assets that should be tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. As a result of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic on the macroeconomy and entertainment industry, these movies and TV series were subject to unfavourable circumstances including but not limited to major actors of certain projects being replaced, the risk of being unable to be released in the foreseeable future, and the deterioration of financial and operational position of the business partners whom the Group worked with on certain of these projects. Based on these circumstances, the Group further assessed the probability of non-performance (i.e. the movies or TV series not able to be exhibited) and made impairment provision of RMB33.7 million based on the expected recoverable amount estimated by the directors.



### Other Income and Other Gains, Net

We had other income and net other gains of RMB39.2 million and RMB36.3 million in 2022 and 2021, mainly for government subsidies and tax credit of input tax additional deduction.

# **Operating Profit**

As a result of the foregoing, our operating profit was RMB162.1 million in 2022, compared to an operating profit of RMB538.3 million in 2021.

# Finance Income/(Costs), Net

Our net finance income/(costs) had been turned from finance costs of RMB3.1 million in 2021 to finance income of RMB22.1 million in 2022, primarily due to the improvement of fund management efficiency, which in turn resulted in an increase in finance income and a decrease in finance costs.

# **Income Tax Expenses**

We had income tax expenses of RMB76.5 million in 2022, compared to the income tax expenses of RMB166.3 million in 2021. This was primarily due to the decrease in our overall profit.

#### **Profit for the Year**

As a result of the foregoing, our profit for the year was RMB104.8 million in 2022, compared to profit for the year of RMB368.5 million in 2021.

#### **Non-IFRS Financial Measure**

To supplement our consolidated financial statements which are presented in accordance with IFRS, we also use EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net profit as additional financial measures, which are not required by, or presented in accordance with IFRS. We believe that these non-IFRS measures, which have excluded certain effects of one-off or non cash projects and M&A transactions for the previous years, facilitate comparisons of operating performance from period to period and company to company by eliminating potential impacts of items that our management does not consider to be indicative of our operating performance. We believe that these measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our consolidated results of operations in the same manner as they help our management. However, our presentation of the EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net profit may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. The use of these non-IFRS measures has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider them in isolation from, or as substitute for analysis of, our results of operations or financial condition as reported under IFRS.



# Adjusted Net Profit, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

The following tables reconcile our adjusted net profit and EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA for the years presented to the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB	RMB
	million	million
Reconciliation of net profit to adjusted net profit		
Net profit for the year	104.8	368.5
Add:		
Share-based compensation	8.8	33.4
Amortization of intangible assets resulting from business combinations	119.1	138.1
Adjusted net profit (Note)	232.7	540.0

Note: We defined adjusted net profit as net profit for the year adjusted by adding back share-based compensation (share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees and expenses from other share-based payment transactions) and amortization of intangible assets resulting from business combinations.



	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB	RMB
	million	million
Reconciliation of operating profit to EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA		
Operating profit for the year	162.1	538.3
Add:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	14.2	17.0
Amortization of intangible assets	121.6	140.3
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	13.4	13.7
EBITDA (Note)	311.3	709.3
Add:		
Share-based compensation	8.8	33.4
-		
Adjusted EBITDA (Note)	320.1	742.7

# OTHER FINANCIAL DATA AND INFORMATION

# **Capital Structure**

The Company continued to maintain a healthy and sound financial position. Our total assets decreased from RMB11,028.3 million as of December 31, 2021 to RMB10,258.0 million as of December 31, 2022, whilst our total liabilities decreased from RMB3,040.7 million as of December 31, 2021 to RMB2,084.2 million as of December 31, 2022. Our liabilities-to-assets ratio decreased from 27.6% in 2021 to 20.3% in 2022.

As of December 31, 2022, we pledged bank deposits of RMB106.7 million as securities for bank borrowings.

*Note:* We defined EBITDA as operating profit for the year adjusted for depreciation and amortization expenses. We add back share-based compensation (share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees and expenses from other share-based payment transactions) to EBITDA to derive adjusted EBITDA.



# Liquidity, Financial Resources, and Gearing

We have historically funded our cash requirements principally from cash generated from operations, and to a lesser extent, equity and debt financing. We adopt prudent treasury policies in cash and financial management. To achieve better risk control and minimise cost of funds, our treasury activities are centralised. Cash is generally placed in short-term deposits mostly denominated in Renminbi or US dollars. Our liquidity and financing requirements are reviewed regularly. We will consider new financing while maintaining an appropriate level of gearing in anticipation of new investments or maturity of bank loans.

As of December 31, 2022, we had cash and cash equivalents and other forms of bank deposits of RMB2,401.4 million, which were predominantly denominated in RMB and US dollars. Going forward, we believe that our liquidity requirements will be satisfied by using a combination of cash generated from operating activities, and other funds raised from the capital markets from time to time.

As of December 31, 2022, our total borrowings were approximately RMB335.0 million, which were all bank borrowings denominated in RMB. The following table sets forth further details of our banking borrowings as of December 31, 2022:

	RMB million	Interest rate
Secured	190.0	1.25%-1.70%
Guaranteed	80.0	3.70%-3.85%
Unsecured	65.0	2.30%
Total	335.0	N/A

As of December 31, 2022, we had unutilized banking facilities of RMB615.0 million.

As of December 31, 2022, we did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

We monitor capital on basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings, net of cash and cash equivalent, restricted bank deposits and term deposit with original maturity over three months. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group has a net cash position.



## **Capital Expenditure**

Our capital expenditures primarily included purchase of equipment and intangible assets. Our capital expenditures decreased by 37.2% to RMB12.3 million in 2022 from RMB19.6 million in 2021. We plan to fund our planned capital expenditures using cash generated from operations.

# **Material Acquisitions and Future Plans for Major Investments**

As of December 31, 2022, the Group did not have any plans for major investments and capital assets. During the year ended December 31, 2022, we did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

#### **Major Investments Held**

On March 12, 2019, we entered into a subscription agreement and a strategic cooperation agreement with Huanxi Media Group Limited. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, we have conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and Huanxi Media Group Limited has conditionally agreed to allot and issue to us, 236,600,000 shares at a total consideration of HK\$390,555,620. Under such agreements, we planned to establish strategic cooperation with Huanxi Media Group Limited in entertainment content services. On March 19, 2019, the subscription was completed and the consideration was duly paid. For further details, please see our announcement dated March 13, 2019 and our Annual Report for 2018 and 2019. As at December 31, 2022, we held 5.7% equity interest of Huanxi Media Group Limited.

#### Foreign Exchange Risk Management

Our businesses are principally conducted in RMB, which is exposed to foreign currency risk with respect to transactions denominated in currencies other than RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. We manage foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of our foreign exchange exposures and try to minimize these exposures through natural hedges, wherever possible, and may enter into forward foreign exchange contracts, when necessary. We did not enter into any forward contract or other financial instruments to hedge our exposure to foreign currency risk in 2022.



# **Employees and Remuneration Policy**

As of December 31, 2022, we had 724 full-time employees, all of whom were based in mainland China and Hong Kong, primarily at our headquarters in Beijing, with the remainder in Shanghai and various other cities in China.

Committed to establishing a competitive, fair remuneration and benefits system, we continually refine our remuneration and incentive policies through market research and comparison with our competitors, in order to ensure that our employees receive competitive remuneration packages. We also purchase commercial health and accidental insurance for our employees, and provide regular and specialized trainings tailored to the needs of our employees in different departments as well, so that our employees may stay up to date with the latest industrial developments and technological advancements. In order to incentivize our Directors, senior management and other employees for their contribution to our Group and to attract and retain suitable personnel, we have granted and planned to continue to grant share-based incentive awards to our employees in the future to incentivize their contributions to our growth and development.

As required under the PRC regulations, we participate in housing fund and various employee social security plans that are organized by applicable local municipal and provincial governments, including housing, pension, medical, maternity, work-related injury and unemployment benefit plans, under which the Group and the employees based in Mainland China are required to make monthly contributions to these plans at specified percentages of the salaries of the employees. There was no forfeited contribution utilized to offset employers' contributions for the year ended December 31, 2022, and there was no forfeited contribution available to reduce the contribution. The Group also provides a mandatory provident fund scheme for employees employed under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.



#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao (鄭志昊), aged 53, is an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company and has held directorships and senior management positions at various subsidiaries within the Group, including as a director and the general manager of Tianjin Maoyan Weying since April 2016, and as an executive director, the legal representative as well as the manager of Maoyan Technology from February 2018 to July 2021.

Mr. Zheng has extensive experience in the Internet and media industries. From April 2001 to February 2005, Mr. Zheng served as a senior consultant in Microsoft Corporation, a company listed on the NASDAQ (Stock Code: MSFT). From February 2005 to September 2006, Mr. Zheng successively served as the senior program manager and the group manager in Microsoft (China) Co., Ltd. Shanghai Branch (微軟(中國)有限公司上海分公司). Mr. Zheng then served as a department general manager and the vice president of Tencent Technology (Shenzhen) Company Limited (騰訊科技(深圳)有限公司) from September 2006 to April 2015. Mr. Zheng also served as the president and the chief product officer at Dianping Holdings Ltd. between March 2014 and November 2015, responsible for its overall operations and the management of various products, including the development of the movie department and the management of the entertainment business such as the movie ticketing services business, and as the president of the platform business group of Meituan between November 2015 and April 2016, mainly in charge of the management of various products, including the movie ticketing services, product operations and technologies.

Mr. Zheng received a bachelor's degree in applied chemistry from Shandong University (山東大學) in Shandong, the PRC in July 1992 and a master's degree in science from University of Kentucky in Kentucky, the United States, in December 1996.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Wang Changtian (王長田), aged 58, is a non-executive Director and the Chairman of the Company and the chairman of Tianjin Maoyan Weying since July 2016. Mr. Wang also holds directorships and senior management positions in companies across various industries. In the media industry, Mr. Wang has served as the chairman and general manager of Enlight Media since April 2000, and held directorships at its various subsidiaries, including Beijing Enlight Pictures Co., Ltd. (北京光線影業有限公司) ("Enlight Pictures") and Horgos Colorful (Enlight) Pictures Co., Ltd. (霍爾果斯彩條屋影業有限公司) ("Colorful Pictures") since October 2004 and July 2015, respectively; and in the finance sector, Mr. Wang has served as a director of China Renaissance Securities (China) Co., Ltd. (華興證券有限公司) and Beijing Zhongguancun Bank Co., Ltd. (北京中關村銀行股份有限公司) since August 2016 and June 2017, respectively.

Mr. Wang received a bachelor's degree in journalism from Fudan University (復旦大學) in Shanghai, the PRC in July 1988.



Ms. Li Xiaoping (李曉萍), aged 48, is a non-executive Director of the Company and a director of Tianjin Maoyan Weying since September 2017. Ms. Li also holds directorships and senior management positions at various companies in the media industry where she has served as a deputy general manager of Enlight Media since October 1999 and as its director since July 2009, as the president of Enlight Pictures since March 2011, and also as a director of various other subsidiaries of Enlight Media including Beijing Chuanmei Zhiguang Advertising Co., Ltd. (北京傳媒之光廣告有限公司) and Beijing Enlight Yishi Internet Technology Co., Ltd. (北京光線易視網絡科技有限公司).

**Ms. Wang Jian (** 至**学**), aged 51, is a non-executive Director of the Company and holds directorships and senior management positions at various companies within the Group, including as a director of Tianjin Maoyan Weying since July 2016, as an executive director and the manager of Maoyan Pictures since August 2016, and as an executive director, the general manager as well as the legal representative of Beijing Maoyan since August 2016. Currently, Ms. Wang also holds directorships and senior management positions at various subsidiaries of Enlight Media, including as a director and the general manager of Shannan Enlight Pictures Co., Ltd. (山南光線影業有限公司) since August 2017. Ms. Wang has also served as a director at Enlight Holdings since January 2009.

Previously, Ms. Wang served as the chief financial officer of Enlight Media from June 2000 to September 2011 and from August 2012 to August 2018. She also served as a board secretary of Enlight Media from July 2009 to February 2016.

**Mr. Sun Zhonghuai** (孫忠懷), aged 49, has been appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on November 16, 2022. Mr. Sun has approximately 20 years of experience in media industry and management. He joined Tencent in July 2003 and currently serves as Vice President of Tencent and CEO of Tencent Video. Mr. Sun was appointed as a director of Linmon Media Limited (檸萌影視傳媒有限公司, a company listed on the Stock Exchange under the stock code of 9857) on August 31, 2021, and re-designated as its non-executive director on September 24, 2021.

Mr. Sun obtained an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in June 2009.



**Mr. Chen Shaohui (**陳少暉**)**, aged 42, is a non-executive Director of the Company and a director of Tianjin Maoyan Weying since March 2017.

Mr. Chen has extensive experience in investment and strategic management. Between June 2004 and October 2005, he worked as an analyst at A.T. Kearney. From October 2005 to August 2008, he was employed as an investment manager at WI Harper Group (中經合集團). Between January 2011 and October 2014, he served as an investment director at Tencent. In November 2014, he joined Meituan and currently serves as its chief financial officer and senior vice president. Between July 2018 and March 2023, he served as a director at Enlight Media.

Mr. Chen received a bachelor's degree in economics from Peking University (北京大學) in Beijing, the PRC in June 2004 and a master's degree in business administration from Harvard Business School in Massachusetts, the United States, in May 2010.

**Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy** (唐立淳), aged 37, is a non-executive Director of the Company since January 15, 2020. Mr. Tang has over ten years of experience in media technology and investment. Mr. Tang has served as a director of FountainVest Partners Asia Limited since May 2012. Mr. Tang worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers from October 2007 to April 2012 and served as a manager.

Mr. Tang graduated from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in August 2007 with a bachelor degree in business administration.



# INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. Wang Hua** (汪華), aged 45, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on August 22, 2018, effective in January 2019.

Mr. Wang is the founder of and currently serves as a managing partner in the investment department of Sinovation Ventures (創新工場), an established Chinese technology-savvy investment firm. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in capital investment and information technology industry. He founded Shanghai Yinda Technology Co., Ltd. (上海音達科技集團有限公司), a company providing technical solutions to telecommunication carriers and equipment providers. Between September 2006 and October 2009, Mr. Wang served as the strategic partner manager in Google China.

Mr. Wang received a bachelor's degree in automation from Shanghai University of Electric Power (上海電力大學) in Shanghai, the PRC in July 1999 and a master's degree of business administration from Stanford University in California, the United States in June 2006.

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai (陳尚偉), aged 69, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on August 22, 2018, effective in January 2019.

Mr. Chan holds directorships in various companies. Since December 20, 2022, Mr. Chan has served as an independent non-executive director of S.F. Holding Co., Ltd. (順豐控股股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 002352). Since January 31, 2021, Mr. Chan has served as an independent non-executive director of Sun Art Retail Group Limited (高鑫零售有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 6808). Since November 24, 2020, Mr. Chan has served as an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Bio-heart Biological Technology Co., Ltd., (上海百心安生物技術股份有限公司) a company listed on the Stock Exchange on December 23, 2021 (Stock Code: 2185). Since June 2019, Mr. Chan has served as an independent non-executive director of Hansoh Pharmaceutical Group Company Limited (翰森製藥集團有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 3692). Between July 2012 and October 31, 2022, Mr. Chan served as an independent non-executive director of SRE Group Ltd. (上置集團有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1207).

Between 1977 and 1994, Mr. Chan worked in Arthur Andersen Canada. Between 1994 and 2002, Mr. Chan served as a partner and head of audit and business advisory division in Arthur Andersen China/Hong Kong, during which he had been a global partner since 1998. Between July 2002 and June 2012, he held various management positions at PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian CPAs Limited, including a partner in assurance department.

Mr. Chan received a bachelor's degree in commerce from University of Manitoba in Manitoba, Canada in May 1977. Mr. Chan has been a Chartered Accountant in Canada and a Certified Public Accountant in Hong Kong since 1980 and 1995, respectively. Mr. Chan was a member of Council, Hong Kong Society of Accountants (now named Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants). Between 1998 and 2001, he was a member of Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan was a member of the First Election Committee for the Hong Kong Legislature in April 1998.



Mr. Yin Hong (尹紅, alias: Yin Hong (尹鴻)), aged 61, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on October 28, 2020. Mr. Yin has been serving as a professor of Tsinghua University (清華大學) since 1999. Between December 1984 and August 1986, Mr. Yin served as a teaching assistant of Sichuan University (四川大學). Between September 1989 and August 1999, Mr. Yin served in Beijing Normal University (北京師範大學) with his last position as a professor. Mr. Yin is a well-known film theorist, critic, and planner in China. He has served as a consultant, producer, and art director for a number of film and television works, and concurrently assumes many important positions within several national associations and societies including the vice chairman of the China Literature and Art Critics Association (中國文藝評論家協會) and the vice chairman of the China Film Association (中國電影家協會).

Mr. Yin obtained the bachelor degree in Chinese language and the master degree in modern Chinese literature from Sichuan University (四川大學) in 1982 and 1984, respectively, and the doctoral degree in modern Chinese literature from Beijing Normal University (北京師範大學) in 1989. Mr. Yin received the Special Government Allowances of the State Council (國務院政府特殊津貼) from the State Council of the PRC in 2010 and was awarded the Top Ten Film Workers of Beijing (北京十佳電影工作者) by departments including Beijing Municipal Human Resources and Social Security Bureau (北京市人力資源和社會保障局), Beijing Federation of Literary and Art Circles (北京市文學藝術界聯合會) and Beijing Television Artists Association (北京電視藝術家協會) in 2013.

Ms. Liu Lin (劉琳), aged 47, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on June 9, 2020. Between March 2016 and May 2020, Ms. Liu served as a senior vice president of Meituan. Between April 2003 and March 2016, Ms. Liu served as the general manager of the human resources department of Tencent and the general manager of Tencent Consulting successively.

Ms. Liu obtained a master degree in economics from Nankai University (南開大學) in December 2006.



# CHANGE OF INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, for the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company does not have any information required for disclosure in accordance with Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

# **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao (鄭志昊) is the executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company. See "Executive Director" above for his biographical details.

# JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Zheng Xia (鄭霞) was appointed as a Joint Company Secretary of the Company in August 2018. Ms. Zheng joined the Company in May 2018 and currently serves as Vice President and other positions. Ms. Zheng has more than ten years of experience as a lawyer.

Ms. Zheng received a bachelor's degree in law and a master's degree in law from China University of Political Science and Law (中國政法大學) in Beijing, the PRC, in June 2004 and January 2011, respectively. Ms. Zheng also obtained a LL.M degree from the University of Southern California in May 2012. Ms. Zheng is qualified as a lawyer in New York, and has obtained the PRC legal professional qualification.

**Mr. Cheng Ching Kit (鄭程傑)** was appointed as a Joint Company Secretary of the Company in August 2018. Mr. Cheng is an assistant vice president of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, a professional services provider specialising in corporate services, and has over ten years of experience in corporate secretarial field. He is an associate member of both The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute and The Chartered Governance Institute in the United Kingdom.

In addition, he holds a bachelor of commerce degree in finance from the University of Queensland, Australia and a master of laws degree in Chinese law from the University of Hong Kong.

# Directors' Report

The Board presents the directors' report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of our Group for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

We are a leading provider of "Technology+Pan-Entertainment" service in China, offering online entertainment ticketing services, entertainment content services and advertising services and others.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The results of our Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 99 to 100 of this Annual Report.

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

The financial summary of our Group between 2018 and 2022 is set out in the section headed "Financial Summary" on page 222 in this Annual Report.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During 2022, the entertainment industry continued to face complex situation and the various related risks and challenges caused by the pandemic. According to statistics from the China Film Administration, the total box office (including service fees) of Mainland China in 2022 was RMB30.067 billion, representing a year-over-year decrease of 36.38% from RMB47.258 billion in 2021. Furthermore, the live entertainment market was also significantly affected. Outperforming the market in the severely challenging environment of 2022, the Group continued to maintain its overall profitability with its revenue structure further optimized, ability to resist risks improved, and business driving force enhanced. As China's leading service provider in "Technology+Pan-Entertainment", we will continue to grow firmly, aiming to provide higher-quality services to the industry and facilitate increased production of premium content.

For more details of the business development and performance of our Group for the Year, please refer to the sections headed "CEO Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Annual Report.

# Principal risks and uncertainties

Please refer to the section headed "Risk Management and Internal Control" in the corporate governance report in this Annual Report for the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group.

# Important events occurred since the end of the financial year

There have been no other significant events affecting the Company from December 31, 2022 up to the date of this Annual Report.

# **Directors' Report**



### **Future development**

Looking to the future, we will adhere to the core strategy of "Technology + Pan-Entertainment" by continuing to deepen our presence in the pan-entertainment industry while constantly improving our core competitiveness and profitability to contribute more value to the industry. In terms of entertainment content services, we will continue to iterate and enhance our core strengths and capabilities in movie promotion and distribution and strengthen our horizontal and vertical involvement in the promotion and distribution, production and self-production of top-tier movies. In the live entertainment, we will also ride this market's robust recovery trend to boost our business, including ticketing services for live entertainment as well as the production and distribution of projects. In the movie ticketing business, we will continue to steadily develop our movie ticketing services while continuing to increase efficiency at lower costs to improve our profitability. In addition, based on our combined advantages covering technology services and the entertainment industry, we will actively explore other innovative business areas and regions. Furthermore, we will strengthen our exploration of the post-movie box office market.

For more details of the future development of the Group, please refer to "CEO's Statement" of this Annual Report.

# **Environmental policies and performance**

We are not subject to significant environmental risks. During the year ended December 31, 2022 and up to the date of this Annual Report, we were not been subject to any fines or other penalties due to non-compliance with environmental regulations.

For more details of the environment policies and performance of the Company, please refer to the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

#### Compliance with the relevant laws and regulations

Our Group is subject to applicable laws and regulations in the PRC in respect of its business operations, including but not limited to those relating to value-added telecommunications services, information security and privacy protection, film distribution, radio and television programs, and Internet advertisement. During the year ended December 31, 2022 and up to the date of this Annual Report, we had not been and were not involved in any non-compliance incidents that led to fines, enforcement action or other penalties that could, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition or results of operations, and had complied with all relevant PRC laws and regulations that are applicable to us in all material respects.



## Relationships with stakeholders

The Group's success depends on the support from key stakeholders which comprise our Directors and senior management members, employees, customers and suppliers.

## **Employees**

As of December 31, 2022, we had 724 full-time employees, all of whom were based in mainland China and Hong Kong, primarily at our headquarters in Beijing, with the remainder in Shanghai and various other cities in China.

Committed to establishing a competitive, fair remuneration and benefits system, we continually refine our remuneration and incentive policies through market research and comparison with our competitors, in order to ensure that our employees receive competitive remuneration packages. As required under the PRC regulations, we participate in housing fund and various employee social security plan that are organized by applicable local municipal and provincial governments. We also purchase commercial health and accidental insurance for our employees, and provide regular and specialized trainings tailored to the needs of our employees in different departments as well, so that our employees may stay up to date with the latest industrial developments and technological advancements. In order to incentivize our Directors, senior management and other employees for their contribution to our Group and to attract and retain suitable personnel, we have granted and planned to continue to grant share-based incentive awards to our employees in the future to incentivize their contributions to our growth and development.

#### Customers

Our customers primarily include cinemas, entertainment content producers and distributors, and advertisers. Pursuant to the ticket sales agreements with cinemas, we typically act as a non-exclusive online ticketing service provider for tickets sold outside of cinemas.

#### Suppliers

Our suppliers primarily include ticketing system companies who help establish and maintain our connection with cinemas' ticketing systems. We generally enter into separate agreements with these ticketing system companies supplementary to our agreements with cinemas, to establish a connection between our platform and the ticketing system of each cinema and to ensure the smooth integration of its ticketing system into our network. The settlement period with ticketing system companies is typically one month.

# **Directors' Report**



#### **MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS**

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the percentage of the total revenue attributable to the five largest customers was approximately 27% of the total revenue of the Group. In addition, for the year ended December 31, 2022, the percentage of the total cost attributable to the five largest suppliers was approximately 30% of the total cost of the Group, whereas the percentage of the total cost attributable to the largest supplier was approximately 11% of the total cost of the Group. To the knowledge of the directors, during the Reporting Period, save for Meituan, a shareholder of the Company holding 7.23% of the shares of the Company as of December 31, 2022, being one of the five largest suppliers, none of the other directors (including those who resigned during the Reporting Period) and their associates or any shareholders holding more than 5% of the issued shares of the Company have any rights or interests in our five largest suppliers.

# PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property and equipment of the Group during the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in Note 14 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil).

# **CLOSURES OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Company will hold the AGM on Wednesday, June 28, 2023. The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, June 23, 2023 to Wednesday, June 28, 2023, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, during which period no share transfers will be registered. To be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, June 21, 2023.

# **SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 35 to the audited consolidated financial statements.



# SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in Note 27 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in Notes 28 and 34 respectively to the audited consolidated financial statements.

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Details of the Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, as at December 31, 2022, are set out in Note 34 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### **BORROWINGS**

Details of the borrowings of the Group are set out in the paragraph headed "Liquidity, Financial Resources and Gearing" in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Annual Report and Note 24 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

## **ISSUE OF DEBENTURE**

The Group has not publicly issued any debentures during the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the Shareholders by reasons of their holding of the Company's securities.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended December 31, 2022.

# **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the law of Cayman Islands being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, under which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

# **Directors' Report**



# **CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group did not make any charitable and other donations.

#### **USE OF PROCEEDS**

The Shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date with net proceeds received by the Company from the global offering in the amount of approximately HK\$1,839.3 million after deducting underwriting commissions and all related expenses. The following table sets forth the Company's use of the proceeds from its listing up to December 31, 2022. All proceeds from the global offering have been fully utilized as of December 31, 2022.

Intended use of net proceeds	Allocation of net proceeds	Amount of net proceeds utilized as of December 31, 2022 HK\$ in millions	Balance of net proceeds as of December 31, 2022
Funding for improving integrated platform capabilities	551.8	551.8	_
Research and development and technical infrastructure	551.8	551.8	_
Funding potential investments and acquisitions	551.8	551.8	_
Working capital and general corporate purposes	183.9	183.9	_

# **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Reporting Period and as of the date of this Annual Report are:

#### **Executive Director**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao (Chief Executive Officer)

# **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Changtian (Chairman)

Ms. Li Xiaoping

Ms. Wang Jian

Mr. Cheng Wu<sup>1</sup> (resigned on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Sun Zhonghuai<sup>2</sup> (appointed on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Chen Shaohui

Mr. Lin Ning³ (resigned on March 23, 2023)

Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy



## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Hua

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai

Mr. Yin Hong Ms. Liu Lin

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Cheng Wu resigned as non-executive Director with effect from November 16, 2022 due to his personal work arrangement.
- Mr. Sun Zhonghuai was appointed as non-executive Director with effect from November 16, 2022.
- 3. Mr. Lin Ning resigned as non-executive Director with effect from March 23, 2023 due to his personal work arrangement.

The biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" in this Annual Report.

In accordance with Article 109(a) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Zheng Zhihao, Ms. Li Xiaoping, Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy and Ms. Liu Lin shall retire by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Article 113 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Sun Zhonghuai will retire by rotation at the AGM, and, being eligible, have offered himself for re-election.

## **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Our executive Director has entered into a service contract with the Company for term of three years from June 29, 2021. Either party has the right to give not less than three months' prior written notice to terminate the agreement.

Each of the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors (excluding Ms. Liu Lin, Mr. Yin Hong, Mr. Sun Zhonghuai and Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy) has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. The term for their appointment shall be three years from June 29, 2021 or until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

Ms. Liu Lin has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on June 9, 2020; Mr. Yin Hong has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on October 28, 2020; Mr. Sun Zhonghuai has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on November 16, 2022; and Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on January 15, 2023. The term for their appointment shall be three years from the date of their appointment or until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

There was no service contract entered into/appointment letter signed by the Company and any Directors to be re-elected at the forthcoming AGM which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# **Directors' Report**



# CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Our Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in Note 36 to the Consolidated Financial Statements and in the section headed "Connected Transactions" of a Directors' Report in this Annual Report, no Director nor an entity connected with a Director has or had material beneficial interest, directly or indirectly in any transaction and arrangement or contract of significance subsisting as at December 31, 2022, or at any time during the year ended December 31, 2022.

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

As of December 31, 2022, Mr. Wang Changtian, our Chairman and non-executive Director, (i) indirectly held approximately 24.30% and 16.91% interests in our Company's issued share capital through Vibrant Wide Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Mr. Wang) and Hong Kong Pictures International Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Enlight Media), respectively; and (ii) directly held 95% interests in Enlight Holdings (in which the remaining 5% is held by Ms. Wang Jian, being Mr. Wang's sister), which owned approximately 42.65% interests in Enlight Media.

As disclosed in the Prospectus, Enlight Media is primarily engaged in investment and production of entertainment content, including movies, TV series, comics and animation, video, music and literature, as well as movie and TV series promotion and distribution. For details of the delineation of the businesses of our Group and of Enlight Media, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with Enlight and Tencent" in the Prospectus.

Saved as disclosed above, as of December 31, 2022, none of the Directors nor their respective close associates had interests in businesses, which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

## **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended December 31, 2022.



#### REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

In compliance with the CG Code, the Company has established the Remuneration Committee to formulate remuneration policies. Directors' remuneration is subject to Shareholders' approval at general meetings or shall be fixed by the Board with the authorization. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties and responsibilities, the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee and the performance and results of the Group. No Director, or any of their respective associates, was involved in deciding his/her own remuneration.

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals during the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in Notes 9 and 36 to the audited consolidated financial statements respectively.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, none of the Directors had waived or agreed to waive any remuneration and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any of the Directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

A permitted indemnity provision for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force. The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

Except for the employee incentive schemes as set out in this Annual Report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended December 31, 2022.

## **EMPLOYEE INCENTIVE SCHEMES**

In order to provide incentives and rewards to directors, senior management and employees of the Group and other eligible individuals and entities, the Company adopted a series of employee incentive scheme, including Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, RSU Scheme and Restricted Share Agreement (collectively, the "ESOP Plan") on July 23, 2018 (the "Adoption Date").

The total number of Shares issued or issuable pursuant to the ESOP Plan shall not be more than 117,033,705 Shares, representing approximately 10.2% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this Annual Report.

# **Directors' Report**



# PRE-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme was adopted by the Company as a continuation and restructuring of the employee share incentive scheme originally adopted by Tianjin Maoyan Weying on November 8, 2016 (the "2016 ESOP") following the Reorganization, which was established to recognize and reward the contribution of the participants to the growth and development of Tianjin Maoyan Weying. The 2016 ESOP was terminated as a result of the adoption of the ESOP Plan. The terms of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme are not subject to the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules as our Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme will not involve the grant of options by us to subscribe for new Shares of the Company.

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for the period of time commencing on the Adoption Date and unless amended, altered, suspended or terminated by the Board and Shareholders, the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall continue in effect for a term of eight (8) years and shall terminate on the eighth anniversary of the Adoption Date. As of the date of this Annual Report, the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall continue in effect for next three years, upon which any Pre-IPO Share Options granted or agreed to be granted pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and any offer of such a grant shall be of no effect, and for which no claim whatsoever shall be made against the Company.

Participants of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, (the "Pre-IPO Eligible Participants") include the directors, senior management and employees of the Group and any other persons as the Board may deem appropriate provided that such Pre-IPO Eligible Participants shall have satisfied certain conditions. Nil consideration is required to be paid by the grantee of Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Grantee") for the grant of any Pre-IPO Share Options under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.

The maximum number of Shares that may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be no more than 42,544,600 (which have been reserved by the Company), representing approximately 3.7% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this Annual Report.



A Grantee may exercise his or her option in whole or in part (but if in part only, in respect of a board lot or any integral multiple thereof) at any time during the period which may be specified by the Board or the CEO in the grant letter (the "Pre-IPO Exercise Period") by the Grantee (or in the case of his death, his legal personal representatives) giving notice in writing to the Company stating that the Pre-IPO Share Options are thereby exercised and the number of Shares in respect of which it is exercised. Each such notice must be accompanied by a remittance for the full amount of exercise price (the "Pre-IPO Exercise Price") for the Shares in respect of which the notice is given.

The vesting of the Pre-IPO Share Options to each Grantee shall follow the vesting schedule in each of such Grantee's grant letter. The vesting period shall commence on the date of the grant letter or any other date as the CEO may agree. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in order to match the vested options under the 2016 ESOP, certain Pre-IPO Share Options shall be vested to the Grantees upon the date of the grant letter but shall only become exercisable as and when permitted by applicable laws, which will be more specifically set out in the grant letter. All the underlying Shares pursuant to the share options granted and to be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme are subject to lock-up for a period of six months following the Listing during which no employee shall dispose of the underlying Shares issued to such employee.

In the case of retirement, voluntary termination of employment or engagement of the Grantee, any unvested Pre-IPO Share Options at such termination will be automatically forfeited and any Pre-IPO Share Option not exercised prior to the expiry of the ninety-day period will lapse.

The Pre-IPO Share Options exercise price shall be as specified by the Board or the CEO in the grant letter and may be determined by reference of the market practice and the historical value of the Shares during the capitalisation period of the Company, which shall in no event be lower than the par value of the Shares in the Company.



Movements of the options granted by the Company pursuant to the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme during the Reporting Period are as follows:

				Closing				Weighted average closing price				
	Exercise			price	•		Evereleed	immediately	Lancad	Canaallad	Outstanding	
	price per Share	Date of	Exercise	immediately prior to	as of January 1,	Granted during	Exercised during	prior to exercise	Lapsed during	Cancelled during	as of December	Vesting Period
Category	(HK\$)		period	grant	-	the period	the period	(HK\$)	the period	the period	31, 2022	(note)
	0.1009	2016/8/1 to 2018/3/1	Eight years from the date of grant	NA	1,035,860	-	350,245	8.3719	35	-	685,580	1(a)
Employee	14.8000	2018/2/1 to 2018/8/1	Eight years from the date of grant	NA	8,700,764	-	-	NA	510,024	807,718	7,383,022	1(b)
		2018/4/11 to 2018/6/1		NA	7,710,890	-	-	NA	-	-	7,710,890	1(a)
Total					17,447,514	-	350,245	NA	510,059	807,718	15,779,492	



#### Note:

1. The options granted under the scheme are subject to a vesting schedule and can be exercised in the following manner:

### a. Category A

Vesting Date	Percentage that can be exercised
First vesting date	Up to 25% of the options granted
First anniversary of first vesting date	Up to 50% of the options granted
Second anniversary of first vesting date	Up to 75% of the options granted
Third anniversary of first vesting date	Up to all of the options granted

### b. Category B

Vesting Date	Percentage that can be exercised
First vesting date	Up to 50% of the share options granted
First anniversary of first vesting date	Up to 75% of the share options granted
Second anniversary of first vesting date	Up to all of the share options granted

### **POST-IPO SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The purpose of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and rewards to directors, senior management and employees of the Group and any other eligible individuals and/or entities in order to provide incentives and rewards to them for their contribution, and to align the corporate objectives and interests between the Group and its key talents.

The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme was conditionally adopted together with the Restricted Share Agreement, Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme and the RSU Scheme by the Shareholders' resolutions on the Adoption Date. The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of options that may be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the RSU Scheme shall not in aggregate exceed 55,211,880 Shares ("Post-IPO Share Option and RSU Total Limit") (which have been reserved by the Company), representing approximately 4.8% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this Annual Report.

Participants of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme (the "Post-IPO Eligible Participants") include the directors, senior management and employees and any other persons as the Board may deem appropriate. The subscription price in respect of any option shall be a price determined by the Board which shall be no less than (i) the closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the grant letter; (ii) an amount equivalent to the average closing price of a Share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant letter of the relevant Post- IPO Share Options; and (iii) the par value of the Share on the date of the grant letter.



Except with the approval of shareholders in general meeting, no option may be granted to any one person such that the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options and any other option over the Shares granted and to be granted to such person in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant exceeds 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time. Any grant of further Post-IPO Share Options above this limit shall be subject to the requirement under the Listing Rules.

In accordance with the terms of Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, upon acceptance of the offer of Post-IPO Share Options, a payment of RMB1 by the grantee to the Company is payable, and such remittance shall not be refundable and shall not be deemed to be a part payment of the subscription price.

Subject to the terms of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and unless otherwise specified in the grant letter pursuant to Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, the granted Post-IPO Share Options shall vest 25% per year within four (4) anniversary years. The vesting period shall commence on the grant date or any other date as the Board or the CEO (as the case may be) may agree.

A person entitled to any Post-IPO Share Option in consequence of the death of the original grantee (or in the case of his death, his legal personal representatives) may exercise his Post-IPO Share Options in whole or in part (but if in part, only in respect of a board lot or any integral multiple thereof) at any time during the Post-IPO Exercise Period which may be specified by the Board in the grant letter in the manner by giving notice in writing (in such form as the Company may from time to time specify) to the Company stating that the Post-IPO Share Options are thereby exercised and the number of Shares in respect of which it is exercised with a remittance for the full amount of the aggregate subscription price for the Shares in respect of which the notice is given.

Subject to the rules of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, options may be exercised by an Post-IPO Eligible Participant, in whole or in part, at any time during the period commencing from the grant date and such expiry date as determined by the Board in the grant letter (the "Post-IPO Exercise Period").

Subject to earlier termination by our Company in general meeting or by the Board, the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the effective date. As of the date of this Annual Report, the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme shall continue in effect for next five years. After the expiration of the 10-year period, no further options will be granted by the provisions of the scheme, but the provisions of the scheme shall remain in full force and effect to the extent necessary to give effect to the exercise of any options granted prior thereto or otherwise as may be required in accordance with the provisions of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme.



Amendments have been made to the Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules for the purpose of regulating share option schemes and share award schemes, with effect from January 1, 2023 (the "Amended Listing Rules"). The Company intends to amend the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme to bring it in line with the Amended Listing Rules. The adoption of the proposed Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of an ordinary resolution at the AGM. For further details, please refer to the circular of the Company dated April 26, 2023.

Movements of the options granted by the Company pursuant to the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme during the Reporting Period are as follows:

	Exercise			Closing price	Outstanding			Weighted average closing price immediately prior to the date of exercise of				
	price per			prior to	as of	Granted	Exercised	share	Lapsed	Cancelled	Outstanding as of	Vesting
	Share	Date of	Exercise	grant	January 1,	during	during	options	during	during	December	Period
Category	(HK\$)	grant	Period	(HK\$)	2022	the period	the period	(HK\$)	the period	the period	31, 2022	(note)
Employee	16.2000	2019/5/2	Ten years from the date of grant	16.1000	50,000	-	-	NA	37,500	12,500	-	1(b)
	14.7600	2019/5/10	Ten years from	14.1000	2,154,084	-	-	NA	374,247	77,607	1,702,230	1(b)
			the date of grant		138,795	-	-	NA	-	-	138,795	1(a)
	11.4360	2019/11/1	Ten years from the date of grant	11.3200	180,200	-	-	NA	90,100	90,100	-	1(b)
	10.5000	2020/4/29	Ten years from	10.3200	1,916,920	-	-	NA	77,818	119,456	1,719,646	1(a)
			the date of grant		275,000	-	-	NA	-	-	275,000	1(b)
Director												
Zheng Zhihao	13.1360	2021/1/19	Ten years from the date of grant	12.6200	15,066,000	-	-	NA	-	3,766,500	11,299,500	1(a)
Total					19,780,999	-	-	NA	579,665	4,066,163	15,135,171	



#### Notes:

- 1. Please refer to note under sub-section headed "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme" above.
- 2. As at January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022, the total numbers of Post-IPO Share Options available for grant under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme were 3,347,002 and 7,992,830, respectively (the above numbers were calculated by the total number of options and awards available for grant in respect of the Post-IPO Share Option and RSU Total Limit less the total number of the options and awards granted (excluding those lapsed and cancelled) under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the RSU Scheme and the number of RSUs available for grant under the RSU Scheme).
- 3. All the above grants were made prior to the effective date of the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.
- 4. There were no share options granted by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### **RSU SCHEME**

The purposes of the RSU Scheme is to recognize and reward participants for their contribution to the Group, to attract best available personnel, and to provide additional incentives to them to remain within the Group and further promote the success of its business.

An award of restricted share units under the RSU Scheme (the "Award(s)") gives a participant in the RSU Scheme a conditional right when the Award vests to obtain either Shares or an equivalent value in cash with reference to the market value of the Shares on or about the date of vesting, as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion. An Award may include, if so specified by the Board in its entire discretion, cash and non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions in respect of those Shares from the date that the Award is granted to the date that it vests.

Participants of the RSU Scheme (the "RSU Participants") include the directors, senior management and employees of the Group and any other persons as the Board may deem appropriate.

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board and Shareholders, the RSU Scheme shall be valid and effective for the period of eight years commencing on the date of adoption (the "Term of the RSU Scheme"). As of the date of this Annual Report, the RSU Scheme shall continue in effect for next three years. Thereafter, no further Awards will be granted, but the provisions of the RSU Scheme shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and Awards that are granted during the Term of the RSU Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue.



On and subject to the terms of the RSU Scheme and the terms and conditions that the Board and/or the CEO (as the case may be) imposes, the Board and the CEO shall be entitled at any time during the term of the RSU Scheme to make a grant to any RSU Participant as the Board or the CEO may in its respective absolute discretion determine. The amount of an Award may be determined at the sole and absolute discretion of the Board and the CEO (as the case may be) and may differ among selected Participants.

No Award shall be granted pursuant to the RSU Scheme if as a result of such grant (assumed accepted), the aggregate number of Shares (being in a board lot or an integral multiple thereof) (or, where cash is awarded in lieu of Shares, the aggregate number of Shares as are equivalent to the amount of cash so awarded) underlying all grants made pursuant to the RSU Scheme (excluding Awards that have lapsed or been cancelled in accordance with the rules of the RSU Scheme) will exceed in total 31,918,285 Shares (the "RSU Scheme Limit") (which have been reserved by the Company), representing approximately 2.8% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

The Company may appoint a professional Trustee (the "RSU Trustee") to assist with the administration and vesting of RSUs granted pursuant to the RSU Scheme.

Subject to the terms of the RSU Scheme and the specific terms and conditions applicable to each Award, the RSUs granted in an Award shall vest 25% per year within four (4) anniversary years. The vesting period shall commence on the grant date or any other date as the CEO may agree.

Subject to the execution of documents by the grantee, the RSUs which have vested shall be satisfied at the Board's or the CEO's absolute discretion.

The consideration payable by a grantee for acceptance of the Award under the RSU Scheme shall be determined at the sole and absolute discretion of the Board and/or the CEO (as the case may be). Subject to the terms of the RSU Scheme and unless otherwise permitted by the CEO, a grantee shall pay the consideration for the Award within ninety calendar days upon the grant of such Awards; provided however, that any grantee who is in employment with the Group is not required to pay the subscription price for the Shares under his/her vested Awards within ninety calendar days upon the vesting date, unless otherwise provided in the RSU Scheme.

The RSU Scheme may be terminated at any time prior to the expiry of its term by the Board and Shareholders provided that the Company shall protect all subsisting rights of all grantees hereunder, including the repayment of consideration or transfer price payable under the RSU Scheme. In this event no further Awards shall be granted after the RSU Scheme is terminated but in all other respects the provisions of the RSU Scheme shall remain in full force and effect. All RSUs granted prior to such termination and not vested on the date of termination shall remain valid.

The Company intends to amend the RSU Scheme to bring it in line with the Amended Listing Rules. The adoption of the proposed RSU Scheme is subject to the approval of the Shareholders by way of an ordinary resolution at the AGM. For further details, please refer to the circular of the Company dated April 26, 2023.



The award shares granted by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows:

		Closing price immediately								
		Total	prior	Outstanding					Outstanding	
		amount of	to grant	as of	Granted	Vested	Lapsed	Cancelled	as of	Vesting
	Date of	award shares	of Awards	January 1,	during	during	during	during	December 31,	Period
Category	grant	granted	(HK\$)	2022	the period	the period	the period	the period	2022	(note)
Employee	2019/5/2	655,425	16.1000	327,713	-	163,856	-	_	163,857	1(b)
	2019/10/8	3,336,336	12.0200	-	-	-	-	-	-	1(a)
	2019/11/1	729,200	11.3200	314,600	-	121,450	-	71,700	121,450	1(b)
	2020/4/29	8,528,779	10.3200	4,550,183	-	1,493,922	-	416,082	2,640,179	1(a)
		80,000		60,000	-	20,000	-	-	40,000	1(b)
	2021/5/1	349,378	15.4800	349,378	-	-	-	349,378	-	1(b)
		100,000		100,000	-	25,000	-	75,000	-	1(a)
	2021/11/26	760,000	9.2900	760,000	-	177,500	-	50,000	532,500	1(a)
		754,100		754,100	-	-	-	69,100	685,000	1(b)
	2022/5/1	200,000	6.2600	-	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	1(b)
	2022/11/26	80,000	6.6400	-	80,000	-	-	-	80,000	1(b)

### Notes:

Total

1. Please refer to note under sub-section headed "Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme" above.

7,215,974

2. As at January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022, the total numbers of RSUs available for grant under the RSU Scheme were 21,379,933 and 22,131,193, respectively.

280.000

2,001,728

1,031,260

4,462,986

- 3. The fair value of Awards granted on May 1, 2022 and November 26, 2022 as at the grant dates were HK\$6.10 per share and HK\$6.64 per share, respectively. The fair value of these RSUs was determined with reference to the share price of the Company as at the date of grant. As the Company had no history of dividend payment, no expected dividends were taken into account in calculating the fair value of these RSUs.
- 4. The weighted average closing price of Shares immediately preceding the vesting date of the Awards vested during the year 2022 was HK\$6.22 per share.
- 5. The purchase price per share of RSUs was nil.
- 6. There were no performance targets for all the Awards granted for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- 7. All the above grants were made prior to the effective date of the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.
- 8. The total number of Shares that may be issued in respect of options and awards granted under all schemes of the Company during the year divided by the weighted average number of the Shares in issue during the year is 0.02%.



### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at December 31, 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which (a) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register referred to therein; or (b) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

				Approximate
				percentage
				of the issued
Name of Directors/		Nature of		share capital of
Chief Executive	Capacity	Interests	No. of Shares	the Company
				(%)
Mr. Zheng Zhihao <sup>1</sup>	Interest in controlled	Long Position	19,277,225	1.69
· ·	corporations	G		
	Beneficial owner	Long Position	16,172,039 <sup>2</sup>	1.41
Mr. Wang Changtian <sup>3</sup>	Interest in controlled	Long Position	471,465,845	41.21
	corporations			
Ms. Wang Jian	Beneficial owner	Long Position	450,000	0.04

### Notes:

- 1. As at December 31, 2022, Rhythm Brilliant Limited directly held 19,277,225 Shares in our Company. Rhythm Brilliant Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mr. Zheng Zhihao. Therefore, Mr. Zheng Zhihao is deemed to be interested in the 19,277,225 Shares held by Rhythm Brilliant Limited for purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. These interests include 11,299,500 options granted by the Company to Mr. Zheng Zhihao under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme on January 19, 2021, entitling him to subscribe for 11,299,500 shares of our Company. As of December 31, 2022, Mr. Zheng Zhihao has not exercised any options.
- 3. As at December 31, 2022, Vibrant Wide Limited and Hong Kong Pictures International Limited directly held 277,979,625 Shares and 193,486,220 Shares in our Company, respectively. Vibrant Wide Limited is owned by Mr. Wang Changtian as to 100% of its equity interests. Hong Kong Pictures International Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Enlight Media, which is owned by Enlight Holdings as to approximately 42.65% of its equity interests, which in turn is owned by Mr. Wang Changtian as to 95% of its equity interests. Therefore, Mr. Wang Changtian is deemed to be interested in the 471,465,845 Shares held by Vibrant Wide Limited and Hong Kong Pictures International Limited for purpose of Part XV of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2022, neither the Directors nor chief executive of the Company (including their spouses and children under 18 years of age) had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

**Approximate** 



## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at December 31, 2022, so far as the Directors or the chief executive of the Company were aware, the Substantial Shareholders, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO, were as follows:

Name of Substantial Shareholders	Capacity	Nature of Interest	No. of Shares	percentage of the issued share capital of the Company
				(1-7
Vibrant Wide Limited	Beneficial owner	Long position	277,979,625	24.30
Hong Kong Pictures International Limited	Beneficial owner	Long position	193,486,220	16.91
Inspired Elite Investments Limited <sup>1</sup>	Beneficial owner	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
Meituan <sup>1</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
Crown Holdings Asia Limited <sup>1</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
Songtao Limited <sup>1</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
TMF (Cayman) Ltd.1	Trustee	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
Wang Xing <sup>1</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	82,693,975	7.23
Image Flag Investment (HK) Limited <sup>2</sup>	Beneficial owner	Long position	157,169,260	13.74
Tencent <sup>2</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	157,169,260	13.74
Weying (BVI) Limited	Beneficial owner	Long position	71,670,072	6.27
Interstellar Investment Ltd.3	Beneficial owner	Long position	66,127,317	5.78
NottingHill Investment Ltd. <sup>3</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	66,127,317	5.78
FountainVest China Capital Partners Fund III, L.P. <sup>3</sup>	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	66,127,317	5.78
FountainVest China Capital Partners GP3 Ltd.3	Interest in a controlled corporation	Long position	66,127,317	5.78



#### Notes:

- 1. Inspired Elite Investments Limited is wholly-owned by Meituan, which is owned as to 39.18% by Crown Holdings Asia Limited, which is in turn wholly-owned by Songtao Limited. Songtao Limited is in turn wholly-owned by TMF (Cayman) Ltd. and in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Wang Xing. Therefore, Meituan, Crown Holdings Asia Limited, Songtao Limited, TMF (Cayman) Ltd. and Mr. Wang Xing are deemed to be interested in the 82,693,975 shares held by Inspired Elite Investment Limited for purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 2. Image Flag Investment (HK) Limited is wholly-owned by Tencent. Therefore, Tencent is deemed to be interested in the 157,169,260 shares held by Image Flag Investment (HK) Limited for purpose of Part XV of the SFO.
- 3. Interstellar Investment Ltd. is wholly-owned by NottingHill Investment Ltd., which is owned as to 77.34% by FountainVest China Capital Partners Fund III, L.P., which is in turn wholly-owned by FountainVest China Capital Partners GP3 Ltd. Hence, NottingHill Investment Ltd., FountainVest China Capital Partners Fund III, L.P. and FountainVest China Capital Partners GP3 Ltd. are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Interstellar Investment Ltd.

Save as disclosed above, as at December 31, 2022, so far as the Directors were aware, no other persons (other than the Directors or chief executive) had any interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Employee Incentive Scheme" above, at no time during the year ended December 31, 2022 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of Shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any of its holding companies or any of subsidiaries of its holding companies a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

### CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

So far as the Directors or the chief executive of the Company were aware, the Company did not have any controlling shareholder for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### **EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

Particulars of the employee retirement benefits of the Group are set out in Note 9 to the audited consolidated financial statements.



### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Stock Exchange has granted the Company a waiver from strict compliance with the requirements of Rule 8.08(1) (a) of the Listing Rules. Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge and information of the Directors, as at the date of this Annual Report, the number of Shares in public hands of the total issued share capital of the Company satisfies the minimum percentage prescribed in the conditions imposed in the waiver granted by the Stock Exchange from strict compliance with Rule 8.08(1) of the Listing Rules.

### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Details of our Group's continuing connected transactions during the Reporting Period are set out as follows:

### I. Continuing Connected Transactions with the Enlight Media Group

### Non-Exempt Continuing Connected Transactions

As Enlight Media is an associate of Mr. Wang Changtian who is a non-executive Director and a substantial Shareholder of the Company, the transactions with Enlight Media constitute connected transactions of the Company.

### 1. Enlight Movie and TV series Production Cooperation Framework Agreement

We renewed the movie and TV series production cooperation framework agreement with Enlight Media (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries (the "Enlight Media Group")) (the "Enlight Movie and TV series Production Cooperation Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which we and the Enlight Media Group agreed to cooperate with each other in the arrangements including but not limited to:

- Making joint investment in the production of movies and TV series.
- Forming joint ventures or other joint arrangements (whether as a partnership, a company or in any other form) in connection with or for the purpose of the investment in production of movies and TV series.

The term of the Enlight Movie and TV series Production Cooperation Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB150.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.



### 2. Enlight Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement

2(a). Provision of Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Services by Our Group to the Enlight Media Group

We renewed the a movie and TV series promotion and distribution framework agreement with Enlight Media (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) (the "Enlight Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which our Group will provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to the Enlight Media Group, and service fees will be paid to us in respect of such services.

- Movies and TV series promotion services: we will plan and coordinate various marketing and
  promotional activities to optimize the performance of movies and TV series, including but not
  limited to, conducting marketing and publicity campaigns as well as organizing fans gatherings
  and road shows.
- Movies and TV series distribution services: we will coordinate the distribution of marketing materials to cinemas and TV stations, configure marketing strategies and release plans, monitor box office performance and market feedback of movies and TV series.

The term of the Enlight Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB92.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB12.7 million.

2(b). Provision of Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Services by the Enlight Media Group to Our Group

Pursuant to the Enlight Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement, the Enlight Media Group will also provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to our Group, and we will pay service fees to the Enlight Media Group. The principal terms are substantially the same as the terms on which we provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to the Enlight Media Group.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB40.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.



### 3. Enlight Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement

We renewed the business collaboration and services framework agreement with Enlight Media (for itself and on behalf of its subsidiaries) (the "Enlight Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which our Group and the Enlight Media Group will engage in the following collaboration from time to time.

- **Provision of prepaid card and voucher:** the Enlight Media Group will purchase prepaid card and voucher from us:
- **Provision of advertising services:** we will provide advertising services to the Enlight Media Group, and Enlight Media Group will pay service fees for such advertisement services;
- Purchase of video display services: the Enlight Media Group will display movies and videos
  which are legally owned by us or movies and videos which we have the right to display, on its
  platform as we request;
- Purchase of media materials: our Group will purchase certain media materials from the Enlight
  Media Group that will be used in our advertising business and publicity activities during the
  movie and TV series distribution and promotion process;
- Purchase of other forms of advertisement resources: our Group will purchase other forms of
  advertisement resources to be used in our advertising business and publicity activities from the
  Enlight Media Group. For example, we started to engage artists and other relevant personnel
  managed by the Enlight Media Group to attend our publicity activities since the second half of
  2018.

The term of the Enlight Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction of provision by the Group of products and services to Enlight Media Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB16.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB2.5 million.

The annual cap for the connected transaction of provision by Enlight Media Group of products and services to the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB1.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.

### II. Continuing Connected Transactions with the Represented Tencent Group

### Non-exempt continuing connected transactions

As Tencent is a substantial Shareholder of the Company, the transactions with the Represented Tencent Group constitute connected transactions of the Company.

### 4. Tencent Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement

4(a). Provision of movie and TV series promotion and distribution services by our Group to the Represented Tencent Group

We renewed the movie and TV series promotion and distribution framework agreement with Tencent Computer (for itself and on behalf of its group members, excluding China Literature Limited and its subsidiaries, and Tencent Music Entertainment Group and its subsidiaries, (the "Represented Tencent Group")) (the "Tencent Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which we will provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to the Represented Tencent Group, and service fees will be paid to us in respect of such services:

- Movies and TV series promotion services: we will plan and coordinate various marketing and
  promotional activities to optimize the performance of movies and TV series, including but not
  limited to, conducting marketing and publicity campaigns as well as organizing fans gatherings
  and road shows.
- Movies and TV series distribution services: we will coordinate the distribution of marketing
  materials to cinemas and TV stations, configure marketing strategies and release plans, monitor
  box office performance and market feedback of movies and TV series.

The term of the Tencent Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the provision of movie and TV series promotion and distribution services by the Group to the Represented Tencent Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB210.7 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.2 million.

4(b). Provision of Movie and TV Series Promotion and Distribution Services by the Represented Tencent Group to our Group

Pursuant to the Tencent Movie and TV series Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement, the Represented Tencent Group will also provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to our Group, and we will pay service fees to the Represented Tencent Group. The principal terms are substantially the same as the terms on which the Group provides movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to the Represented Tencent Group.



The annual cap for the connected transaction for the provision of movie and TV series promotion and distribution services by the Represented Tencent Group to the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB50.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31,2022 was approximately RMB1.0 million.

### 5. Payment Services Cooperation Framework Agreement

We renewed the payment services cooperation framework agreement (the "Payment Services Cooperation Framework Agreement") with Tencent Computer (for itself and on behalf of the Represented Tencent Group) on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which the Represented Tencent Group will provide us with payment services through its payment channels so as to enable our users to conduct online transactions and we will pay service commissions to the Represented Tencent Group in respect of such services.

The term of the Payment Services Cooperation Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB65.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB24.8 million.

### 6. Cloud Services and Technical Services Framework Agreement

We renewed the cloud services and technical services framework agreement (the "Cloud Services and Technical Services Framework Agreement") with Tencent Computer (for itself and on behalf of the Represented Tencent Group) on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which the Represented Tencent Group will provide cloud services and other technical services to us for service fees. Cloud services and other technical services include but not limited to provision of cloud services, cloud storage, technical support related to cloud services, and domain name resolution services.

The term of the Cloud Services and Technical Services Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB41.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB24.4 million.



### 7. Tencent Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement

We renewed the business collaboration and services framework agreement with Tencent Computer (for itself and on behalf of the Represented Tencent Group) (the "Tencent Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which our Group and the Represented Tencent Group will engage in the following collaboration from time to time.

- **Provision of prepaid card and voucher:** the Represented Tencent Group will purchase prepaid card and voucher from us;
- **Licensing of broadcasting rights:** our Group will license the broadcasting rights of entertainment content, including movies, concerts, shows and events, to the Represented Tencent Group for a licensing fee;
- Provision of advertising services: we will provide advertising services to the Represented Tencent Group, and the Represented Tencent Group will pay service fees for such advertisement services:
- Provision of online entertainment event ticketing services: our Group will provide online ticketing services to the Represented Tencent Group for service fees;
- Purchase of advertising services: the Represented Tencent Group will provide advertising services to us for service fees;
- Purchase of other forms of advertisement resources: our Group will purchase other forms of
  advertisement resources to be used in our advertising business and publicity activities from the
  Represented Tencent Group. For example, we will engage artists managed by the Represented
  Tencent Group to attend our publicity activities.

The term of the Tencent Business Collaboration and Services Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction of provision by the Group of products and services to the Represented Tencent Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB61.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB4.6 million.

The annual cap for the connected transaction of provision by the Represented Tencent Group of products and services to the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB1.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.



### 8. Tencent Entertainment Content Production Cooperation Framework Agreement

We renewed the entertainment content production cooperation framework agreement with Tencent Computer (for itself and on behalf of the Represented Tencent Group) (the "Tencent Entertainment Content Production Cooperation Framework Agreement") on August 20, 2021, pursuant to which our Company (for itself and on behalf of our subsidiaries) and the Represented Tencent Group agreed to cooperate with each other in the joint arrangements including but not limited to:

- Making joint investment in the production of several types and formats of entertainment content, including but not limited to, movies, TV series, concerts and live shows.
- Forming joint ventures or other joint arrangements (whether as a partnership, a company or in any other form) in connection with or for the purpose of the joint investment in the production of several types of entertainment content mentioned above.

The term of the Tencent Entertainment Content Cooperation Framework Agreement is from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB308.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.

### III. Continuing Connected Transaction with the Tencent Music Technology

### Non-exempt continuing connected transaction

As TME is a subsidiary of Tencent, the transactions contemplated under the Music Copyright Licensing Cooperation Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company.

### 9. Music Copyright Licensing Cooperation Framework Agreement

On December 16, 2020, we entered into the Music Copyright Licensing Cooperation Framework Agreement with Tencent Music Technology (for itself and on behalf of members of TME Group), pursuant to which the Group agreed to license its musical compositions, audio recordings, video recordings and movie-like works (well created music videos), including single music and original sound tapes (i.e. theme songs, ending songs, episodes, promotion songs and soundtracks, and the music videos of video and audio works including movies, TV series, online series and online movies, collectively the "OST") (collectively the "Musical Works"), of which the Group has copyrights and related rights, to TME Group, and TME Group shall pay license fees to the Group. Members of TME Group, or its authorized third party, are licensed to promote, use, sub-license and have right to defend the above-mentioned Musical Works.



The initial term of the Music Copyright Licensing Cooperation Framework Agreement with Tencent Music Technology started on December 16, 2020 and will end on December 31, 2022.

The annual cap for the connected transaction for the year ended December 31, 2022 was RMB30.0 million, and the actual transaction amount for the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately RMB0.0 million.

### IV. Continuing Connected Transaction with China Literature Group

### Non-exempt continuing connected transaction

As China Literature is a subsidiary of Tencent, the transaction with China Literature Group constitute connected transactions of the Company.

## 10. China Literature Entertainment Content Investment and Production Cooperation Framework Agreement

On August 18, 2022, we and Shanghai Yueting (for itself and on behalf of China Literature Group) entered into the Entertainment Content Investment and Production Cooperation Framework Agreement (the "China Literature Entertainment Content Investment and Production Cooperation Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company (for itself and on behalf of our subsidiaries) and China Literature Group agreed to cooperate with each other in the joint investment for the production of movies.

The term of the China Literature Entertainment Content Investment and Production Cooperation Framework Agreement is from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

The annual cap for this connected transaction from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022 is RMB313.0 million, and the actual transaction amount from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022 is approximately RMB0.0 million.



### 11. China Literature Movies Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement

11(a). Provision of Movies Promotion and Distribution Services by our Group to China Literature Group

On August 18, 2022, we and Shanghai Yueting (for itself and on behalf of China Literature Group) entered into the Movies Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement (the "China Literature Movies Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which we will provide movies promotion and distribution services to China Literature Group:

- **Movies promotion services**: the Group will plan and coordinate various online or offline marketing and promotional activities, including but not limited to conducting movies marketing and publicity campaigns, such as organizing fans gatherings and road shows;
- **Movies distribution services**: the Group will coordinate the distribution of marketing materials, configure marketing strategies and release plans, negotiate with cinemas and cinema managers regarding release schedule, and monitor box office performance and market feedback of movies.

The term of the China Literature Movies Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement is from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2024, subject to renewal upon the mutual agreement of both parties.

From August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the annual cap for the connected transaction of the Group providing movie series promotion and distribution services to the China Literature Group is RMB184.4 million, and the actual transaction amount from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022 is approximately RMB0.0 million.

11(b). Provision of Movies Promotion and Distribution Services by China Literature Group to our Group

Pursuant to the China Literature Movies Promotion and Distribution Framework Agreement, the China Literature Group will also provide movie and TV series promotion and distribution services to our Group:

- Movies promotion services: China Literature Group will plan and coordinate various online
  or offline marketing and promotional activities, including but not limited to conducting movies
  marketing and publicity campaigns, such as organizing fans gatherings and road shows;
- Movies distribution services: China Literature Group will coordinate the distribution of marketing materials, configure marketing strategies and release plans, negotiate with cinemas and cinema managers regarding release schedule, and monitor box office performance and market feedback of movies

From August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022, the annual cap for the connected transaction of the China Literature Group providing movie promotion and distribution services to the Group is RMB13.7 million, and the actual transaction amount from August 18, 2022 to December 31, 2022 is approximately RMB0.0 million.



### ANNUAL REVIEW BY THE INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITOR

The independent non-executive Directors reviewed the aforesaid continuing connected transactions, and confirmed that these continuing connected transactions:

- (a) were entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (b) were either on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (c) were conducted in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

The auditor of the Company performed certain agreed-upon procedures regarding the continuing connected transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022, in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagement 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the HKICPA, as set out above and confirms that:

- (a) Nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's Board of Directors;
- (b) For transactions involving the provision of goods or services by the Group, nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the transactions were not, in all material respects, in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group;
- (c) Nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions;
- (d) With respect to the aggregate amount of each of the continuing connected transactions (other than those transactions with Consolidated Affiliated Entities) set out in the attached list of continuing connected transactions, nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have exceeded the annual cap as set by the Company; and
- (e) With respect of the disclosed continuing connected transactions with Consolidated Affiliated Entities under the contractual arrangements, nothing has come to their attention that causes the auditor to believe that dividends or other distributions have been made by Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of the equity interests of Consolidated Affiliated Entities which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group.

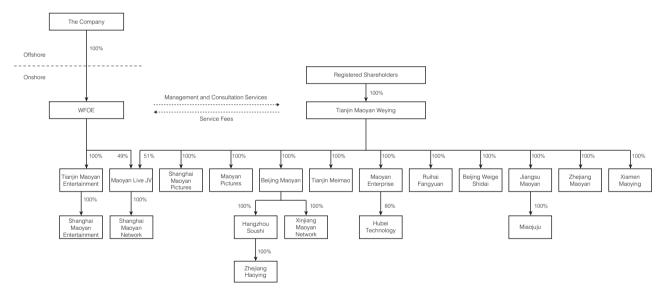
Saved as disclosed in this annual report, none of the related party transactions as disclosed in note 32 to the audited consolidated financial statements constituted as connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and in compliance with the disclosure requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.



### **CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS**

Due to regulatory restrictions on foreign ownership in Relevant Businesses in the PRC, we conduct a portion of our business through our Consolidated Affiliated Entities in the PRC. We do not hold any equity interests in our Consolidated Affiliated Entities which are held by Enlight Holdings, Enlight Media, Shanghai Sankuai Technology, Beijing Shiji Weying and Linzhi Lixin and Historical ESOP Platforms. The Contractual Arrangements enable us to (i) receive substantially all of the economic benefit from our Consolidated Affiliated Entities in consideration for the services provided by Maoyan Technology to the Consolidated Affiliated Entities; (ii) exercise effective control over our Consolidated Affiliated Entities; and (iii) hold an exclusive option to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Consolidated Affiliated Entities when and to the extent permitted by PRC laws.

The following simplified diagram illustrates the flow of economic benefits from our Consolidated Affiliated Entities to our Group stipulated under the Contractual Arrangements as at December 31, 2022:



Notes:

- "

  denotes direct legal and beneficial ownership in the equity interest.
- "----->" denotes contractual relationship.
- (1) Maoyan Enterprise is an investment holding company which holds, directly or indirectly, minority equity investments, amounted to approximately RMB55.8 million, in certain companies ("Investee Companies") which engage in businesses subject to foreign investment prohibition or restriction, including value-added telecommunication service, radio and television program production and internet audio-visual programs. Most of the investments are passive and are non-controlling interests that are classified as investments accounted for using the equity method and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss/other comprehensive income. As advised by our PRC legal advisor, foreign investors are either prohibited or restricted from holding equity interest in companies conducting such businesses. The financial results of the Investee Companies are not consolidated into our financial statements and do not form part of our Group, and our minority investment interests in the Investee Companies are immaterial to our financial and operational results.
- (2) During the Reporting Period, Hubei Maoyan Pictures Co., Ltd. (湖北貓眼影業有限公司), Xiamen Zhuamiao Media Co., Ltd. (廈門爪喵傳媒有限公司) and Maoyan (Xiamen) Private Equity Fund Management Limited (貓眼(廈門)私募基金管理有限公司) were deregistered due to changes in business needs.



### SUMMARY OF MAJOR TERMS UNDER THE CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS

A description of each of the specific agreements that comprise the Contractual Arrangements is set out below.

### **Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement**

Pursuant to the amended and restated exclusive consultation and service agreement dated August 9, 2018 between Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the WFOE (the "Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement"), Tianjin Maoyan Weying agreed to engage the WFOE as its exclusive provider of technical support, consultation and other services, including the following services:

- providing information consultation services in respect of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' business;
- providing business management consultation;
- providing technical support and professional training services to relevant staff of the Consolidated Affiliated
   Entities;
- providing order management and customer services;
- providing marketing and promotion services;
- assisting Consolidated Affiliated Entities in consultancy, collection and research of technology and market information (excluding market research business that wholly foreign owned enterprises are prohibited from conducting under PRC laws);
- design, development, maintenance and updating of software in respect of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' business;
- license and authorization of use of the software, trademarks, domain names and various other types of intellectual properties owned by the WFOE;
- design, installation, daily management, maintenance and updating of network systems, hardware and database;



- maintenance of the local area network of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' business and anti-virus and security management of the network of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' business;
- assisting Consolidated Affiliated Entities for transfer, leasing and disposal of equipment and properties;
- providing on-site services upon request from the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, arranging engineers to
  provide on-site assistance for conferences and other relevant technical support and consultation services;
  and
- other relevant services requested by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities from time to time to the extent permitted under PRC laws.

Under the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement, the service fee shall consist of 100% of the total consolidated profit of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, after deduction of any accumulated deficit of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities in respect of the preceding financial year(s), operating costs, expenses, taxes and other statutory contributions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the WFOE may adjust the scope and amount of service fees according to PRC tax law and tax practices, and Tianjin Maoyan Weying will accept such adjustments. The WFOE shall calculate the service fees on a monthly basis and issue a corresponding invoice to Tianjin Maoyan Weying. Tianjin Maoyan Weying shall make payment to the bank account designated by the WFOE within 10 days upon receipt of the invoice and send payment certificates to the WFOE.

In addition, absent the prior written consent of the WFOE, during the term of the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement, with respect to the services subject to the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement and other matters, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall not directly or indirectly accept the same or any similar services provided by any third party, establish cooperation relationships similar to that formed by the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement with any third party, or in its own initiative perform any acts which might affect the confidentiality of the technology and secrets involved in the service provided by the WFOE or the effectiveness and efficiency of the technical supports or allow any third party to do the same. The WFOE may appoint other parties, who may enter into certain agreements with the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, to provide the Consolidated Affiliated Entities with the services under the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement.

The Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement also provide that the WFOE has the exclusive proprietary rights to and relevant interests in any and all intellectual property rights developed or created by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities during the performance of the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement.

The validity period of the Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement shall start from the execution date and it shall remain effective for 20 years unless terminated (a) by agreement between the WFOE and Tianjin Maoyan Weying; or (b) by a written notice from the WFOE at least 30 days before termination. Tianjin Maoyan Weying is not entitled to unilaterally terminate the agreement. Upon expiration of the agreement and if the WFOE intends to extend it, Tianjin Maoyan Weying shall accept the extension without conditions.



### **Exclusive Option Agreement**

Pursuant to the amended and restated exclusive equity transfer option agreement dated August 9, 2018 among Tianjin Maoyan Weying, the WFOE and the Registered Shareholders (the "Exclusive Option Agreement"), the WFOE has been granted an irrevocable, unconditional and exclusive right to require the Registered Shareholders to transfer any or all their equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying to the WFOE and/or a third party designated by it, in whole or in part at any time and from time to time. Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the Registered Shareholders, among other things, have covenanted that:

- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, they shall not in any manner supplement, change or amend the constitutional documents of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, increase or decrease their registered capital, or change the structure of their registered capital in other manner;
- they shall maintain the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' corporate existence in accordance with good financial and business standards and practices, obtain and maintain all necessary government licenses and permits by prudently and effectively operating their business and handling their affairs;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, they shall not and shall procure its subsidiaries not, at any time following the date when the Exclusive Option Agreement came into effect sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of in any manner any assets of more than RMB5,000,000, business, operation rights or legitimate interest in the income of Tianjin Maoyan Weying;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall not incur, inherit, guarantee or assume any debt, except for payables incurred in the ordinary course of business not generated from loans:
- the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall always operate all of their businesses during the ordinary course of business to maintain their asset value and refrain from any action/omission that may adversely affect their operating status and asset value;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, they shall not cause the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to
  execute any material contract with a value of more than RMB5,000,000, except the contracts executed in
  the ordinary course of business;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, they shall not cause the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to provide any person with any loan or credit, or guarantee for any third-party debt;
- they shall provide the WFOE with information on the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' business operations and financial condition at the request of the WFOE;



- if requested by the WFOE, they shall procure and maintain insurance in respect of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' assets and business from an insurance carrier acceptable to the WFOE, at an amount and type of coverage typical for companies that operate similar businesses;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, they shall not cause or permit the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to merge, consolidate with, acquire or invest in any person;
- they shall immediately notify the WFOE of the occurrence or possible occurrence of any litigation, arbitration or administrative proceedings relating to the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' assets, business or revenue, as well as any circumstances which may adversely affect the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' existence, business operation, financial situation, assets or goodwill;
- to maintain the ownership by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities of all of their assets, they shall execute all necessary or appropriate documents, take all necessary or appropriate actions and file all necessary or appropriate complaints or raise necessary and appropriate defences against all claims;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall not in any manner distribute profits or dividends to their shareholders, provided that upon the request of the WFOE, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall immediately distribute all distributable profits to their shareholders;
- at the request of the WFOE, they shall appoint any persons designated by the WFOE as the directors, supervisors and senior management of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, replace or remove the directors, supervisors and senior management of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, and go through all relevant resolution procedures and filings;
- without the written consent of the WFOE, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall not engage in any business in competition with the WFOE or its affiliates;
- unless otherwise mandatorily required by PRC laws, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall not be dissolved or liquidated without prior written consent by the WFOE;



- if the exercise of the rights by the WFOE is obstructed due to the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' or any of their shareholders' non-compliance of their tax duties under applicable laws, the WFOE shall have the right to require them to fulfill such tax duties;
- In the event of bankruptcy, dissolution, liquidation, death or loss of legal capacity (if applicable) of any of Consolidated Affiliated Entities' shareholders, or other circumstances that may affect the Consolidated Affiliated Entities' equity interests, any successor of an existing shareholder shall be deemed to be a party to the Exclusive Option Agreement. The Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall, on or before the day of signing this agreement to make everything properly arranged and signed in order to ensure the documentations, in the event of bankruptcy, dissolution, liquidation, death, incapacity or divorce (if applicable) and any circumstance of their shareholders, will not affect or hinder the fulfillment of the Exclusive Option Agreement. The Exclusive Option Agreement and other contractual arrangements shall prevail any form of agreements relating to disposition of interests in the Consolidated Affiliated Entity unless prior written consent from the WFOE is obtained;
- without the prior written consent of the WFOE, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities will not and shall not assist or permit their shareholders to transfer or otherwise dispose of any option equity or to establish any security interest or other third-party rights on any option equity; and
- if signing and performance of the Exclusive Option Agreement and the stock transfer options granted under the Exclusive Option Agreement shall require any third party's consent, permission, waiver, authorization or any governmental agency's approval, license, immunity, registration or filing in accordance with the law, the Consolidated Affiliated Entities shall make every endeavour to help satisfy the above conditions.

In addition, the Registered Shareholders, among other things, have covenanted that:

- without the written consent of the WFOE, they shall not sell, transfer, pledge or dispose of in any other manner the legal or beneficial interest in Tianjin Maoyan Weying, or allow the encumbrance thereon of any security interest, except for the Equity Pledge Agreement and the interests prescribed in the Proxy Agreement;
- for each exercise of the equity purchase option, they shall cause the shareholders' meeting and/or the board of directors of Tianjin Maoyan Weying to vote on the approval of the transfer of equity interests and any other action requested by the WFOE;
- Registered Shareholders whose equity interest has not been transferred shall relinquish the pre-emptive
  right (if any) it is entitled to in relation to the transfer of equity interest by any other shareholders to the WFOE
  and/or any entity or individual appointed by the WFOE pursuant to Exclusive Option Agreement;



- without the written consent of the WFOE, each of the Registered Shareholders shall not request Tianjin Maoyan Weying to distribute dividends or profits in any form, propose resolutions in relation to this at a general meeting, or vote to pass such resolutions. In any event, unless decided otherwise by the WFOE, if any Registered Shareholder receives corporate income, profits or dividends from Tianjin Maoyan Weying, they shall pay or transfer the received income, profits, dividends to the WFOE or any party designated by the WFOE to the extent allowed by the PRC laws; and
- Registered Shareholders shall also strictly comply with the provisions of the Exclusive Option Agreement between Registered Shareholders, the Consolidated Affiliated Entity and the WFOE, and shall faithfully perform the obligations under such agreements and shall not conduct any act and/or omission which shall affect the validity and enforceability of such agreements. If any Registered Shareholder retains any rights on the equities as in the Equity Pledge Agreement or the Proxy Agreement, it shall not exercise such rights unless instructed in writing by the WFOE.

The validity period of the Exclusive Option Agreement shall start from the execution date and it shall remain effective unless terminated if the entire equity interests held by the Registered Shareholders or their successors or the transferees in Tianjin Maoyan Weying have been transferred to the WFOE or their appointee(s).

### **Equity Pledge Agreement**

Pursuant to the amended and restated equity pledge agreement dated August 9, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and each of the Registered Shareholders (the "Equity Pledge Agreement"), the Registered Shareholders agreed to pledge all their respective equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying that they own, including any interest or dividend paid for the shares, to the WFOE as a security interest to guarantee the performance of contractual obligations and the payment of outstanding debts.

The pledge in respect of Tianjin Maoyan Weying takes effect upon the completion of change of registration with the relevant administration for industry and commerce and shall remain valid until after all the contractual obligations of the Registered Shareholders and Tianjin Maoyan Weying under the relevant Contractual Arrangements have been fully performed and all the outstanding debts of the Registered Shareholders and Tianjin Maoyan Weying under the relevant Contractual Arrangements have been fully paid.

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an event of default (as defined in the Equity Pledge Agreement), unless such default is cured within twenty days following the Registered Shareholders or Tianjin Maoyan Weying's receipt of the written notice which requests for the cure of such default, the WFOE shall have the right to exercise all such rights as a secured party under any applicable PRC law and the Equity Pledge Agreement, including without limitations, being paid in priority with the equity interests based on the monetary valuation that such equity interests are converted into or from the proceeds from auction or sale of the equity interest upon written notice to the Registered Shareholders.

The equity pledge registrations under the Equity Pledge Agreement as required by the relevant laws and regulations have been completed in accordance with the Equity Pledge Agreement and PRC laws and regulations.



### **Proxy Agreement**

Pursuant to the amended and restated proxy agreement dated August 9, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the Registered Shareholders (collectively, the "Proxy Agreement"), pursuant to which, each of the Registered Shareholders irrevocably and exclusively appointed the persons designated by the WFOE (including but not limited to Directors of the WFOE's parent company, Maoyan Entertainment, and their successors and liquidators replacing the Directors but excluding those who are non-independent or who may give rise to conflict of interests) as its attorneys-in-fact to exercise on its behalf, any and all right that it has in respect of its equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying, including without limitation:

- to propose to convene and to attend shareholders' meetings of Tianjin Maoyan Weying and to execute any and all written resolutions and meeting minutes in the name and on behalf of such shareholder;
- to exercise all shareholder's rights and shareholder's voting rights in accordance with law and the constitutional documents of Tianjin Maoyan Weying, including but not limited to the sale, transfer, pledge or disposal of any or all of the equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying;
- to nominate, elect, appoint or remove the legal representatives, directors, supervisors, general manager, chief financial officer and other senior management of Tianjin Maoyan Weying;
- to supervise business performance, approve annual budget, declare dividends, and consult financial information of Tianjin Maoyan Weying;
- to permit Tianjin Maoyan Weying to submit any registration documents to relevant governmental authorities and to file documents with company registry;
- to exercise voting rights on behalf of the shareholders on liquidation of Tianjin Maoyan Weying;
- If the act of directors and/or senior management harms the interests of Tianjin Maoyan Weying or its shareholders, to file a shareholder action against such directors and/or senior management or to take other legal actions;
- to approve amendments on the articles of association; and
- to exercise any other rights granted to shareholders pursuant to Tianjin Maoyan Weying's articles of association or relevant laws and regulations.



On June 30, 2019, NDRC and the MOFCOM issued Order No.25, and promulgated the Special Administrative Measures for Access of Foreign Investment (Negative List) (the "Negative List (2019)") (2019 Edition, which came into force from July 30, 2019). As advised by our PRC Legal Advisor, the Negative List (2019) has cancelled foreign investment restrictions for the performance brokerage business, and according to our communication with the competent culture department of Tianjin, it began to accept applications for performance brokerage licenses for wholly foreign-owned enterprises at the end of 2019. Based on this, the performance brokerage business of Maoyan Live JV, our Consolidated Affiliated Entities, is no longer subject to the limit of not more than 50% foreign investment at the time of its establishment. Accordingly, after seeking the advice of our PRC legal advisor, WFOE has established its wholly-owned subsidiaries, namely Tianjin Maoyan Entertainment and Shanghai Maoyan Entertainment, and will apply for a commercial performance license in accordance with the law and take all internal performance business in the group upon meet legal qualifications. Subject to the progress in the implementation of government policies and the COVID-19 pandemic, the application was delayed and Tianjin Maoyan Entertainment is using its reasonable commercial efforts to obtain the commercial performance license. After the transfer of the performance brokerage business, Maoyan Live JV and its subsidiaries will gradually cease operations until it is deregistered.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, save for the release of the Special Administration Measures for Access of Foreign Investment (Negative List) (2021 Edition) (the "Negative List (2021)"), which was issued on December 27, 2021 and came into force from January 1, 2022 and replaced the aforesaid Negative List (2019) and the Company has therefore taken active measures, none of the Contractual Arrangements had been unwound on the basis that none of the restrictions that led to the adoption of the Contractual Arrangements had been removed. As of December 31, 2022, we had not encountered interference or encumbrance from any PRC governing bodies in operating our businesses through our Consolidated Affiliated Entities under the Contractual Arrangements.

The revenue of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities amounted to RMB1,014 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of 19.2% from RMB1,255 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. As of December 31, 2022, the total assets of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities amounted to RMB7,370 million, representing approximately 72.7% of the total assets of our Group.

### **Reasons for Adopting the Contractual Arrangements**

Foreign investment activities in the PRC are mainly governed by the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries for Foreign Investment (2022 Edition) (the "Catalogue", which has replaced the Catalogue of Encouraged Industries for Foreign Investment (2020 Edition)) and the Negative List (2021), which have been promulgated and amended from time to time jointly by the MOFCOM and the NDRC. The Catalogue and the Negative List (2021) divide industries into four categories in terms of foreign investment, namely, "encouraged", "restricted", "prohibited" and "permitted" (the last category of which includes all industries not listed under the "encouraged", "restricted" and "prohibited" categories).



As advised by our PRC legal advisor, our (i) value-added telecommunication services business; (ii) movie distribution; and (iii) radio and television program production conducted by our Consolidated Affiliated Entities are subject to foreign investment restriction or prohibition in accordance with the Catalogue and the Negative List (2021).

In order to maintain our business operations in compliance with the applicable PRC laws and regulations, the Company, as a foreign investor under the current regulatory regime, has adopted the Contractual Arrangements, which allow the Company to exercise control over the business operation of our Consolidated Affiliated Entities and enjoy all the economic interests derived therefrom.

For details of the foreign investment restrictions relating to the Contractual Arrangements, please refer to the sections headed "Contractual Arrangements – PRC Regulatory Background" and "Contractual Arrangements – Qualification Requirements under the FITE Regulations" on pages 270 to 275, and the section headed "Contractual Arrangements – Development in the PRC Legislation on Foreign Investment" on pages 291 to 295 of the Prospectus.

### **Risks Relating to the Contractual Arrangements**

The Company believes the following risks are associated with the Contractual Arrangements:

- If the PRC government finds that the agreements that establish the structure for operating our businesses in China do not comply with applicable PRC laws and regulations, or if these regulations or their interpretation change in the future, we could be subject to severe consequences, including the nullification of the contractual arrangements and the relinquishment of our interest in our Consolidated Affiliated Entities.
- Our contractual arrangements may not be as effective in providing operational control as direct ownership.
   Tianjin Maoyan Weying or its shareholders may fail to perform their obligations under our contractual arrangements.
- We may lose the ability to use and enjoy assets held by our Consolidated Affiliated Entities that are material to our business operations if our Consolidated Affiliated Entities declare bankruptcy or become subject to a dissolution or liquidation proceeding.
- The shareholders and directors of Tianjin Maoyan Weying may have conflicts of interest with us, which may materially and adversely affect our business.
- If we exercise the option to acquire equity ownership or assets of Consolidated Affiliated Entities, the ownership or asset transfer may subject us to certain limitations and substantial costs.
- Our contractual arrangements may be subject to scrutiny by the PRC tax authorities, and a finding that we owe additional taxes could substantially reduce our profit and the value of the Shareholders' investment.

Further details of these risks are set out in the section headed "Risk Factors - Risks Relating to Our Contractual Arrangement" on pages 59 to 65 of the Prospectus.



### The Foreign Investment Law

The Foreign Investment Law (外商投資法) (the "FIL") promulgated by the National People's Congress on March 15, 2019 and Implementation Regulations for Foreign Investment Law promulgated by the State Council of China on December 26, 2019 (the "Implementation Regulations for FIL") have taken effect on January 1, 2020. The FIL replaces the existing laws regulating foreign investments in PRC, namely, the Sino-foreign Equity Joint Venture Enterprise Law, the Sino-foreign Cooperative Joint Venture Enterprise Law and the Wholly Foreign-invested Enterprise Law. The FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL embody an expected regulatory trend in PRC to rationalize its foreign investment regulatory regime in line with prevailing international practice and the legislative efforts to unify the corporate legal requirements for both foreign and domestic investments.

The FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL do not explicitly stipulate the contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment. The FIL does not mention concepts including "actual control" and "controlling through contractual arrangements" nor does it specify the regulation on controlling through contractual arrangements. Furthermore, the FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL do not specifically stipulate rules on the Relevant Businesses. Instead, the FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL stipulate that "foreign investors invest in PRC through any other methods under laws, administrative regulations, or provisions prescribed by the State Council". In addition, the FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL do not specify what actions shall be taken with respect to the existing companies with a VIE structure, whether or not these companies are controlled by PRC entities and/or citizens. Therefore, as advised by our PRC Legal Advisor, our Contractual Arrangements are currently not affected by the FIL and Implementation Regulations for FIL.

Nevertheless, there are possibilities that future laws, administrative regulations or provisions of the State Council of PRC may stipulate contractual arrangements as a way of foreign investments, and then whether our Contractual Arrangements will be recognized as foreign investments, whether our Contractual Arrangements will be deemed to be in violation of the foreign investment access requirements and how our Contractual Arrangements will be dealt with are uncertain.

Our Group has adopted the following measures to ensure the effective operation of our Group with the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements and our compliance with the Contractual Arrangements:

- (1) major issues arising from the implementation and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements or any regulatory enquiries from government authorities will be submitted to our Board, if necessary, for review and discussion on an occurrence basis;
- (2) our Board will review the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements at least once a year;
- (3) our Company will disclose the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements in our annual reports; and
- (4) our Company will engage external legal advisors or other professional advisors, if necessary, to assist the Board to review the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements and review the legal compliance of our WFOE and Consolidated Affiliated Entities to deal with specific issues or matters arising from the Contractual Arrangements.



### FROZEN EQUITY INTERESTS OF TIANJIN MAOYAN WEYING

Reference is made to the 2021 annual results announcement, 2021 annual report, 2022 interim results announcement, 2021 annual report and 2022 annual results announcement of the Company published on March 24, 2022, April 26, 2022, August 18, 2022, September 15, 2022 and March 23, 2023 respectively, including the disclosure in relation to the frozen equity interests of Tianjin Maoyan Weying. As further advised by Weying and Beijing Shiji Weying, they had reached a dispute settlement agreement with the plaintiff and are proceeding with such settlement agreement accordingly. As of December 31, 2022, the equity interests held by Beijing Shiji Weying in Tianjin Maoyan Weying remains frozen.

The Directors, based on the advice of Company's PRC legal advisors, consider that the Contractual Arrangements and the Confirmation are in compliance with relevant PRC laws and regulations and are legally binding and enforceable. There is no material adverse impact on the Contractual Arrangements.

For other details, please refer to Note 37 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

### WAIVERS GRANTED BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE

In respect of the Contractual Arrangements, the Company has applied to the Stock Exchange for, and the Stock Exchange has granted to the Company, a waiver from strict compliance with (i) the announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Rules 14A.04 and 14A.105 of the Listing Rules; and(ii)the requirement of setting an annual cap for the transaction under the Contractual Arrangements under Rule 14A.53 of the Listing Rules, for so long as our Share are listed on the Stock Exchange, subject to the certain conditions as disclosed on pages 253 to 256 of the Prospectus.

### **Confirmation from Independent Non-executive Directors**

The Company's independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Contractual Arrangements and confirmed that:

- (i) the transactions carried out during the year ended December 31, 2022 have been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements;
- (ii) no dividends or other distributions have been made by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group during the year ended December 31, 2022; and
- (iii) any new contracts entered into, renewed or reproduced between the Group and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities during the year ended December 31, 2022 are fair and reasonable, or advantageous to the Shareholders, so far as the Group is concerned and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.



### **Confirmations from the Auditor**

The Auditor has confirmed in a letter to the Board that, with respect to the aforesaid Contractual Arrangements:

- (i) nothing has come to their attention that causes the Auditor to believe that those transactions under the Contractual Arrangements have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) nothing has come to their attention that causes the Auditor to believe that those transactions under the Contractual Arrangements were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing such transactions; and
- (iii) nothing has come to their attention that causes the Auditor to believe that dividends or other distributions have been made by Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of the equity interests of Consolidated Affiliated Entities which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee had reviewed together with the Board the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, auditor of the Company, who shall retire and, being eligible, have offered itself for reappointment as auditor at the AGM. The Company has not changed auditor during any of the past three years.

A resolution will be proposed at the AGM to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company and to authorize the Board to re-authorize the executive Director or the management to fix the remuneration of auditor.

By order of the Board

**Maoyan Entertainment** 

Executive Director

**ZHENG Zhihao** 

Hong Kong, March 23, 2023



## **Corporate Governance Report**

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is dedicated to maintaining and ensuring high standards of corporate governance practices and the corporate governance principles of the Company are adopted in the interest of the Company and its Shareholders.

The Board considered that the Company had complied with all applicable code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code during the Reporting Period. Unless otherwise stated, reference of the code provisions made in this corporate governance report in relation to the Corporate Governance Code is referred to the provisions contained in the Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules in force during the year ended December 31, 2022.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### **Board composition**

The Board currently comprises one executive Director, six non-executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The composition of the Board during the Reporting Period and as of the date of this Annual Report is set out as follows:

### **Executive Director**

Mr. Zheng Zhihao (Chief Executive Officer)

### **Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Changtian<sup>1</sup> (Chairman)

Ms. Li Xiaoping

Ms. Wang Jian<sup>2</sup>

Mr. Cheng Wu (resigned on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Sun Zhonghuai (appointed on November 16, 2022)

Mr. Chen Shaohui

Mr. Lin Ning (resigned on March 23, 2023)

Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy

### **Corporate Governance Report**



### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Wang Hua

Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai

Mr. Yin Hong Ms. Liu Lin

#### Notes:

- 1. Mr. Wang Changtian is the brother of Ms. Wang Jian.
- 2. Ms. Wang Jian is the sister of Mr. Wang Changtian.

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Profiles of Directors and Senior Management" in this Annual Report.

During the Reporting Period, the Board has at all times met the requirements of Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise, and independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his or her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers each of them to be independent.

### **Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

The positions of the chairman ("Chairman") and the chief executive officer ("Chief Executive Officer") of the Company are held separately. The role of Chairman is held by Mr. Wang Changtian, and the role of Chief Executive Officer is held by Mr. Zheng Zhihao. The Chairman is responsible for chairing the general meetings and board meetings of the Company, making decision on and guiding the Company for the significant matters in respect of the Company's external affairs and financial planning and the Company's important business activities. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for operating management and the daily management of Company's business, making decision on the Company's major plan and development and investment proposals, and leading and managing the Company's business with the delegated power.

The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer is defined and established in writing.



#### **Board Meetings, Board Committees Meetings and General Meetings**

The attendance record of each director at the board meetings, general meetings and board committee meetings held during the Reporting Period is set out in the table below:

	Number of meetings attended/held					
	Board	General	Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	
Name of directors	meeting	meeting	committee	committee	committee	
Executive Director						
Mr. Zheng Zhihao	7/7	2/2	N/A	2/2	1/1	
Non-executive Directors						
Mr. Wang Changtian	7/7	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Ms. Li Xiaoping	7/7	0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Ms. Wang Jian	7/7	1/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Cheng Wu (resigned on						
November 16, 2022)	4/6	0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Sun Zhonghuai (appointed on						
November 16, 2022)	1/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Chen Shaohui	5/7	0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Lin Ning (resigned on						
March 23, 2023)	7/7	0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy	7/7	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Independent Non-executive						
Directors						
Mr. Wang Hua	7/7	2/2	4/4	2/2	1/1	
Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai	7/7	2/2	4/4	2/2	N/A	
Mr. Yin Hong	7/7	0/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Ms. Liu Lin	4/7	0/2	4/4	N/A	1/1	



During the Reporting Period, the Company held 7 board meetings, and the chairman held one meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors.

The 2022 annual general meeting of the Company was held at No. 3 Building, Yonghe Hangxing Garden, No. 11 Hepingli East Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, the PRC on June 28, 2022, considered and approved the resolutions regarding audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and the reports of the directors of the Company and auditor for the year ended December 31, 2021, re-election of retiring directors and authorizing the Board to fix remuneration of the Directors, re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company and authorizing the Board to delegate the Executive Directors or the management of the Company to fix the remuneration of the auditor, granting of general mandates to issue new shares and to repurchase shares, and granting of annual mandate to issue shares under the RSU Scheme.

#### **Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors**

Each of the Directors (including the non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) has entered into a service contract or appointment letter with the Company. Terms of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS" of this Annual Report.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with Article 109(a) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Zheng Zhihao, Ms. Li Xiaoping, Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy and Ms. Liu Lin shall retire by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with Article 113 of the Articles of Association, Mr. Sun Zhonghuai will retire by rotation at the AGM, and, being eligible, have offered himself for re-election.



#### **Directors' Responsibilities for Financial Statements**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Group in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors also acknowledge their responsibilities to ensure that the financial statements of the Group are published in a timely manner.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, the Directors have prepared the financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis.

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor on the financial statements of the Group are set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this Annual Report.

#### Responsibilities of and Delegation by the Board

The major powers and functions of the Board include, but are not limited to, convening the general meetings, presenting reports at the general meetings, implementing the resolutions passed at the general meetings, determining the operational plans and investment plans of the Group, determining the annual financial budgets and final accounts of the Group, determining the fundamental management systems of the Group, formulating profit distribution plans and loss recovery plans of the Group, and exercising other powers and functions as conferred by the Articles of Association.

All Directors, including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation of the Group and management of the Company are delegated to the management of the Company.

The Board and the management have clearly defined their authorities and responsibilities under various internal control and check and balance mechanisms. The Board does not delegate matters to the Board committee(s), executive Directors or the management to an extent that would significantly hinder or reduce the ability of the Board as a whole to perform its functions.



#### **Continuous Professional Development**

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the Reporting Period, the internal audit department of the Company provided online training to the directors, including, among others, Director's management on ESG and integrity construction as well as other matters.

	Attending training	Reading regulatory
Directors	session	materials
Executive Director		
Mr. Zheng Zhihao	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Wang Changtian	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Ms. Li Xiaoping	✓	<b>✓</b>
Ms. Wang Jian	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Cheng Wu (resigned on November 16, 2022)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Sun Zhonghuai (appointed on November 16, 2022)	N/A	N/A
Mr. Chen Shaohui	✓	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Lin Ning (resigned on March 23, 2023)	✓	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Tang Lichun, Troy	<i>V</i>	~
Independent Non-executive Directors		
Mr. Wang Hua	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>
Mr. Yin Hong	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
Ms. Liu Lin		<b>✓</b>



#### **Corporate Governance Function**

The Board recognizes that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and their corporate governance duties include:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees
   and Directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report under the Listing Rules.

The Board has reviewed the policies and practices on corporate governance and this corporate governance report.



#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Company has established three Board committees in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations and the corporate governance practice under the Listing Rules, including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee consists of three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai, Mr. Wang Hua and Ms. Liu Lin. Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai currently serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- 1. to review significant financial policies of the Company and their implementation, and supervise the financial activities of the Company;
- 2. to review the financial information and relevant disclosures of the Company;
- 3. to consider and approve the risk management and internal control evaluation proposal of the Company, and supervise and evaluate the risk management and internal control of the Company;
- 4. to consider and approve the audit budget, remuneration of staff and appointment and dismissal of major officers of the Company, supervise and evaluate the work of internal audit of the Company and formulate the medium- to long-term audit plan, annual working plan and internal audit system setting plan of the Company as authorized by the Board, and report to the Board;
- 5. to propose the appointment or dismissal of an external accounting firm, supervise the work of the external accounting firm, and evaluate the report of the external accounting firm to ensure that the external accounting firm undertakes its audit responsibilities;
- 6. to facilitate communications and monitor the relationship between the internal audit and supervision department and the external accounting firm;
- 7. to monitor the non-compliance of the Company in respect of the financial reports and the risk management and internal control; and
- 8. other matters required by laws, regulations, regulatory documents, the rules of the securities regulatory authority of the place where our Shares are listed and the requirements of the Articles of Association, and as authorized by the Board.



During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee held four meetings, at each of which, the external auditor was invited without the presence of the executive Directors.

The Audit Committee held a meeting on March 23, 2022 and reviewed, among other things, the audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Company, etc. On August 18, 2022, another meeting was held to review, inter alia, the unaudited consolidated results of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2022, etc.

PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC") is the appointed auditor of the Group. The Audit Committee annually reviews the relationship between the Company and PwC. In addition, the Audit Committee has also reviewed the effectiveness of external audit procedures and the independence and objectiveness of PwC, and is satisfied with the existence of the good relationship. As a result, the Audit Committee recommends the reappointment of PwC at the forthcoming AGM.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Hua and Mr. Chan Charles Sheung Wai and one executive Director, namely Mr. Zheng Zhihao. Mr. Wang Hua currently serves as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- to formulate procedures and standards for the election of Directors and senior management and make recommendations to the Board on the proposed procedures and standards;
- 2. to make recommendations to the Board on the nomination of candidates for Directors, Presidents and secretary of the Board;
- 3. to preliminarily examine the eligibility of candidates for Directors and senior management;
- 4. to make recommendations to the Board on the nomination of candidates for chairmen and members of the Board committees; and
- 5. other matters required by laws, regulations, regulatory documents, the rules of the securities regulatory authority of the place where our Shares are listed and the requirements of the Articles of Association, and as authorized by the Board.



During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee held two meetings.

The Nomination Committee held a meeting on March 23, 2022 and reviewed, among other things, the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors to determine their eligibility and discussed re-election of retiring directors and succession planning for directors, assessed whether non-executive directors are devoting sufficient time to their duties and reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and Nomination Policy, etc. Furthermore, a meeting was held on November 15, 2022 to consider, among others, the assessment over the qualification of Mr. Sun Zhonghuai as a candidate for non-executive director, and make recommendations to the Board on his appointment as non-executive director.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wang Hua and Ms. Liu Lin, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Zheng Zhihao. Mr. Wang Hua currently serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- 1. to organize and formulate the remuneration policy and plan of Directors and senior management and submit to the Board for approval, and propose the remuneration distribution plan according to the performance evaluation of Directors and senior management and submit to the Board for approval; and
- 2. other matters required by laws, regulations, regulatory documents, the rules of the securities regulatory authority of the place where our Shares are listed and the requirements of the Articles of Association, and as authorized by the Board.

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review, among other things, the remuneration package of the Directors and the remuneration policy and structure of the Group's senior management, discuss the amendments to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, as well as make recommendations to the Board in these regard.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Group adopted a board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") on 10 January 2019. A summary of this policy is disclosed as below:

The purpose of the Board Diversity Policy is to set out the basic principles to be followed to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance.



The Nomination Committee has primary responsibility for identifying candidates, formulating selection standards and procedures, and examining candidates for directors and senior management of the Company, and providing recommendations on the selection. The Nomination Committee will give adequate consideration to this policy in identifying and selecting suitably qualified candidates to become directors of the Company.

Selection of director candidates shall be based on a range of diversity perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, race, language, cultural background, educational background, industry experience and professional experience.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board Diversity Policy, developing and reviewing measurable objectives for implementing the policy and monitoring the progress on achieving these measurable objectives. The Nomination Committee shall review the Board Diversity Policy and the measurable objectives at least annually to ensure the continuing effectiveness of the Board.

As of the date of this Annual Report, the Company has a total of 11 Directors, covering different gender and a broad age distribution. There is a diverse mix of experience and background including Internet and media, information technology, human resource, investment and accounting. The Nomination Committee has reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and considers that, appropriate balance has been stricken among the Board members in terms of skills, experience and perspectives.

#### **EMPLOYEE DIVERSITY**

The Company follows the concept of diversity in hiring and has a roughly equal gender ratio among employees (including senior management). As of December 31, 2022, males account for approximately 47.79% and females account for approximately 52.21% of the 724 employees of the Company. To maintain gender diversity in the workforce, we welcome individuals of all genders and promise to provide equal opportunities in recruitment, training and development, promotion, and compensation and benefits for all employees regardless of gender. The Company believes that we have achieved a satisfactory level of gender diversity in our current workforce composition.

#### MECHANISMS FOR ENSURING INDEPENDENT VIEWS AND INPUT

The Company recognises that independence of the Board is a key element of good corporate governance. The Company has established effective mechanisms, including but not limited to entitling the Directors to seek independent professional advice on matters relating to the Company where appropriate at the Company's expense, to ensure independent views are available to the Board. These mechanisms in place are subject to annual review by the Board that underpins a strong independent Board.



#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Company adopted a policy for nomination (the "Nomination Policy") on March 25, 2019, pursuant to which, the Nomination Committee shall advise the Board on the appointment of any director in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- The Nomination Committee shall, upon completing the assessment over the current composition and size of the Board, produce a description of the responsibilities and capabilities required for the specific appointment with reference to the findings of such assessment.
- 2. Taking into consideration these conditions of identifying or selecting suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee may seek any source of assistance as it sees fit, including referrals from existing directors, use of public advertisement or external consultancy services, and recommendations from the shareholders of the Company.
- 3. The Nomination Committee shall conduct preliminary review over the qualifications and conditions of the candidates for directorship before recommending suitable candidates for directorship to the Board, while the Remuneration Committee shall review the letter of appointment or major terms of such appointment in regard to the candidates for directorship.
- 4. As for the procedures for shareholders to nominate a person for election as a director, please refer to the "Procedures for Shareholders to Nominate a Person for Election as a Director" set out on the website of the Company.
- 5. The Board is entitled to final decision in connection with all matters involving election of the recommended candidates at a general meeting.

In assessing the candidates, the Nomination Committee shall take into the following factors, including but not limited to:

- reputation for individual character, integrity, and others;
- achievements and experiences in the related industry;
- time available for performing duties;



- diversity of the Board in various aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education backgrounds, ethnicity, professional experiences, skills, knowledge, and length of services;
- independence from the Company, as well as potential or actual conflict of interest; and
- potential contributions to the Board.

#### REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT BY BAND

Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in Note 36 to the audited consolidated financial statements. Save as disclosed therein, there is other individual of senior management. Pursuant to paragraph E.1.5 of the CG Code, their remuneration by band for the year ended December 31, 2022 is set out below:

Remuneration bands	Number of individual
RMB1 to RMB5,000,000	1
RMB5,000,001 to RMB10,000,000	-
RMB10,000,001 to RMB50,000,000	-
RMB50,000,001 to RMB100,000,000	-

#### **EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The remunerations paid or payable to the external auditor of the Company in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out as below. The non-audit services conducted by the Auditor mainly include professional services on tax advisory and environmental, social and governance report advisory.

	Fees payable or paid
	RMB'000
Services Category	
Audit Services	6,300
Non-audit Services	365
Total Fees	6,665



#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems of the Company. The Board is committed to implementing an effective and sound risk management and internal control system to safeguard the interest of our shareholders and the assets of the Company. The Board has appointed the management to implement the risk management and internal control system within the delegated scope, as well as to review all control and risk management functions in respect to finance, operation, and compliance with laws and rules.

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board to ensure that the Company has established and maintained adequate and effective risk management and internal control systems and to review their effectiveness. The Board delegates its responsibility to the Audit Committee to review the practices of management with respect to risk management and internal control, including the design, implementation and supervision of the risk management and internal control systems on an annual basis. Furthermore, the Audit Committee also reviews the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

To ensure that the risk management and internal control systems are effective, the Company, under the supervision and guidance of the Board and factoring the actual needs of the Company, has adopted the "Three Lines" model as an official organizational structure for risk management and internal control.

#### First Line - Core Business Departments

The First Line is comprised of business departments or positions of various operation lines of the Company, which is responsible for daily operation and management of the Company, as well as design and implementation of related internal control and risk management measures for their respective departments. The head of each business segment lead and direct the operations, using all resources to complete the Company's objectives, and to set up and maintain the appropriate structure and processes for the Company's operations and risk management and maintain the same to ensure compliance with legal, regulatory and ethical requirements.

#### Second Line - Functional Departments

The Second Line is comprised of various functional departments, which is responsible for supporting management in designing and establishing functional and business management processes, continuously overseeing the enforcement of policies related to the risk management and internal control of the Company, assisting the First Line in establishing and improving its risk management and internal control system. The Second Line is also responsible for providing necessary support and training to achieve a uniform understanding and standardized implementation of risk management and internal control across the Company as well as performing supervisory functions and raise reasonable queries on risk management related work.



#### Third Line - Internal Audit Department

The Third Line is established by the internal audit and supervision department, which is responsible for providing independent assessment and verification of the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Company. In addition to assisting the business departments and functional departments in formulating internal control systems and risk management measures, the Third Line regularly monitors, supervises, and assesses the implementation of the relevant systems and measures at various departments of the Company to ensure that the Company will continue to improve and enhance the risk management and internal control systems of the Company. The Third Line provide independent and objective confirmation and advice to management and governance bodies on the accuracy and effectiveness of corporate governance and risk management efforts, assisting the Company in achieving its goals and driving continuous improvement.

These systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

#### **Risk Management**

The Company has been committed to continuously improving the risk management system, including structure, process and culture, through the enhancement of risk management ability, to ensure long-term growth and sustainable development of the Company's business.

The Company has established a risk management system (including the "Three Lines" internal monitoring model as detailed above) which sets out the roles and responsibilities of each relevant party as well as the relevant risk management policies and processes. Each operation line of the Company, on a regular basis, identifies and assesses risk factors that may negatively impact the achievement of its objectives, and formulates appropriate response measures. The Company's staff also attends training in relation to risk management and internal controls on a regular basis.

#### **Risk Management Process**

The Company has established a dynamic risk management process:

- Business and functional departments of each operation line identify, assess and respond to risks in the
  course of operation in a systematic manner, escalating concerns and communicating results to the internal
  audit and supervision department;
- The internal audit and supervision department collects, analyses, and consolidates a list of significant risks at the company level, and provides input on risk response strategies and control measures for such risks. The corresponding risk responses and control measures against these significant risks will be reviewed by the Audit Committee before reporting to the Board;
- The internal audit and supervision department reviews and evaluates the responses to significant risks from time to time, and reports to the Audit Committee at least once a year; and



• The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, assesses and determines the nature and level of the risks that the Company is willing to take in order to achieve its business objectives and formulates appropriate response strategies which include designating responsible departments for handling each significant risk. The Audit Committee provides guidance to the Company's management to implement effective risk management system with supports from the internal audit and supervision department.

#### **Significant Risks of the Company**

In 2022, the management identified four significant risks in accordance with the abovementioned risk management process. The Board will monitor the overall risk exposure of the Company and review the nature and severity of such significant risks facing the Company. The Board is of opinion that the management has implemented appropriate measures to address and manage these significant risks to such a level acceptable to the management.

Set out below is a summary over the significant risks currently facing the Company and the countermeasures implemented against these risks. As the risk exposure against the Company may at any time change, the list as follows is not exhaustive.

#### 1. Governmental and regulatory risks

The industry in which the Company operates has significant influence on public ideology and the dissemination of social opinion, and is subject to the supervision and management of relevant national laws and regulations and industry policies. In 2022, China promulgated a number of policies and regulations related to cybersecurity, and China may further optimize, adjust and upgrade its regulatory policies in the areas of Internet network security, data security and personal information protection, content censorship in the movie and entertainment industry, and film distribution and screening mechanisms. Any company that fails to identify, respond to and comply with these laws and regulations may be subject to administrative penalties or litigation, which may constrain its business development.

The Company adheres to the principle of compliance, and has set up a legal department and a government affairs department and hired external legal advisors to study and learn the policies and regulations, and constantly review and make necessary adjustments in the light of its own situation in order to reduce the risk of government regulatory compliance. The government affairs department is responsible for timely obtaining various rules and regulations issued by the government and regulatory bodies, keeping track of policy information, fully understanding industrial regulations on entertainment contents, and transmitting the information to the relevant operating line business departments. The business departments will exercise strict control over investments in and promotion of entertainment contents to ensure that the subject matters of such entertainment contents are positive in intent and convey positive energy, while the legal department shall conduct audits over the business qualifications of the Company in accordance with latest policies, and timely provide updates to safeguard the compliance of our businesses with such policies.



#### 2. Market competition risks

The rapid development of the entertainment industry, coupled with the emergence and evolution of new media and entertainment, the customer demands for product and service innovation, and the impact of new communication media on viewers' consumption concepts and methods, as well as the emergence of new competitors, user consumption scenarios, etc., is likely to bring new competitions and challenges to the current businesses of the Company. If the Company fails to perform well against competitors, the Company's operating results and financial conditions may be affected by the possible failure to generate expected revenue or achieve investment returns.

Based on its advantageous position in the industry, the Company actively maintains close relationships with industry participants such as content producers, content distributors, cinemas and other live entertainment organizers, actively collects front-end industry dynamics, accurately identifies changes in the market, understands user and consumer preferences and needs through in-depth research, and continuously innovates and explores in its products and services. Based on the fusion of professional experience and technological capability, the Company has established a unique system of intelligent promotion and distribution and formed a promotion and distribution services matrix to provide various promotion and distribution services for the whole industry. The Company will continue to innovate and launch industry-focused refined intelligent tools and self-developed intelligent systems to stand out in the market competition.

#### 3. Brand and reputation risks

Given the nature of the industry where the Company operates, there is a high level of user engagement, as well as public and media attention. In case that the failure to appropriately resolve or misconduct results in public access to false information or causes public resentment and questions, the Company's reputation and brand image may be impaired alongside loss of users, which will cause adverse effects on the operating results of the Company.

The Company has set up a taskforce dedicated to public relations, and established a comprehensive public opinion and crisis response system, including various emergency response plans and handling procedures, which will collect and monitor public opinions through the internet and other media sources, and summarize and analyze the relevant information before reporting the same to the management. In accordance with the corporate policies, the management will make response plans to ensure that the public relations crises are effectively controlled and resolved in a timely manner, and to protect the Company's reputation and brand image.



#### 4. Risk of investment in film and television works

The Company is committed to exploring and investing in outstanding film and television works. However, the film and television market environment is changing rapidly, and whether the film and television works it invests in can be released and achieve satisfactory box office or ratings is still subject to great uncertainties, such as policy changes affecting the review and performance of the productions, the subject matter of the work not meeting consumer expectations, fierce competition from film and television works in the same period, and commercial cooperation disputes in the process of investment in film and television works. If the Company cannot respond promptly and effectively, it may fail to make investment decisions and may not be able to recover its investment in a timely manner, thereby affecting the Company's performance.

Based on extensive investment experience, the Company have developed a set of scientific investment methodology and gradually formed a comprehensive investment project management team to control the preinvestment, investment and post-investment stages, forming a closed-loop management for film and television investment projects. The Company strengthen the prudence and reasonableness of investment decisions by conducting multiple arguments and comprehensive evaluations of works from multiple perspectives when making investment decisions. The Company actively follows up and controls the project situation based on its years of experience in investment, promotion and distribution project management, and reasonably adjusts its operation strategy to fully respond to changes in the market environment. After the completion of the investment projects, the Company will conduct project review in a timely manner, summarize the project investment experience and continuously optimize the investment methodology to provide strong guidance for the subsequent investment in film and television works.

#### **Internal Control**

The management of the Company is responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of the effectiveness of internal control systems. The Board and the Audit Committee are responsible for monitoring and overseeing the performance of the internal control systems by the management to ensure it is appropriate and effective.

The Company's internal control systems clearly define roles and responsibilities of each party as well as authorizations and approvals required for key actions of the Company. Policies and procedures are put in place for the key business processes. Such information is also clearly shared with employees in practice and plays an important role in internal control systems. All employees must strictly follow the policies which cover, amongst other things, financial, legal and operational issues that set the control standards for the management of each business process.

The functional departments supervise the establishment of the risk management and internal control systems set up by the core business departments, and ensure that appropriate management measures are implemented. The internal audit and supervision department, serving as the independent third line, conducts objective evaluation on the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems and reports the results to the Audit Committee.



#### **Inside Information**

The Company has established an inside information policy, and actively reminded the Directors and employees of due compliance with all policies regarding inside information. To ensure adequate attention to whistleblowing, the Company has established a reporting mechanism to handle and discuss internal whistleblowing of financial, operational, internal control and fraud issues. Major internal control deficiencies or whistle-blowing issues will be submitted to the Audit Committee.

#### **Effectiveness of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems**

The Board conducted an annual review over the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the management confirmed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems within their terms of reference during the year. As a result, the Board is confident, without any evidence to the contrary, that the Company has provided reasonable assurance as to compliance with the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended December 31, 2022, which has prevented any significant financial misstatement or loss, and included protection of assets, appropriate maintenance of accounting records, reliability of financial data, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and identification and control of business risks. In connection with the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems, the Board has confirmed that no significant areas of concern have been identified and believes that the system remains effective and adequate, including sufficient resources, appropriate qualifications and experiences of our employees, and employee training programs, and that there are adequate budgets for accounting, internal audit, and financial reporting functions.

#### **JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES**

The joint company secretaries of the Company are Ms. Zheng Xia and Mr. Cheng Ching Kit.

Ms. Zheng Xia joined the Company in May 2018 and currently serves as Vice President and other positions. Mr. Cheng Ching Kit is an assistant vice president of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, a professional services provider specialising in corporate services, and has over ten years of experience in corporate secretarial field. Mr. Cheng Ching Kit's primary corporate contact person at the Company is Ms. Zheng Xia.

During the Report Period, Ms. Zheng Xia and Mr. Cheng Ching Kit were fully in compliance with the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules as both received no less than 15 hours of professional training.



#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Company encourages the Shareholders to attend the general meetings of the Company.

## The Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") and for Putting Forward Proposals at General Meeting

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association, an extraordinary general meeting of the Company shall be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders of the Company holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company at the headquarter of the Company in the PRC, which is presently situated at No. 3 Building, Yonghe Hangxing Garden, No. 11 Hepingli East Street, Dongcheng District, Beijing, PRC, for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and signed by the requisitionist(s) (the "Requisitionist(s)").

Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Article 114 of the Articles of Association provides that no person, other than a retiring director of the Company, shall, unless recommended by the Board of the Company for election, be eligible for election to the office of director of the Company (the "Director") at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his/her willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the registration office. The period for lodging the notices as required under the Articles of Association will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

Accordingly, if a shareholder wishes to nominate a person to stand for election as a director of the Company at the general meeting, the following documents must be validly served at the registered office of the Company, namely (1) his/her notice of intention to propose a resolution at the general meeting; (2) a notice signed by the nominated candidate of his/her willingness to be elected; (3) the nominated candidate's information as required to be disclosed under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules; and (4) the nominated candidate's written consent to the publication of his/her personal data.



#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company adopted a dividend policy on March 25, 2019.

The Company intends to achieve a balance between maintaining sufficient capital for the Group's business development and operation and rewarding the shareholders of the Company with dividends.

In accordance with the dividend policy, in deciding whether to propose the payment of dividends and the amount of dividend payable, the Board will take into consideration the following factors affecting the Group, including but not limited to:

- actual and expected financial results of the Group;
- distributable profits of the Company and other subsidiaries of the Group;
- dividend income attributable to subsidiaries;
- future operation and profitability;
- capital requirements, earnings, and future expansion plans;
- the overall financial conditions of the Group, including the level of debts, liquidity, and future commitments;
- any contractual limitation on payment of dividends by the Company or payment of dividends by subsidiaries
  of the Company to the Company;
- taxation factors, as well as legal and regulatory restrictions; and
- other factors as the Board may consider.



#### INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a shareholders' communication policy, which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and the Shareholders. During the Reporting Period, the Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders' communication policy. The Company also maintains a website of the Company (http://ir.maoyan.com/), where the Company's announcements, financial information and other information are available for public access.

Shareholders, investors and members of the public should direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong Share Registrar. The contact details for the Hong Kong Share Registrar are as follows:

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shop 1712–1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2862 8555

Fax: (852) 2865 0990

Email: ir@maoyan.com

Email: hkinfo@computershare.com.hk

Should any questions as to the Company arise, shareholders and investors who wish to make inquiries with the Board may contact the Company. The contact details of the Company are as follows:

Maoyan Entertainment
No. 3 Building, Yonghe Hangxing Garden
No. 11 Hepingli East Street
Dongcheng District
Beijing, PRC

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There were no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended December 31, 2022.

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated March 23, 2023. The Company proposed to adopt a new set of amended and restated memorandum of association and articles of association of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on June 28, 2023. The proposed amendments are subject to the passing of a special resolution by the shareholders of the Company.





羅兵咸永道

#### To the Shareholders of Maoyan Entertainment

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Maoyan Entertainment (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 99 to 221, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.



#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Impairment assessment of goodwill
- Expected credit losses assessment of accounts and other receivables



#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### Impairment assessment of goodwill

Refer to Notes 2.6, 4(a) and 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at December 31, 2022, there was goodwill with carrying amount of approximately RMB4,505 million arising from the acquisitions of Beijing Weige Shidai Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd, Shenzhen Ruihai Fangyuan Technology Co., Ltd. and Hangzhou Soushi Network Co., Ltd in the previous years, which represented approximately 43.9% of the total assets of the Group.

Management performed goodwill impairment test by comparing the recoverable amounts of cash generating unit ("CGU") to the carrying amounts. Management determined the recoverable amounts of the CGU based on value in use ("VIU"), which is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the Group's CGU. Based on the assessments, management considered no impairment is necessary in respect of the goodwill as at December 31, 2022.

We focused on this area due to the magnitude of the carrying amounts of goodwill and the fact that significant judgements were required by management as the VIU of the related CGU is determined based on assumptions used in the cash flow forecast. The key assumptions adopted by management include the revenue growth rate, gross margin, terminal growth rate and pre-tax discount rate.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures in relation to impairment assessment of goodwill included:

- We obtained an understanding of management's internal control and process of the estimation of goodwill impairment and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty, complexity and subjectivity;
- We evaluated and tested management's key controls in respect of the goodwill impairment assessment, including the determination of CGU, the valuation model and assumptions used in the calculation of VIU;
- We evaluated the historical accuracy of the cash flow forecast by, for example, comparing the forecast used in the prior year to the actual performance of the business in the current year;
- We evaluated the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in the cash flow forecast, such as revenue growth rate, terminal growth rate and gross margin taking into account industry forecasts and market developments, the Group's management approved budget, plan and historical performance;
- We involved our internal valuation expert to evaluate the pre-tax discount rate applied in the calculation by comparing with the industry or market data to assess whether the pre-tax discount rate applied was within the range of those adopted by comparable companies in the same industry and check the calculation of the pre-tax discount rate; and
- We evaluated management's sensitivity analysis over the revenue growth rate, terminal growth rate and pre-tax discount rate as adopted in the impairment test so as to assess the potential implication on the results of the impairment test for changes of assumptions within a reasonable range.

Based on the above procedures, we considered that the key assumptions adopted in management's impairment assessment of goodwill were supportable by the evidence we obtained.



#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

## Expected credit losses assessment of accounts and other receivables

Refer to Notes 3.1(b), 21 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at December 31, 2022, the gross amount of the Group's accounts and other receivables amounted to approximately RMB1,620 million which represented approximately 15.8% of the total assets of the Group. Management has estimated the expected credit losses ("ECL") on the accounts and other receivables and a loss allowance of approximately RMB692 million was made against the accounts and other receivables as at December 31, 2022.

The loss allowances for accounts and other receivables reflected management's best estimate to determine the ECL at the balance sheet date under IFRS 9.

For accounts receivables that do not share same risk characteristics with others, management assessed their expected credit losses on an individual basis.

For accounts receivables that share same risk characteristics with others, the management applied the simplified approach to provide for their ECL, by first grouping accounts receivables based on their nature and risk characteristics and then recalculating their historical credit loss information before further incorporating forward-looking adjustments to reflect the management's forecasts of macroeconomic factors in different scenarios as this affects the debtors' abilities to settle the receivables.

For other receivables, the management assessed whether their credit risk had increased significantly since their initial recognition and applied the three-stage approach to provide for their ECL using a modelling approach that incorporated key parameters and assumptions (including probability of default, loss given default, exposure at default, etc.).

We focused on this area due to the magnitude of the balance of accounts and other receivables and the fact that significant judgements were required by management in assessing the ECL of accounts and other receivables.

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on the ECL of accounts and other receivables include:

- We obtained an understanding of management's internal control and process of the estimation of the ECL on accounts and other receivables and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty, complexity and subjectivity;
- We evaluated and tested management's key control in relation to the estimate of the ECL on accounts and other receivables;
- We performed the following procedures regarding the reasonableness of methods and assumptions used and judgements made by management:
  - We assessed the appropriateness of the ECL provisioning methodology adopted by management;
  - We tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the key data inputs such as the aging schedules of accounts and other receivables;
  - We evaluated the reasonableness of grouping of accounts receivables, including those assessed on an individual basis, and staging determination for other receivables against their nature and risk characteristics;
  - We challenged the reasonableness of the detailed application of key ECL model parameters and assumptions including possibility of default, loss given default, exposure at default by considering, the historical default rates and past collection information:
  - We evaluated the appropriateness of forward looking information with reference to independent data and our industry knowledge including multiple economic scenarios and parameters; and
  - We tested, on a sample basis, the mathematical accuracy of the calculations of expected credit loss rates based on the historical loss and forward-looking information.

Based on the above procedures, we considered that the significant judgements and estimates made by management in relation to the assessment of the ECL on accounts and other receivables were supportable by available evidences.



#### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



# **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible
  for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit
  opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



# **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** (continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Tong Yu Keung.

#### PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, March 23, 2023

## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**



		Year ended December			
		2022	2021		
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Revenue	6	2,319,477	3,323,415		
Cost of revenue	7	(1,299,507)	(1,481,184)		
Gross profit		1,019,970	1,842,231		
Selling and marketing expenses	7	(480,092)	(672,539)		
General and administrative expenses	7	(299,964)	(360,176)		
Net impairment losses on financial assets	3.1(b)	(83,349)	(194,060)		
Net impairment losses on non-financial assets	22	(33,672)	(113,468)		
Other income	8	38,551	23,251		
Other gains, net	8	643	13,044		
Operating profit		162,087	538,283		
Finance income	10	39,263	28,246		
Finance costs	10	(17,138)	(31,289)		
Finance income/(costs), net	10	22,125	(3,043)		
Share of losses of investments accounted for					
using the equity method	17	(2,921)	(396)		
Profit before income tax		181,291	534,844		
Income tax expenses	11	(76,479)	(166,342)		
Profit for the year		104,812	368,502		
Durafik in aktyle utalala ta					
Profit is attributable to:		105 100	200 500		
- Owners of the Company		105,190	368,502		
- Non-controlling interests		(378)			
		104,812	368,502		



## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

		Year ended Dec	ember 31,
		2022	2021
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company			
(expressed in RMB per share)			
- Basic earnings per share	12	0.09	0.32
Diluted earnings per share	12	0.09	0.32
Profit for the year		104,812	368,502
Other comprehensive income/(loss):			
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Currency translation differences from foreign operations		597	(847)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Currency translation differences from the Company		125,383	(51,117)
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value			
through other comprehensive income, net of tax	3.3, 19	(55,501)	10,373
Other community income//leas) for the year met of toy		70.470	(41.501)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax		70,479	(41,591)
Total comprehensive income for the year		175,291	326,911
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		175,669	326,911
- Non-controlling interests		(378)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		175,291	326,911

The notes on pages 107 to 221 are integral parts of these consolidated financial statements.

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**



		As at Decem	ber 31,
		2022	2021
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	18,477	27,230
Right-of-use assets	15	37,596	7,972
Intangible assets	16	4,947,969	5,062,928
Investments accounted for using the equity method	17	44,946	46,225
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3.3	23,245	23,245
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive			
income	3.3	430,552	314,632
Deferred income tax assets	19	-	14,549
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	22	62,560	4,750
		5,565,345	5,501,531
O			
Current assets Inventories	20	19,274	35,049
Accounts receivables	20 21	436,922	909,862
	22		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	22	1,782,797	1,894,742
Prepaid income tax	2.2	9,828	02.206
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3.3	42,476	93,306
Restricted bank deposits	23	165,216	23,805
Term deposits with original maturity over three months	23	515,285	50,051
Cash and cash equivalents	23	1,720,875	2,519,989
		4,692,673	5,526,804
		1,002,010	0,020,001
Total assets		10,258,018	11,028,335
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
Share capital	27	154	154
Reserves	28	8,328,722	8,249,153
Accumulated losses		(156,516)	(261,635
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		8,172,360	7,987,672
Non-controlling interests		1,415	7,907,072
TVOTI CONTROLLING INTERCESTS		1,413	
Total equity		8,173,775	7,987,672
		-, •, •	.,00.,012



### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

		As at Dece	mber 31,
		2022	2021
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income tax liabilities	19	111,184	132,016
Lease liabilities	15	23,719	
		134,903	132,016
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	24	335,000	512,500
Accounts payables	25	386,670	293,372
Other payables, accruals and other liabilities	26	1,178,284	2,050,708
Lease liabilities	15	14,333	9,075
Current income tax liabilities		35,053	42,992
		1,949,340	2,908,647
Total liabilities		2,084,243	3,040,663
Total equity and liabilities		10,258,018	11,028,335

The notes on pages 107 to 221 are integral parts of these consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements on pages 99 to 221 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

**ZHENG Zhihao** 

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

LI Li

Senior Financial Director

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**



		Attributable to owners of the Company					
	Note	Share capital RMB'000	Reserves RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000	Non- controlling interests RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at January 1, 2022		154	8,249,153	(261,635)	7,987,672	-	7,987,672
					, ,	-	, ,
Profit for the year		_	_	105,190	105,190	(378)	104,812
Currency translation differences		-	125,980	´ <b>-</b>	125,980	-	125,980
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at							
fair value through other comprehensive income,							
net of tax	3.3, 19	-	(55,501)	-	(55,501)	-	(55,501)
Total comprehensive income		-	70,479	105,190	175,669	(378)	175,291
Transfer of loss upon disposal of equity							
investments at fair value through other			_,	(=4)			
comprehensive income to accumulated loss		_	71	(71)			
Transactions with surrors of the Company							
Transactions with owners of the Company Issuance of new shares under share option							
scheme	27, 28	_	29	_	29	_	29
Share-based compensation expenses	7, 29	_	8,504	_	8,504	279	8,783
Transaction with non-controlling interests	.,	-	486	_	486	(486)	-
Capital injection by non-controlling interests (a)		-	_	_	_	2,000	2,000
Total transactions with owners of the Company		-	9,019	_	9,019	1,793	10,812
As at December 31, 2022		154	8,328,722	(156,516)	8,172,360	1,415	8,173,775

In November 2022, the Group received RMB2,000,000 as capital injection from an independent minority shareholder Note a: for a non-wholly owned subsidiary.

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

	_	Attri	У		
		Share		Accumulated	Total
		capital	Reserves	losses	equity
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021		153	8,264,140	(641,234)	7,623,059
Profit for the year		-	_	368,502	368,502
Currency translation differences		_	(51,964)	_	(51,964)
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at					
fair value through other comprehensive income	3.3		10,373	_	10,373
Total comprehensive income		_	(41,591)	368,502	326,911
Transfer of gain upon disposal of equity					
investments at fair value through other					
comprehensive income to accumulated loss		_	(11,097)	11,097	
Transactions with owners of the Company					
Issuance of new shares under share option					
scheme	27, 28	1	4,284	_	4,285
Share-based compensation expenses	29	_	33,417	_	33,417
Total transactions with owners of the Company		1	37,701	_	37,702
As at December 31, 2021		154	8,249,153	(261,635)	7,987,672

The notes on pages 107 to 221 are integral parts of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

		ember 31,	
		2022	2021
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	30(a)	194,780	787,717
Interest paid	10	(16,296)	(30,542)
Income tax paid		(103,268)	(177,912)
Net cash generated from operating activities		75,216	579,263
		,	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	14	(5,629)	(18,746)
Purchases of intangible assets	16	(6,678)	(825)
Payments for financial assets at fair value through			
profit or loss	3.3	(13,676)	(712,408)
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at fair value			
through profit or loss	3.3	96,022	941,112
Payments for financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	3.3	(148,257)	(35,563)
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at fair value			
through other comprehensive income	3.3	2,929	38,568
Interest received		26,261	28,246
Advance of receivables from investments in movies and			
TV series	22	(21,136)	(116,133)
Repayment of receivables from investments in movies and			
TV series	22	2,808	121,266
Advance of loans to third parties		(48,788)	(49,424)
Repayment of loans to third parties		11,333	26,954
Payments for term deposits with original maturity over		(4.400.470)	(50.054)
three months		(1,169,473)	(50,051
Proceeds from disposals of term deposits with original			
maturity over three months		747,513	_
Proceeds from disposals of investments accounted for	47	5 000	
using the equity method	17	5,386	_
Dividend received	17	45	_
Payment for investments accounted for using	. <del>.</del> .	(7.500)	(0.500)
the equity method	17	(7,500)	(9,500



### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

		Year ended December 31,	
		2022	2021
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(528,840)	163,496
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	<i>30(b)</i>	335,000	512,500
Repayments of short-term borrowings	<i>30(b)</i>	(512,500)	(1,013,467)
Proceeds from loans from third parties	<i>30(b)</i>	_	39,923
Repayment of loans from third parties	<i>30(b)</i>	(84,526)	-
Capital injection from non-controlling interests		2,000	_
Principal elements of lease payments	15(d), 30(b)	(14,885)	(14,508)
Proceeds from disposals of restricted bank deposits		23,600	154,000
Payments for restricted bank deposits		(164,349)	(23,805)
Issuance of new shares under share option scheme	27, 28	29	4,285
Net cash used in financing activities		(415,631)	(341,072)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(869,255)	401,687
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,519,989	2,140,149
Exchange gain/(loss) on cash and cash equivalents		70,141	(21,847)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		1,720,875	2,519,989

The notes on pages 107 to 221 are integral parts of these consolidated financial statements.

## **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**



#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 1.1 **General information**

Maoyan Entertainment (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on December 8, 2017 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is Walkers Corporate Limited, 190 Elgin Avenue, George Town, Grand Cayman KY1-9008, Cayman Islands. The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on February 4, 2019.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries, including structured entities (collectively, the "Group"), are principally engaged in the provision of online entertainment ticketing services, entertainment content services, movies and TV series investments, advertising services and others in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RMB'000) except when otherwise indicated. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 have been approved for issue by the Company's board of directors (the "Board") on March 23, 2023.

#### 1.2 **Basis of preparation**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4 below.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 New and amended standards and interpretations

### New and amended standards and interpretations adopted by the Group

The Group has applied new and amended standards effective for the financial year beginning on January 1, 2022. The adoption of these new and revised standards does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for December 31, 2022 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after

IFRS 17 (including the June	Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2023
2020 and December 2021		
Amendments to IFRS 17)		
Amendments to IFRS 10 and	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an	To be determined
IAS 28	Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	
Amendments to IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or	January 1, 2024
	Non-current	
Amendments to IAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	January 1, 2023
Practice Statement 2		
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities	January 1, 2023
	arising from a Single Transaction	



#### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued) 2

### Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

#### Subsidiaries (a)

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform to the Group's accounting policies.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet respectively.

### Subsidiaries controlled through contractual arrangements

Maoyan Entertainment (HK) Limited ("Maoyan Entertainment HK"), the subsidiary of the Group, established Tianjin Maoyan Weying Technology Co., Ltd (the "WFOE"), has entered into the contractual arrangement with Tianjin Maoyan Weying Cultural Media Co., Ltd. ("Tianjin Maoyan Weying") and its registered shareholders, which enables the WFOE and the Group to:

- Exercise effective control over the Tianjin Maoyan Weying and its subsidiaries (the "Operating Entities");
- Exercise owners' voting rights of the Operating Entities;
- Receive substantially all of the economic interests and returns generated by the Operating Entities in consideration for the technical support, consulting and other services provided exclusively by the WFOE, at the WFOE's discretion;



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **Principles of consolidation and equity accounting** (continued)

**Subsidiaries** (continued)

### **Subsidiaries controlled through contractual arrangements** (continued)

- Obtain an irrevocable and exclusive right to purchase all equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying from its registered shareholders at a nominal consideration unless the relevant government authorities request that another amount be used as the purchase consideration and in which case the purchase consideration shall be such amount. Where the purchase consideration is required by the relevant government authorities to be an amount other than a nominal amount, the registered shareholders of Tianjin Maoyan Weying shall return the amount of purchase consideration they have received to the WFOE. At the WFOE's request, the registered shareholders of Tianjin Maoyan Weying will promptly and unconditionally transfer their respective equity interests of Tianjin Maoyan Weying to the WFOE (or its designee within the Group) after the WFOE exercises its purchase right; and
- Obtain pledges over the entire equity interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying from its registered shareholders to secure, among others, performance of their obligations under the contractual arrangement.

The Group does not have any equity interest in the Operating Entities. However, as a result of the contractual arrangement, the Group has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the Operating Entities and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the Operating Entities and is considered to control the Operating Entities. Consequently, the Company regards the Operating Entities as controlled structure entities and consolidated the financial position and results of operations of these entities in the consolidated financial statements of the Group during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Nevertheless, there are still uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of current and future PRC laws and regulations. The Directors of the Group, based on the advice of its legal counsel, consider that the use of contractual arrangements does not constitute a breach of relevant laws and regulations.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **Principles of consolidation and equity accounting** (continued)

#### (b) **Associates**

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting (see 2.2(d) below), after initially being recognised at cost.

### (c) Joint arrangements

Under IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement.

The Group has assessed the nature of its certain investments in movie production and determined them to be joint operations. The Group recognizes its direct right to the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations and its share of any jointly held or incurred assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. These have been incorporated in the financial statements under the appropriate headings. Details of the revenue recognition related to investments in movie production classified as joint operation are set out in Note 2.19(b)(ii).

Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method (see 2.2(d) below), after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### (d) Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group increases its ownership interest in an associate or a joint venture but the Group continues to use the equity method, goodwill is recognised at acquisition date if there is excess of the consideration paid over the share of carrying amount of net assets attributable to the additional interests in associates or joint ventures acquired. Any excess of share of carrying amount of net assets attributable to the additional interests in associates or joint ventures acquired over the consideration paid are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the additional interest are acquired.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **Principles of consolidation and equity accounting** (continued)

#### (d) **Equity method** (continued)

Where the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity-accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equity-accounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.7.

#### (e) Changes in ownership interests

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration received/paid and the relevant share disposed/acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable IFRSs.

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **Principles of consolidation and equity accounting** (continued)

#### **Business Combinations** (f)

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred;
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business;
- equity interests issued by the Group;
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

A business is an integrated set of activities and assets which includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs. The acquired processes are considered substantive if they are critical to the ability to continue producing outputs, including an organised workforce with the necessary skills, knowledge, or experience to perform the related processes or they significantly contribute to the ability to continue producing outputs and are considered unique or scarce or cannot be replaced without significant cost, effort, or delay in the ability to continue producing outputs.

For business combinations in which the acquisition date is on or after January 1, 2022, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed must meet the definitions of an asset and a liability in the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued by International Accounting Standards Board in March 2018 (the "Conceptual Framework") except for transactions and events within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21, in which the Group applies IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 instead of the Conceptual Framework to identify the liabilities it has assumed in a business combination. Contingent assets are not recognised.

### 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting (continued)

### (f) Business Combinations (continued)

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognizes any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the

- consideration transferred;
- amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity; and
- acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity.

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognized in profit or loss.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The functional currency of the Company is USD. The Company's primary subsidiaries were incorporated in the PRC and these subsidiaries considered RMB as their functional currency. As the major operations of the Group are within the PRC, the Group determined to present its consolidated financial statements in RMB (unless otherwise stated).

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, within "other gains, net".

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position as part of the fair value gain or loss in profit or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), are included in other comprehensive income.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## **Foreign currency translation** (continued)

#### (c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency of RMB are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- All resulting currency translation differences are recognized as a separate component of other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Office equipment 3-5 years Computer equipment 3 years Leasehold improvements the shorter of their useful lives and the lease terms

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognized in "other gains, net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.6 Intangible assets

#### (a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGU containing the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognized immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

#### Trademarks and licenses (b)

Separately acquired trademarks and licenses are shown at historical cost. Trademarks and licenses acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademarks and licenses have finite useful lives and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks and licenses over their estimated useful lives of 9 to 10 years. The Group determined the acquired trademarks and licenses to have useful lives of 9 to 10 years based on the brand awareness of acquiree, expected future renewal rates and the best estimate of the Group.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.6 **Intangible assets** (continued)

#### Software (c)

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized on a straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3-10 years. Considering this acquired software licenses are well-developed off the shelf software, there is no contractual term of these software license, and the Group can use the software as long as it can meet the Group's business needs. Based on the current functionalities equipped by this software and the daily operation needs, the Group considers a useful life of 3-10 years is the best estimation under current business needs.

#### (d) Business cooperation agreement

Business cooperation agreement represents platform agreement with Tencent. It has a finite life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over its useful life.

#### Contractual customer relationship (e)

Contractual customer relationships acquired in a business combination are recognized at fair value at the acquisition date. The contractual customer relations have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method over the expected life of 10-15 years. The Group determined the acquired contractual customer relationship to have a useful life of 10 to 15 years based on the rule-ofthumb approach, considering the increase rate of revenue from these customers and customer churn rate, to determine the estimated benefit period of the contractual customer relationship.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

#### 2.8 **Financial assets**

### (a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### 2.8 Financial assets (continued)

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in "other gains/(losses), net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### Financial assets (continued)

(c) Measurement (continued)

### **Debt instruments** (continued)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognized in "other gains/(losses), net". Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in "other gains/(losses), net" and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within "other gains/(losses), net" in the period in which it arises.

### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in "other gains/(losses), net" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.8 Financial assets (continued)

#### **Impairment** (d)

The Group has types of financial assets subject to IFRS 9's expected credit loss model:

- Accounts receivables:
- Other receivables, and
- Cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months.

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For accounts receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

Impairment on other receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit loss, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses. To manage risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months, the Group only transacts with stateowned or reputable financial institutions. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognized impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### Financial assets (continued)

### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position where the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.9 **Inventories**

Inventories consist primarily of television and movie scripts and side-line merchandise for sale, and are stated at the lower of cost, using the weighted average method, or net realisable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable selling expenses.

### 2.10 Accounts receivables and other receivable

Accounts receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed or inventories sold in the ordinary course of business. If collection of accounts and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. Otherwise, they are presented as non-current assets.

Accounts receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. See Note 2.8(d) for a description of the Group's impairment policy for accounts receivables.

### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statements include: cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Preferred shares are classified as equity if, and only if they represent the residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all its liabilities (i.e., no contractual obligation to deliver cash, another financial asset or a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments).

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

## 2.13 Accounts payables

Accounts payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Accounts payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.14 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.15 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2.16 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the company and its subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

#### Deferred income tax (b)

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.16 Current and deferred income tax** (continued)

### **Deferred income tax** (continued)

The deferred tax liability in relation to investment property that is measured at fair value is determined assuming the property will be recovered entirely through sale.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### (c) Offsetting

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.17 Employee benefits

#### (a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as payroll and welfare payable in the balance sheet.

### (b) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick and maternity leave are not recognized until the time of leave.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.17** Employee benefits (continued)

#### (c) Pension obligations

The Group contributes on a monthly basis to various defined contribution plans organised by the relevant governmental authorities. The Group's liability in respect of these plans is limited to the contributions payable in each period. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred and not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the plan prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Assets of the plans are held and managed by government authorities and are separated from those of the Group.

#### (d) Share-based benefits of the Group

The Group operates several equity-settled share-based compensation plans (including share option scheme and restricted stock units ("RSUs") scheme), under which the Group receives service from its employees in exchange for the equity instruments of the Group. As disclosed in Note 29, during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. The fair value of the employee service received in exchange for the grant of share options and RSUs is recognized as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted:

- Including any market performance conditions (e.g., the entity's share price);
- Excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (e.g., profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- Including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (e.g., the requirement for employees to save or holdings shares for a specific period of time).

Non-market performance and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognized over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognizing the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.17** Employee benefits (continued)

#### (d) **Share-based benefits of the Group** (continued)

The grant by the Company of its equity instruments to the employees of its subsidiaries is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognized over the vesting period as an increase to investments in subsidiaries, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

Where there is any modification of terms and conditions which increases the fair value of the equity instruments granted, the Group includes the incremental fair value granted in the measurement of the amount recognized for the services received over the remainder of the vesting period. The incremental fair value is the difference between the fair value of the modified equity instrument and that of the original equity instrument, both estimated as at the date of the modification. An expense based on the incremental fair value is recognized over the period from the modification date to the date when the modified equity instruments vest in addition to any amount in respect of the original instrument, which should continue to be recognized over the remainder of the original vesting period. Furthermore, if the entity modifies the terms or conditions of the equity instruments granted in a manner that reduces the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is not otherwise beneficial to the employee, the entity shall nevertheless continue to account for the services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted as if that modification had not occurred (other than a cancellation of some or all the equity instruments granted).

At the end of each period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognizes the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.18 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognized for further operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

### 2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured when or as the control of the goods or services is transferred to a customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods and services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods and services is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer; or
- creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods and services transfers over time, revenue is recognized over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. The Group uses the output methods to measure the progress towards, recognizing revenue based on direct measurements of the value transferred to the customer. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods and services.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

Contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For such arrangements, the Group allocates revenue to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price. The Group generally determines standalone selling prices based on the prices charged to customers. If the standalone selling price is not directly observable, it is estimated using expected cost plus a margin or adjusted market assessment approach, depending on the availability of observable information. Assumptions and estimations have been made in estimating the relative selling price of each distinct performance obligation, and changes in judgements on these assumptions and estimates may impact the revenue recognition.

When either party to a contract has performed, the Group presents the contract in the statement of financial position as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the entity's performance and the customer's payment.

A contract asset is the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods and services that the Group has transferred to a customer. A receivable is recorded when the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due.

If a customer pays consideration or the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, before the Group transfers a good or service to the customer, the Group presents the contract liability when the payment is made or a receivable is recorded (whichever is earlier). A contract liability is the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due from the customer).

The Group principally derives revenue from movie services, merchandising and membership business, advertising business and other entertainment services.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

### Online entertainment ticketing services

Online entertainment ticketing services consist primarily of online movie ticketing as well as entertainment event ticketing service.

#### (i) Online movie ticketing

The Group provides an e-commerce platform that enables cinemas to sell their movie tickets to users through the platform. Users can select cinemas, movies, order the seats and pay for the tickets through the Group's platform. The Group identifies cinemas as the customers for the online movie ticketing services.

Revenue from online movie ticketing services is recognized on a net basis as the Group is not regarded as the primary obligor and not responsible for film shown and does not have the ability to determine the pricing of the tickets. The Group only receives commission fee from the cinemas.

The payments from users are cancellable and refundable before the films are shown. The Group initially recorded the payments from the users as other payables and recognizes commission revenue when the films are shown.

The Group offers ticket refund and exchange services on the platform for some cinemas and receive extra service fee from cinemas. The payments arising from ticket refund and exchange are non-refundable. Revenue is recognized when the cinemas complete the ticket refund and exchange for users.

### Online entertainment event ticketing (ii)

The Group offers ticketing services for entertainment events, such as concerts, live performances, exhibitions and sports events on its platform. Subject to the capabilities of the theaters and other venues, the Group provides online seat area selection for certain entertainment events.

The Group works with event promoters including theaters and other venues. Tickets are sold on the Group's platform at the face value determined by the event promoters. The Group provides the event promoters with convenient and stable ticketing system and managerial assistance through the system.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

#### (a) **Online entertainment ticketing services** (continued)

### (ii) Online entertainment event ticketing (continued)

The Group identifies theaters and other venues as the customers for online entertainment event ticketing services.

Ticket refund and exchange, as well as the extra service fee, are subject to the terms and conditions made by the event promoters. If events are cancelled or postponed, the event promoters will refund the value of the ticket prices to our users through the Group, and the event promoters are responsible for any expenses, liability claims, disputes and litigation resulting from such cancellation.

Revenue is recognized on a net basis as the Group is not regarded as the primary obligor and is not responsible for the event and does not take inventory risk. The Group only receives commission fee from the theaters and other venues.

The Group initially recorded the payments from the users as other payables and recognizes commission revenue when the events are started.

#### (b) Entertainment content services

The Group operates an integrated platform to provide entertainment content services, including distribution, promotion to production, for various entertainment formats including movies, entertainment events, TV series, web series, web movies and variety shows.

#### (i) Movie distribution and promotion services

The Group offers movie distribution and promotion services for content producers which are identified as customers of the Group. Movie distribution and promotion carried out by the Group include tailored audience incentive programs, promotion campaign in cooperation with movie fans club, movie presale and test screenings.

Since the Group normally has the ability to determine the pricing of the services and has taken responsibility for monitoring the quality of services provided and to negotiate the service terms, the Group is regarded as the primary obligor and recognizes revenue from movie distribution and promotion services on a gross basis.

#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

#### (b) **Entertainment content services** (continued)

### (i) Movie distribution and promotion services (continued)

Revenue from distribution and promotion is generated from the following sources: (i) a fixed-amount distribution cost as payment for the Group's distribution and promotion expenses, which is normally deducted from box office proceeds prior to payments to movie producers; and (ii) a distribution fee which can be either a fixed amount or a percentage of the movie, after deducting all necessary costs and expenses for production and distribution.

Revenue from distribution and promotion is recognized over the movie schedule according to the process of box office revenue. The Group uses the output methods to measure the progress towards, recognizing revenue based on direct measurements of the value transferred to the producers. Accounts receivable is recorded when revenue is recognized due to the Group has an unconditional right to consideration.

#### (ii) Movies production/investment

The Group provides market-oriented advice to the production crew on the shooting and edition processes, leveraging the Group's big data analytical capabilities and extensive experience of movie distribution and promotion, and makes capital investment in the production as a co-producer or a producer.

When the Group is not involved in the determination of idea origination, production crew and cast selection, shooting and post-production but only participates in the distribution and promotion. The Group is not considered to be involved in the movie production process and the main purpose of the investment in the movies is to obtain the distribution right of the movies from the movie production companies and to earn the distribution fee. Given that distribution services are provided by the Group to the producers/movie production companies, and the investment in the relevant movie made by the Group is also paid to the same producer/movie production company, such investment cost is considered as in substance a consideration payable to a customer of the Group, and as a result, such investment cost shall be accounted for as a reduction of revenue. Therefore, revenue from this type of investment in movie projects arising from the revenue share of the movie, based on the interest percentage owned by the Group, is recognized over the movie screening period according to the box office, after the reduction of the Group's investment cost (on a net basis). Accounts receivables are recorded when revenue recognized due to the Group has an unconditional right to consideration.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

#### (b) **Entertainment content services** (continued)

#### (ii) Movies production/investment (continued)

When the Group involves and participates in the determination of idea origination, production crew, cast selection, shooting, post-production with other co-producers and determine distribution and promotion plan as distributor for the movies, and when the key relevant activities of the movie production are discussed and jointly determined by the Company and other producers, the arrangement is considered in substance as a joint operation. As a result, the Company shall recognize the share of revenue and cost of the movies based on our own interest percentage on the relevant movies according to the accounting policy disclosed in Note 2.2(c) Joint arrangements. Therefore, revenue from this type of movie production/investment arising from the revenue share of the movie, based on the interest percentage owned by the Group, is recognized over the movie screening period according to the box office (on a gross basis), and the relevant investment cost of such movies (also representing the cost of the movies shared to the Group) is recognized and presented as cost of revenue in the same pattern of the aforesaid revenue recognition.

When the Group is fully involved as a principal in the determination of idea origination, production crew and cast selection, shooting and post-production. The Group controlled the movie production process and is considered to be a producer. Therefore, revenue from this type of movie production represents the Group's share of box office sales from movies exhibited in movie theatres, after the payment of taxes and other charges by movie theatres and associates of movie theatres, is recognized over the movie screening period according to the box office (on a gross basis).

The corresponding movie production costs are initially capitalised under "Contract fulfilment costs for movie productions" in Note 22 and stated at cost less any provision for impairment losses. Provisions are made for costs which are in excess of the expected future revenues generated by these films. They are subsequently amortised to profit or loss under cost of revenue in the same pattern of the aforesaid revenue recognition when the associated movies are exhibited in movie theatres.

The Group also strategically invested in movies and TV series as one of the principal activities of the Group. Therefore, the Group has presented the changes in fair value on the investment in movies and TV series as revenue of the Group in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

#### (b) Entertainment content services (continued)

### Licensing of broadcasting rights of television series

When the Group controls the television series production process by determined the idea origination, production crew and cast selection, shooting and post-production, the Group determines it's a principal and therefore records revenue on a gross basis. After completing the idea origination and preliminary work, the Group negotiate with online video platforms to sale the license of television series rights.

Revenue from the licensing of broadcasting rights of television series is recognised at the point in time when the television series are available to the licensee and the licensee is able to use and benefit from the license, generally on delivery of the drama series after the approval from the National Radio and Television Administration of the PRC ("the NRTA") or receipt of the licence for distribution of television series from the provincial counterpart of the NRTA when a customer is provided with a right to broadcast the television series as it exists at the point in time when the licence is granted.

In certain agreements with online video platform customers, the Group is entitled to additional bonus based on the actual broadcasting performance. Revenue from such additional bonus is recognised when the amount is determined and confirmed by the customers.

#### (c) Advertising services and others

The Group's platform offers online ordering of in-cinema food and beverage, sale of IP-centric movie merchandise and movie ticket membership subscriptions for the cinemas. Users can order the food, beverage and others and pay for it through the Group's platform in advance.

The varieties and price of food, beverage and other items are determined by the individual cinemas. The Group also acts as an agent in the transaction and only earns pre-agreed commission revenue from cinemas. Revenue from e-commerce services is recognized on a net basis as the Group is not regarded as the primary obligor.

The payments from users are cancellable and refundable before the users enjoy the goods or services. The Group initially records the payments from the users as other payables and recognizes commission revenue when the users enjoy the goods and services.



#### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### **2.19 Revenue recognition** (continued)

### **Advertising services and others** (continued)

The Group provides advertising services to advertisers as well as advertising agencies in both the movie industry and other industries.

The Group also provides other advertising services, including advertisements incorporated into the entertainment content in the form of news feeds and articles published through the official accounts across several social media platform, as well as various offline marketing resources such as cinemas, movie roadshows, and cross-industry advertisement cooperation.

Advertising revenue mainly comprise revenue derived from displaying advertisements on its platform. The Group recognizes the revenue on a straight-line basis over the contracted period with customers in which the advertisements are displayed.

Since the Group has the ability to determine the pricing of the advertising services and to take responsibility for monitoring the quality of advertising services provided and to negotiate the service terms, the Group is regarded as the primary obligor and recognizes revenue from advertising on a gross basis.

Advertisers usually pay the advertisement after the display is completed. The Group records accounts receivables when the revenue recognized since the Group has unconditional rights to payments of advertising services which are due according to the contract terms.

### Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation (d)

The transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied, or partially unsatisfied, has not been disclosed, as substantially all of the Group's contracts have a duration of 1 year or less.



## **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.20 Interest income

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For creditimpaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Interest income is presented as finance income where it armed from financial assets that are held for cash management purpose. Any other interest income is included in other income.

Interest income from financial assets at 'FVPL' is included in fair value gain under "other gains, net" on these assets.

### 2.21 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognized at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognized in the statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred government grants and are credited to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

### 2.22 Leases

The Group leases various offices. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.22 Leases (continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- any restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.



### **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.23 Research and development expenses

Research expenditure is recognized as an expense as incurred.

Costs incurred on development projects (relating to the design and testing of new or improved products) are capitalized as intangible assets when the following recognition criteria are fulfilled:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the software and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the software;
- it can be demonstrated how the software will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the software during its development can be reliably measured.

Other development expenditures that do not meet those criteria are recognized as expenses as incurred. Development costs previously recognized as expenses are not recognized as assets in subsequent periods. Capitalized development costs are amortized from the point at which the assets are ready for use on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

### 2.24 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the steering committee that makes strategic decisions.

### 2.25 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.



### 2 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### 2.26 Earnings per share

#### (a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

### (b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3

### 3.1 **Financial risk factors**

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. Risk management is carried out by the senior management of the Group.

### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group's businesses are principally conducted in RMB, which is exposed to foreign currency risk with respect to transactions denominated in currencies other than RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognized assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group did not enter into any forward contract to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.



### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The following table shows the Group's monetary assets and liabilities (in RMB equivalent) that are denominated in foreign currencies other than the functional currencies of respective group entities:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	As at December 31,		As at December 31,	
Currency denomination	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
USD	7,802	-	-	-
HKD	176,695	126,429	2,328	85,925
	184,497	126,429	2,328	85,925

The Group may experience a loss as a result of any foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations in connection with monetary assets shown above. The Group has not used any means to hedge the exposure.

If RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the HKD with all other variables held constant, profit before income tax for the year ended December 31, 2022 would have been RMB8,718,000 higher/lower (2021: RMB2,025,000). The impact of exchange fluctuations of USD currencies were not significant as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

### (ii) Fair value interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises from interest-bearing bank deposits and bank borrowings. Bank borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Bank borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.1 **Financial risk factors** (continued)

#### (a) Market risk (continued)

### (ii) Fair value interest rate risk (continued)

Other than interest-bearing bank deposits, the Group has no other significant interestbearing assets. The directors of the Company do not anticipate there is any significant impact to interest-bearing assets resulted from the changes in interest rates, because the interest rates of bank deposits are not expected to change significantly.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's interest-bearing borrowings are all at fixed rates.

### (iii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to price risk in respect of the long-term investments and shortterm investments measured at FVPL and FVOCI held by the Group. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. To manage its price risk arising from the investments, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Each investment was managed by senior management on a case by case basis.

#### Credit risk (b)

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily in relation to its cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months placed with banks and financial institutions as well as accounts receivables and other receivables. The carrying amount of each class of the above financial assets represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the corresponding class of financial assets.

#### (i) Risk management

To manage risk arising from cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months, the Group only transacts with state-owned or reputable financial institutions in Hong Kong and mainland China. There has been no recent history of default in relation to these financial institutions.

The Group has large number of debtors and there was no concentration of credit risk. The Group has monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverability of these trade and other receivables at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### **Financial risk factors** (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has three types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- Cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months
- Accounts receivables
- Other receivables

While cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits and term deposits with original maturity over three months, are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial as they were placed in reputable institutions in Hong Kong and mainland China with sound credit ratings.

### Accounts receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all accounts receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, accounts receivables have been grouped based on share credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The expected loss rates are based on the aging profiles of accounts receivables over a period of 48 months before the December 31, 2022 or January 1, 2022 respectively and the corresponding historical credit losses expected within this period. These historical loss rates are then adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the "urban per capita disposable income" of the PRC in which it sells its services to be the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in this factor in different scenarios.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Accounts receivables (continued)

On such basis, the loss allowance as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was determined as follows for accounts receivables:

		Up to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	Over	
		months	months	months	1 year	
	Current	past due	past due	past due	past due	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at December 31, 2022						
On collective basis						
Expected loss rate	8.30%	10.71%	18.58%	30.60%	79.07%	23.48%
Gross carrying amount	222,536	91,170	50,431	138,441	68,428	571,006
Loss allowance provision	18,475	9,766	9,370	42,369	54,104	134,084
On individual basis						
Expected loss rate	-	-	-	-	100.00%	100.00%
Gross carrying amount	-	-	-	-	118,446	118,446
Loss allowance provision	-	-	-	-	118,446	118,446
Total						
Expected loss rate	8.30%	10.71%	18.58%	30.60%	92.34%	36.63%
Gross carrying amount	222,536	91,170	50,431	138,441	186,874	689,452
Loss allowance provision	18,475	9,766	9,370	42,369	172,550	252,530



# FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### Financial risk factors (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Accounts receivables (continued)

		Up to 3	3 to 6	6 to 12	Over	
		months	months	months	1 year	
	Current	past due	past due	past due	past due	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at December 31, 2021						
On collective basis						
Expected loss rate	6.93%	7.60%	13.72%	21.84%	72.39%	9.81%
Gross carrying amount	886,524	46,090	26,044	11,564	38,658	1,008,880
Loss allowance provision	61,430	3,505	3,573	2,525	27,985	99,018
On individual basis						
Expected loss rate	-	-	-	_	100.00%	100.00%
Gross carrying amount	-	-	-	-	99,711	99,711
Loss allowance provision	-	-	-	-	99,711	99,711
Total						
Expected loss rate	6.93%	7.60%	13.72%	21.84%	92.29%	17.93%
Gross carrying amount	886,524	46,090	26,044	11,564	138,369	1,108,591
Loss allowance provision	61,430	3,505	3,573	2,525	127,696	198,729

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the extended COVID-19 lockdown impacted the recovery of PRC entertainment industry and the relevant companies, and in view of that, the Group assessed that the total expected loss rate of accounts receivables as at December 31, 2022 was higher than the rate as at December 31, 2021.



#### 3 **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

### Financial risk factors (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued) (b)

#### Impairment of financial assets (continued) (ii)

Accounts receivables (continued)

The loss allowances for accounts receivables as at December 31, reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At the beginning of the year	198,729	172,807	
Impairment provision	53,801	54,117	
Write-off	-	(28,195)	
At the end of the year	252,530	198,729	

The directors of the Company have carefully re-assessed the lifetime expected credit loss of accounts receivables as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and accounts receivable are written off where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in repayment plan with the Group.

### Other receivables

Other receivables primarily comprise balances resulted from the Group's principal activities with various business partners primarily in the PRC entertainment industry. The impairment loss of these financial assets carried at amortized cost is measured based on the twelve months expected credit loss. The Directors consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:



### **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

- Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (b) Credit risk (continued)
    - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

- external credit rating;
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the customer's ability to meet its obligations; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. Under such case, the other receivables are classified as stage 2 and subject to lifetime expected losses provision. When the other receivables became past due for more than 90 days, they are treated as credit-impaired and therefore classified as stage 3.

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where other receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in follow-up actions such as enforcement activities to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

Management uses three categories for other receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of those categories. These internal credit risk ratings are aligned to external credit rating companies including Moody's.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### Financial risk factors (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - Impairment of financial assets (continued) (ii)

Other receivables (continued)

A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's expected credit loss model on other receivables is as follows:

		Basis for recognition of
Category	The Group's definition of category	expected credit loss provision
Stage 1	Other receivables whose credit risk is in line with original expectations and/or past due for less than 30 days.	12 month expected losses.  Where the expected lifetime of an asset is less than 12 months, expected losses are measured at its expected lifetime
Stage 2	Other receivables for which a significant increase has occurred compared to original expectations; A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if interest and/or principal repayments are past due for more than 30 days but less than 90 days.	Lifetime expected losses
Stage 3	Interest and/or principal repayments are more than 90 days past due or it becomes probable that a customer will enter bankruptcy.	Lifetime expected losses

In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of debtors, and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## Financial risk factors (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

The Group provides for credit losses against other receivables as follows:

As at December 31, 2022	Stage1 RMB'000	Stage2 RMB'000	Stage3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Grass sarrying amount				
Gross carrying amount  Deposits and receivables for				
online entertainment ticketing,				
e-commerce and other services	244,011	12,078	252,256	508,345
Loans to third parties	41,788	_	101,145	142,933
Amounts due from related parties	120,179	_	4,727	124,906
Receivables for investment in				
movies and TV series	34,300	-	55,057	89,357
Deposits for rental and others	26,591	-	_	26,591
Others	18,307	-	19,696	38,003
	485,176	12,078	432,881	930,135
	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3	Total
	•	•	•	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Loss allowance	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Loss allowance  Deposits and receivables for	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Deposits and receivables for	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing,	RMB'000			
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services		4,097	252,252	257,320
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing,	971			1000
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties	971 437		252,252 101,145	257,320 101,582
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties  Amounts due from related parties	971 437		252,252 101,145	257,320 101,582
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties Amounts due from related parties Receivables for investment in	971 437 211		252,252 101,145 4,727	257,320 101,582 4,938
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties Amounts due from related parties Receivables for investment in movies and TV series	971 437 211 273		252,252 101,145 4,727	257,320 101,582 4,938 55,330
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties Amounts due from related parties Receivables for investment in movies and TV series Deposits for rental and others	971 437 211 273 278		252,252 101,145 4,727 55,057	257,320 101,582 4,938 55,330 278
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties Amounts due from related parties Receivables for investment in movies and TV series Deposits for rental and others	971 437 211 273 278		252,252 101,145 4,727 55,057	257,320 101,582 4,938 55,330 278
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce and other services Loans to third parties Amounts due from related parties Receivables for investment in movies and TV series Deposits for rental and others	971 437 211 273 278 191	4,097 - - - - -	252,252 101,145 4,727 55,057 - 19,696	257,320 101,582 4,938 55,330 278 19,887



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (continued)

## Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

The Group provides for credit losses against other receivables as follows (continued):

As at December 21, 2021	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3	Total
As at December 31, 2021	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Gross carrying amount				
Deposits and receivables for				
online entertainment ticketing,				
e-commerce and other services	346,288	_	254,213	600,501
Deposits for rental and others	13,546	_	_	13,546
Amounts due from related parties	62,240	_	22,814	85,054
Receivables for investment in				
movies and TV series	21,330	_	49,699	71,029
Loans to third parties	91,424	_	78,526	169,950
Others	5,765		30,855	36,620
	540,593	_	436,107	976,700
	Stage1	Stage2	Stage3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Loss allowance				
Deposits and receivables for				
online entertainment ticketing,				
e-commerce and other services	2,340	_	252,533	254,873
Deposits for rental and others	120	_	_	120
Amounts due from related parties	117	_	22,814	22,931
Receivables for investment in				
movies and TV series	487	_	49,699	50,186
Loans to third parties	1,204	_	78,526	79,730
Others	51	_	30,855	30,906
			<u> </u>	
	4,319	_	434,427	438,746
Expected credit loss rate	0.80%	_	99.61%	44.92%



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### Financial risk factors (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Other receivables (continued)

The loss allowances for other receivables as at December 31, reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At the beginning of the year	438,746	298,803	
Impairment provision	29,548	139,943	
Write-off	(28,959)	_	
At the end of the year	439,335	438,746	

As at December 31, 2022, the maximum credit risk exposure of other receivables amounted to approximately RMB930,135,000 (2021: RMB976,700,000).



#### 3 **FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

## Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

The Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity grouping based on the remaining period at the end of each reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year RMB'000	Between 1 and 2 years RMB'000	Between 2 and 5 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at December 31, 2022 Accounts payables Other payables, accruals and other liabilities	386,670	-	-	386,670
(excluding accrual for payroll and welfare payable and other taxes liabilities)	1,060,093	_	_	1,060,093
Borrowings	337,651	_	_	337,651
Lease liabilities	14,665	14,870	10,591	40,126
	,	,	,	,
	1,799,079	14,870	10,591	1,824,540
		Between	Between	
	Less than	1 and 2	2 and 5	
	1 year	years	years	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at December 31, 2021 Accounts payables	293,372	_	_	293,372
Other payables, accruals and other liabilities (excluding accrual for content production, payroll and welfare payable and other	200,072			290,012
taxes liabilities)	1,820,230	_	_	1,820,230
Borrowings	520,908	_	_	520,908
Lease liabilities	9,161			9,161
	2,643,671		_	2,643,671



### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.2 **Capital management**

The Group's objectives on managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and support the sustainable growth of the Group in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to enhance owners' value in the long term.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings and lease liabilities, less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group has a net cash position.

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table presents the Group's assets that are measured at fair value as at December 31, 2022.

	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Investment in movies and TV series	_	-	42,476	42,476
Unlisted investments	_	-	23,245	23,245
	-	_	65,721	65,721
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
Listed investments	212,767	-	-	212,767
Unlisted investments	_	_	217,785	217,785
	212,767	_	217,785	430,552

The following table presents the Group's assets that are measured at fair value as at December 31, 2021.

	Level 1 RMB'000	Level 2 RMB'000	Level 3 RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss				
Investment in movies and TV series	_	_	93,306	93,306
Unlisted investments	_	_	23,245	23,245
	_	-	116,551	116,551
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Listed investments	240,931	_	_	240,931
Unlisted investments	_	_	73,701	73,701
	240,931	-	73,701	314,632



## FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is determined based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required for evaluating the fair value of a financial instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Dealer quotes for similar instruments;
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow (DCF) analysis and market approach, are used to determine fair value for financial instruments.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.3 **Fair value estimation** (continued)

### Valuation processes of the Group

The Group has a team of personnel who performs valuation on these level 3 instruments for financial reporting purposes. On an annual basis, the team adopts various valuation techniques to determine the fair value of the Group's level 3 instruments.

The components of the level 3 instruments mainly include investment in movies and TV series and unlisted investments. As these instruments are not traded in an active market, their fair values have been determined using various applicable valuation techniques, including DCF approach and market approach, etc. Major assumptions used in the valuation include historical financial results, assumptions about future growth rates, estimates of weighted average cost of capital (WACC), recent market transactions, discount for lack of marketability and other exposure etc. The fair value of these instruments determined by the Group requires significant judgement, including the likelihood of nonperforming by the investee company, financial performance of the investee company, market value of comparable companies as well as discount rate, etc.

The investment in movies and TV series mainly represent the investments in certain movies and TV series. The Group used DCF approach to evaluate the fair value of the investment in movies and TV series as at year end. Based on the Group's evaluation, fair value gains of the investments amounting to approximately RMB31,516,000 had been recognized under "revenue" for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The unlisted investments represent the investments in certain privately owned companies. The Group used market approach to evaluate the fair value of the unlisted investments as at December 31, 2022. Besides, management is of the view that there is no significant change in fair value of the unlisted investments which are acquired close to December 31, 2022, during the year ended December 31, 2022, unless there is available information about latest round of financing.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities including cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits, term deposits with original maturity over three months, accounts receivables and other receivables, accounts payables, other payables and borrowings approximate to their fair values due to their short maturities.



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## Fair value estimation (continued)

# Valuation processes of the Group (continued)

The following table summarises the information about the key inputs and valuation techniques used in the fair value measurement:

	Fair value at D	December 31,			
Description	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques	Key inputs and relationships of unobservable inputs to fair value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:					
Investments in movies and TV series	42,476	93,306	Level 3	DCF	Expected future cash flows are discounted at rates that reflect the internal rates of return of the underlying investments.
					The higher internal rates of return, the lower the fair value.
Investment in unlisted equity securities	23,245	23,245	Level 3	Market approach	Reference to a combination of unobservable inputs, including market multiples, discount rate for lack of marketability, etc.
					The higher the market multiples, the higher the fair value. The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value.
Total	65,721	116,551		,	
Less: current portion	(42,476)	(93,306)			
Non-current portion	23,245	23,245			
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income:					
Investment in listed equity securities	212,767	240,931	Level 1	Market price	Quoted bid price in an active market.
Investment in unlisted equity securities	217,785	73,701	Level 3	Market approach	Reference to a combination of unobservable inputs, including market multiples, discount rate for lack of marketability, etc.
					The higher the market multiples, the higher the fair value. The lower the discount rate, the higher the fair value.
Total	430,552	314,632			



#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Fair value estimation (continued) 3.3

The following table presents the movements in investments in wealth management products, investments in movies and TV series, and investments in listed equity securities and unlisted equity securities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
	Investments in						
	wealth	Investments in		Investments in			
	management	movies and	listed equity	unlisted equity			
	products	TV series	securities	securities	Total		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
As January 1, 2021	195,748	202,116	3,313	25,000	426,177		
Additions	690,000	22,408	-	_	712,408		
Disposals	(893,755)	(43,641)	(3,716)	_	(941,112)		
Fair value gains/(losses)	8,007	(87,577)	482	(1,755)	(80,843)		
Currency translation differences	_	_	(79)	_	(79)		
As at December 31, 2021	-	93,306	-	23,245	116,551		
As January 1, 2022	-	93,306	-	23,245	116,551		
Additions	-	13,676	-	-	13,676		
Disposals	-	(96,022)	-	-	(96,022)		
Fair value gains	-	31,516		-	31,516		
As at December 31, 2022	-	42,476	-	23,245	65,721		



#### FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued) 3

### **3.3** Fair value estimation (continued)

# Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	comprenensive income		
	Investments in	Investments in	
	listed equity	unlisted equity	
	securities	securities	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As January 1, 2021	259,617	56,648	316,265
Additions	18,063	17,500	35,563
Disposals	(38,568)	_	(38,568)
Fair value gains	10,373	_	10,373
Currency translation differences	(8,554)	(447)	(9,001)
As at December 31, 2021	240,931	73,701	314,632
As January 1, 2022	240,931	73,701	314,632
Additions (a)	-	148,257	148,257
Disposals	-	(2,929)	(2,929)
Transfer to listed investments	19,128	(19,128)	-
Fair value (losses)/gains	(70,646)	17,884	(52,762)
Currency translation differences	23,354	_	23,354
As at December 31, 2022	212,767	217,785	430,552

<sup>(</sup>a) During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group invested certain unlisted companies' equity interests. Since the Group has no board seat in these companies and the investment is intended to hold as strategic investments without trading purpose, management designated this investment as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.



### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Management of the Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below:

#### Recoverability of non-financial assets (a)

The Group tests annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations which require the use of assumptions. The calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates. These growth rates are consistent with forecasts included in industry reports specific to the industry in which each CGU operates. Details of impairment charge, key assumptions which are made by the management and third-party valuer and impact of possible changes in key assumptions are disclosed in Note 16. Based on assessment, the management and directors of the Company are of the view that there is no impairment of goodwill as at December 31, 2022.

Other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell. These calculations require the use of judgments and estimates.

Judgement is required to determine key assumptions adopted in the valuation models for impairment review purpose. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment could materially affect the result of the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the key assumptions applied, it may be necessary to take additional impairment charge to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.



### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### Useful lives and amortization charges of intangible assets (b)

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and related amortization charges for the Group's intangible assets with reference to the estimated periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of these assets. Management will revise the amortization charges where useful lives are different to that of previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore amortization expense in future periods.

The current estimated useful lives are stated in Note 2.6. If the estimated amortization lives of trademarks, licenses, software, business cooperation agreement and contractual customers' relationship had been increased/decreased by 10%, the amortization expenses of intangible assets would have been decreased/increased by approximately RMB3,578,000 and RMB5,383,000 for the year ended December 31, 2022 (2021: RMB3,478,000 and RMB4,662,000).

#### **Current and deferred income taxes** (c)

The Group is subject to income taxes in the PRC and other jurisdictions. Judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes in each of these jurisdictions. There are transactions and calculations during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

The Group considers whether it is probable that the relevant authority will accept each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that it used or plans to use in its income tax filing, by assuming taxation authority will examine those amounts and will have full knowledge of all relevant information. When the Group concludes that it is probable that a particular tax treatment is accepted, the Group determines taxable profit/(tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits or tax rates consistently with the tax treatment included in its income tax filings. If the Group concludes that it is not probable that a particular tax treatment is accepted, the Group uses the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit/(tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates. The Group assesses its judgements and estimates if facts and circumstances change.



### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS** (continued)

#### (c) **Current and deferred income taxes** (continued)

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognized when management considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilized. When the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets and taxation charges in the period in which such estimate is changed.

#### (d) **Recognition of share-based compensation expenses**

The fair value of options is determined by the Binomial model or Monte Carlo model at the grant date, and is expected to be expensed over the respective vesting period. Significant estimate on assumptions, including underlying equity value, risk-free interest rate, expected volatility, dividend yield, and terms, are made by the directors and the third-party valuer.

#### (e) Measurement of the expected credit losses

The measurement of the expected credit losses for financial assets measured at amortized cost is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour. Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring expected credit loss is further detailed in Notes 3.1(b).

A number of judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring expected credit loss, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of expected credit loss; and
- Establishing the number and relative weightings for forward-looking scenarios and the associated expected credit loss.



#### 5 **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group's business activities, for which discrete financial statements are available, are regularly reviewed and evaluated by the chief operating decision-makers, being the executive directors of the Group.

As a result of this evaluation, the executive directors of the Group consider that the Group's operations are operated and managed as a single segment; accordingly no segment information is presented.

The Company is domiciled in the Cayman Islands while the Group mainly operates its businesses in the PRC and earns substantially all of the revenue from external customers in the PRC.

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, substantially all of the non-current assets were located in the PRC.

#### **REVENUE** 6

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue from contract with customers under IFRS15		
Entertainment content services	1,081,947	1,444,031
Online entertainment ticketing services	1,067,722	1,713,748
Advertising services and others	138,292	253,213
	2,287,961	3,410,992
Gains/(Losses) on movies and TV series investments (Note 3.3)	31,516	(87,577)
Total revenue	2,319,477	3,323,415

2,287,961

3,410,992

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**



# **REVENUE** (continued)

2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
RMB'000	RMB'000
1,111,558	1,759,725
1,176,403	1,651,267
2,287,961	3,410,992
Year ended Dec	cember 31,
2022	2021
RMB'000	RMB'000
1,067,722	1,713,748
59,069	121,821
1,081,947	1,444,031
79,223	131,392
	2,287,961  Year ended Dec 2022 RMB'000  1,067,722 59,069

Revenue from contract with customers under IFRS 15



# **EXPENSES BY NATURE**

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Staff costs excluding share options and RSUs granted to		
directors and employees (Note 9)	352,247	413,542
Content production cost	337,654	258,705
Content distribution and promotion cost	329,536	386,626
Marketing and promotion expenses	321,411	506,754
Ticketing system cost	258,211	418,680
Internet infrastructure cost	182,347	183,042
Amortization of intangible assets (Note 16)	121,637	140,272
Outsourcing expenses	34,038	29,471
Other professional expenses	31,555	30,529
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	14,190	17,004
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 15)	13,396	13,667
Tax and levies	11,805	13,712
Share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees		
(Note 9)	8,504	33,417
Auditor's remuneration	6,665	6,686
- Audit services	6,300	6,300
- Other services	365	386
Rental expense for short-term and low-value leases (Note 15)	6,353	9,126
Expenses from other share-based payment transaction	279	-
Other expenses	49,735	52,666
Total cost of revenues, selling and marketing expenses and		
general and administrative expenses	2,079,563	2,513,899

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group incurred expenses for the purpose of research and development of approximately RMB195,633,000 (2021: RMB229,892,000), which comprised employee benefits expenses of RMB170,520,000 (2021: RMB209,535,000).



#### 8 OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS, NET

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Other income		
Government subsidies (a)	27,629	11,723
Tax credit of input tax additional deduction	10,922	11,528
	38,551	23,251
Other gains, net		
Fair value gain on wealth management products, listed and unlisted		
investments classified as financial assets at fair value through		
profit or loss (Note 3.3)	-	6,734
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	(192)	(594)
Loss on disposals of intangible assets (Note 16)	-	(1,746)
Gains on disposals of associates (Note 17)	273	_
Others	562	8,650
	643	13,044

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group received unconditional subsidies amounting to a total of (a) approximately RMB18,500,000 (2021: RMB50,000) in respect of certain corporate development funding programs operated by the PRC government of which certain of the Group's key operating subsidiaries were eligible and successfully applied.



### **EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES**

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Wages, salaries and bonuses	268,482	330,943
Share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees	8,504	33,417
Welfare, medical and other expenses	53,467	51,268
Contributions to pension plans	30,298	31,331
	360,751	446,959

#### Pensions - defined contribution plans (a)

Majority of the Group's contributions to pension plans are related to the local employees in the PRC. All local employees of the subsidiaries in the PRC participate in employee social security plans established in the PRC, which cover pension, medical and other welfare benefits. The plans are organised and administered by the governmental authorities. The Group also participates in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme in Hong Kong, under which the Group and relevant employees are required to contribute to the scheme monthly, and the Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The Group's contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are expensed as incurred. Except for the contributions made to these social security plans, the Group has no other material commitments owing to the employees. According to the relevant regulations, the portion of premium and welfare benefit contributions that should be borne by the companies within the Group as required by the above social security plans are principally determined based on percentages of the basic salaries of employees, subject to certain ceilings imposed. These contributions are paid to the respective labour and social welfare authorities and are expensed as incurred.



#### **EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES** (continued) 9

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include 1 director for the year ended December 31, 2022 (2021: 1), whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 36. The emoluments payable to the remaining 4 individuals during year ended December 31, 2022 (2021: 4) are as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Share-based compensation expenses	8,444	30,569
Basic wages and salaries	5,674	9,161
Bonuses	3,300	2,533
Welfare, medical and other expenses	304	290
Contributions to pension plans	223	187
	17,945	42,740



# **EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES** (continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals (continued)

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

	Number of individuals	
	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
Emolument bands		
HKD3,000,001 - HKD3,500,000	1	-
HKD3,500,001 - HKD4,000,000	-	-
HKD4,000,001 - HKD4,500,000	1	-
HKD4,500,001 - HKD5,000,000	2	-
HKD5,000,001 - HKD5,500,000	-	-
HKD5,500,001 - HKD6,000,000	-	-
HKD6,000,001 - HKD6,500,000	1	-
HKD6,500,001 - HKD7,000,000	-	1
HKD7,000,001 - HKD7,500,000	-	1
HKD9,500,001 - HKD10,000,000	-	1
HKD10,000,001 - HKD10,500,000	-	-
HKD12,500,001 - HKD13,000,000	-	1
HKD15,000,001 - HKD15,500,000	-	1

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no director or the five highest paid individuals received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office.



# 10 FINANCE INCOME/(COSTS), NET

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Finance income:		
- Interest income from bank deposits	39,263	28,246
Finance costs:		
- Interest expense on bank borrowings	(16,296)	(30,542)
<ul> <li>Unwinding of interest on lease liabilities (Note 15(b))</li> </ul>	(842)	(747)
	(17,138)	(31,289)
Finance income/(costs), net	22,125	(3,043)

#### 11 **INCOME TAX EXPENSES**

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current income tax	85,501	193,401
Deferred income tax (Note 19)	(9,022)	(27,059)
Income tax expenses	76,479	166,342



#### 11 **INCOME TAX EXPENSES** (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit tax at the statutory rate in Mainland China to the tax expense at the effective rate is as follows:

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Profit before income tax	181,291	534,844
Share of losses of investments accounted for using the	,	33 ,, 5
equity method	2,921	396
equity method	2,321	000
	404.040	505.040
	184,212	535,240
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 25%	46,053	133,810
Tax effects of:		
- Effects of different tax rates applicable to different subsidiaries of		
the Group	(13,103)	(41,855)
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,230	7,318
- Tax losses and temporary differences not recognised for deferred		
tax assets	53,190	100,710
- Reversal of previously recognised deferred tax assets	14,549	_
- Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognized as deferred		
tax assets	(1,611)	(33,327)
- Overprovision for prior years	(23,829)	(314)
	. ,	,
Income tax expenses	76,479	166,342

#### (a) Cayman Islands corporate income tax ("CIT")

Under the current laws of Cayman Islands, the Company is not subject to tax on income or capital gain. In addition, upon payments of dividends by the Company to its shareholders, no Cayman Islands withholding tax will be imposed.

#### (b) **Hong Kong profits tax**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.



#### **INCOME TAX EXPENSES** (continued) 11

#### (c) PRC corporate income tax

CIT provision was made on the estimated assessable profits of entities within the Group incorporated in the PRC and was calculated in accordance with the relevant regulations of the PRC after considering the available tax benefits from refunds and allowances. The general PRC CIT rate is 25% for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. According to the relevant tax circulars issued by the PRC tax authorities, one subsidiary of the Group is taxed at a preferential tax rate of 15% (2021: 15%) under the relevant PRC tax rules and regulations.

#### **BVI** income tax (d)

No provision for income tax in BVI has been made as the Group has no income assessable to income tax in BVI for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

#### **EARNINGS PER SHARE** 12

### Basic earnings per share

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000)	105,190	368,502
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		
(thousand)	1,119,298	1,118,636
Weighted average number of vested restricted		
shares outstanding (thousand)	24,404	21,222
Total weighted average number of shares outstanding		
(thousand)	1,143,702	1,139,858
Basic earnings per share (in RMB)	0.09	0.32

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding and weighted average number of vested restricted shares outstanding during the respective years.



### **12 EARNINGS PER SHARE** (continued)

### (b) Diluted earnings per share

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000)	105,190	368,502	
Total weighted average number of shares outstanding			
(thousand)	1,143,702	1,139,858	
Adjustments for share-based compensation – share options			
(thousand)	439	1,305	
Adjustments for share-based compensation - RSUs			
(thousand)	2,394	3,391	
Weighted average number of shares for diluted earnings per			
share (thousand)	1,146,535	1,144,554	
Diluted earnings per share (in RMB)	0.09	0.32	

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential shares.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had dilutive potential ordinary shares of share options and RSUs granted to employees (Note 29). The number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options less the number of shares that would have been issued at assumed exercise price (determined as any amount that the employees must pay upon exercise and the balance of any amounts calculated under IFRS that have not yet been charged to income statement) are incremental share issued for nil consideration which causes dilution to earnings per share. The number of shares that would have been issued also assuming the exercise of the RSUs less the number of shares that would have been issued at assumed exercise price (determined as the balance of any amounts calculated under IFRS that have not yet been charged to income statement) are incremental share issued for nil consideration which causes dilution to earnings per share.

## 13 DIVIDENDS

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.



# 14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Office equipment RMB'000	Computer equipment RMB'000	Leasehold improvements RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Year ended December 31, 2021				
Opening net book amount	4,354	15,891	5,837	26,082
Additions	2,703	16,043	_	18,746
Disposals	(264)	(330)	_	(594)
Depreciation	(2,382)	(10,936)	(3,686)	(17,004)
Closing net book amount	4,411	20,668	2,151	27,230
As at December 31, 2021				
Cost	14,530	50,273	16,092	80,895
Accumulated depreciation	(10,119)	(29,605)	(13,941)	(53,665)
Net book amount	4,411	20,668	2,151	27,230
Year ended December 31, 2022				
Opening net book amount	4,411	20,668	2,151	27,230
Additions	187	5,026	416	5,629
Disposals	(15)	(177)	-	(192)
Depreciation	(1,646)	(10,369)	(2,175)	(14,190)
Closing net book amount	2,937	15,148	392	18,477
As at December 31, 2022				
Cost	18,069	49,996	16,508	84,573
Accumulated depreciation	(15,132)	(34,848)	(16,116)	(66,096)
Net book amount	2,937	15,148	392	18,477



# **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

Depreciation expenses have been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cost of revenue	9,459	11,528	
Selling and marketing expenses	1,914	2,458	
General and administrative expenses	2,817	3,018	
	14,190	17,004	

#### 15 **LEASES**

### (a) Right-of-use assets

## Leased properties

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Opening net book amount	7,972	21,639	
Additions	43,020	_	
Depreciation charge	(13,396)	(13,667)	
Closing net book amount	37,596	7,972	

#### Lease liabilities (b)

## Lease liabilities

	As at	As at
	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current portion	14,333	9,075
Non-current portion	23,719	_
Total lease liabilities	38,052	9,075

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities were denominated in RMB.



#### 15 **LEASES** (continued)

## (c) Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income relating to leases

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	13,396	13,667	
Unwinding of interests on lease liabilities	842	747	
Rental expenses for short-term and low-value leases	6,353	9,126	

# (d) Amounts recognized in the consolidated statement of cash flows relating to leases

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments for short-term and low-value leases (i)	6,353	6,785	
Payments for interest elements of lease liabilities	842	747	
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Principal elements of lease payments	14,885	14,508	

<sup>(</sup>i) Payments for short-term and low-value leases were not shown separately, but included in the line of "profit before income tax" in respect of the net cash used in operations which were presented in Note 30(a) using the indirect method.



# 16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				Business	Contractual		
				cooperation	customer		
	Goodwill	Trademarks	Software	agreement	relationship	Licenses	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Year ended December 31, 2021							
Opening net book amount	4,504,884	455,969	6,745	81,708	121,852	32,963	5,204,121
Additions	4,504,004	400,909	825	01,700	121,002	52,905	825
Disposals	_	_	(1,746)	_	_	_	(1,746)
Amortization	_	(68,396)	(2,518)	(49,020)		(4,444)	(140,272)
Amortization		(00,390)	(2,310)	(49,020)	(13,094)	(4,444)	(140,212)
Closing net book amount	4,504,884	387,573	3,306	32,688	105,958	28,519	5,062,92
As at December 31, 2021							
Cost	4,504,884	683,955	5,824	245,111	174,832	40,000	5,654,606
Accumulated amortization	_	(296,382)	(2,518)	(212,423)	(68,874)	(11,481)	(591,678)
Net book amount	4,504,884	387,573	3,306	32,688	105,958	28,519	5,062,928
V							
Year ended December 31, 2022	4 504 004	007.570	0.000	00.000	405.050	00.540	E 000 000
Opening net book amount	4,504,884	387,573	3,306	32,688	105,958	28,519	5,062,928
Additions	_	(22.222)	6,678	(00.474)	- (4= 004)	-	6,678
Amortization	_	(68,396)	(2,729)	(30,174)	(15,894)	(4,444)	(121,637)
Closing net book amount	4,504,884	319,177	7,255	2,514	90,064	24,075	4,947,969
As at December 31, 2022							
Cost	4,504,884	683,955	12,496	245,111	174,832	40,000	5,661,278
Accumulated amortization	-	(364,778)	(5,241)	(242,597)	(84,768)	(15,925)	(713,309)
Net book amount	4,504,884	319,177	7,255	2,514	90,064	24,075	4,947,969



#### 16 **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

Amortization expenses have been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cost of revenue	118,908	137,756	
General and administrative expenses	871	1,516	
Selling and marketing expenses	1,858	1,000	
	121,637	140,272	

### Goodwill impairment

The goodwill balance mainly arose from the acquisition of 100% equity interests in Beijing Weige Shidai Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd ("Beijing Weige Shidai") and Shenzhen Ruihai Fangyuan Technology Co., Ltd. ("Ruihai Fangyuan") in 2017, and the acquisition of Hangzhou Soushi Network Co., Ltd ("Hangzhou Soushi") in 2019. Goodwill is attributable to the acquired market share and economies of scale expected to be derived from combining with the operations of the Group.

Upon completion of acquisition of 100% equity interest in Beijing Weige Shidai and Ruihai Fangyuan in 2017, and Hangzhou Soushi in 2019, the Group integrated the business (including the management, assets, customers, users and systems) of Beijing Weige Shidai, Ruihai Fangyuan and Hangzhou Soushi with the Group's movie ticketing business in order to improve the operation efficiency. The management considers that the business of Beijing Weige Shidai, Ruihai Fangyuan, Hangzhou Soushi and the Group's remaining business represents the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets. As a result, goodwill of approximately RMB4,504,884,000 arising from the acquisition of Beijing Weige Shidai, Ruihai Fangyuan and Hangzhou Soushi was allocated to the cash generating unit ("CGU") of the Group.

Impairment review on the goodwill of the Group has been conducted by the management as at December 31, 2022. For the purpose of impairment review, the recoverable amount of the CGU is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets prepared by management covering a five-year period. Given the post COVID-19 recovery of PRC entertainment industry and movie box office, the management of the Group used a seven-year period as at December 31, 2021, respectively, considering that the Group's business is expected to reach a steady and stable terminal growth rate after a seven-year period of gradually declining revenue growth.



### **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

### **Goodwill impairment** (continued)

The key parameters used for value-in-use calculations on the Group include revenue growth rates, gross margin, terminal growth rate, and pre-tax discount rate:

	As at	As at
	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
Annual revenue growth rate for five-year period	9.9%~39.1%	8.5%~21.0%
Revenue growth rate of the last two years	N/A	6.4% in 2027 and
		5.8% in 2028
Gross margin	47.2%~50.8%	48.7%~54.8%
Terminal growth rate	2.3%	2.3%
Pre-tax discount rate	16.68%	16.49%

#### i) Revenue growth rates

Revenue is directly related to the value of paid transactions on the Group' platform and box office of the Group's business partners. The revenue growth rates are estimated with reference to the industry growth forecast for the market in which the Group operates. When estimating the revenue growth rate of the five-year period, the directors of the Company referred to the industry outlook of China's movie market and estimation of the film industry will recover to the level before COVID-19 in 3 years, as well as the service fee rate and the Group's market share in China. As such, revenue growth rates from 2023 to 2027 are estimated to gradually drop from 39.1% to 9.9%.

#### ii) Gross Margin

The budgeted gross margin of the five years between 47.2% and 50.8% (2021: 48.7% and 54.8%) was determined by the management based on past performance, the current market conditions and its expectation for market development. For items of cost of revenue that are related to gross merchandise value of the Group, the Group referred to current fee rate and gross merchandise value projection to project the ticket system cost and internet infrastructure cost.

#### iii) Terminal growth rate

Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated terminal growth rates of 2.3% (2021: 2.3%).



#### 16 **INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

### **Goodwill impairment** (continued)

#### iv) Discount rate

The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflects market assessments of the time value and the specific risks relating to the industry. With the assistance of a valuation performed by a third-party independent valuer, the directors used cash flow projections based on the latest financial budget covering a five-year period and business plan approved by management which had been updated to reflect the changes in market conditions during the period, The directors of the Company considered the uncertainty in PRC entertainment industry due to the enhancement of government regulations and a pre-tax discount rate of 16.68% (2021: 16.49%) was applied.

Based on the result of the goodwill impairment testing, the estimated recoverable amount of the business far exceeded its carrying amount as at December 31, 2022 by approximately RMB4,511,927,000 (2021: RMB8,182,658,000).

The management of the Group has not identified that a reasonable possible change in any of the key assumptions that could cause the carrying amount to exceed the recoverable amount.

The Group performs the sensitivity analysis based on the assumptions that revenue growth rate, gross margin, terminal growth rate or the discount rate have been changed. Had the estimated key assumptions during the forecast period been changed as below, the headroom would be decreased to as below:

	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Revenue growth rate decreases by 10%	1,751,000	5,733,000
Gross margin decreases by 10%	2,577,000	5,933,000
Terminal growth rate decreases by 10%	4,377,000	8,023,000
Discount rate increases by 5%	3,890,000	7,323,000



#### INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD 17

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
At the beginning of the year	46,225	37,121
Additions	7,500	9,500
Disposals of associates (c)	(5,813)	-
Share of losses	(2,921)	(396)
Dividend received	(45)	_
At the end of the year	44,946	46,225

Set out below are the major associates of the Group as at December 31, 2022, which, in the opinion of the directors, none of the associates was individually significant to the Group. The associates as listed below have capital consisting solely of ordinary shares, which are held directly by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also the principal place of business, and the proportion of ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held.

# Percentage of ownership interest attributable to

the Group

		Registered	As at	As at	
	Date of	capital	December 31,	December 31,	Principal activities and
Company name	incorporation	(RMB'000)	2022	2021	place of operation
Shanghai Chengxin Television Media Co., Ltd. (上海橙芯影視傳媒有限公司)	June 7, 2017	3,750	20%	20%	The PRC; Film production and distribution
Shanghai Mila Television Culture Media Co., Ltd. (上海敉辣影視文化傳播有限公司)	August 14, 2017	6,250	20%	20%	The PRC; Film and television culture communication
Beijing Yaoying Movie Distribution Co., Ltd. (北京耀影電影發行有限公司)	June 3, 2016	19,600	25%	25%	The PRC; Film distribution



#### **INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD** (continued) 17

## Percentage of ownership interest attributable to

	the Group			_	
		Registered	As at	As at	
	Date of	capital	December 31,	December 31,	Principal activities and
Company name	incorporation	(RMB'000)	2022	2021	place of operation
Ningbo Zhenhai Changxiangyuefu Culture Media Co., Ltd. (寧波鎮海唱享樂府文化傳播有限公司)	February 24, 2017	1,000	30%	30%	The PRC; Cultural and artistic communication
Xinjiang Weying Network Technology Co., Ltd. (新疆徽影網絡科技有限公司)	December 1, 2015	5,000	30%	30%	The PRC; Movie ticketing services and performance ticketing services
Ningbo Meishan Bonded Port Area Chenhaiwenjia Investment Management Limited Partnership (寧波梅山保税港區辰海文嘉投資管理合夥企業 (有限合夥))	September 18, 2016	6,000	30%	30%	The PRC; Economic and trade consultation, Strategic investment
Hangzhou Guanghe Zhizao Food technology Co., Ltd. (杭州光合植造食品科技有限公司) <i>(a)</i>	February 26, 2021	1,053	5%	5%	The PRC; Imports and exports, sales of pre-packaged food

The English names of the associates represent the best effort by the management of the Group in translating their Chinese names as they do not have official English names.

The Group determined that it does not have controlling financial interest in above investees, but rather possesses significant influence. The associates as listed above are private companies and insignificant to the Group. There are no quoted market prices available for their shares. There is no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in the associates.



#### **INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD** (continued) 17

- (a) Management determined that the Group can exercise significant influence over Hangzhou Guanghe Zhizao Food Technology Co., Ltd through the board representation, notwithstanding the shareholdings are 5%.
- (b) The following table reconciles the combined net assets of the Group's associates to the combined carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associates.

	December 31,	December 31,
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Opening net assets as at beginning of the year	73,744	58,519
Capital injection	20,250	19,936
Losses for the year	(26,340)	(4,711)
Disposals of associates	(14,471)	_
Dividends received from the associate during the year	(150)	_
Closing net assets as at end of the year	53,033	73,744
Percentage of interest	5% - 30%	5% - 30%
Interest in the associates	16,459	19,885
Goodwill	28,487	26,340
Carrying amount	44,946	46,225

(c) During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group disposed of certain companies' equity interests for proceeds of approximately RMB5,386,000 and receivables of approximately RMB700,000, and recognized gains on disposals of associates of approximately RMB273,000 (Note 8) accordingly.



## 18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

_	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Financial assets-fair value		
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	65,721	116,551
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		
income	430,552	314,632
Financial assets-amortized cost		
- Accounts receivables	436,922	909,862
- Deposit and other receivables	490,800	537,954
- Term deposits with original maturity over three months	515,285	50,051
- Restricted bank deposits	165,216	23,805
- Cash and cash equivalents	1,720,875	2,519,989
	3,825,371	4,472,844
Financial liabilities-amortized cost		
- Accounts payables	386,670	293,372
- Other payables, accruals and other liabilities (excluding accrual		
for content production, payroll and welfare payable and other		
taxes liabilities)	1,060,093	1,820,230
- Borrowings	335,000	512,500
- Lease liabilities	38,052	9,075
	1,819,815	2,635,177



#### 19 **DEFERRED INCOME TAX**

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities is as follows:

	As at Decemb	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Total gross deferred income tax assets	-	14,549	
Offsetting	-		
Net deferred income tax assets	-	14,549	
- to be recovered within 12 months	-	-	
- to be recovered after 12 months	-	14,549	
	-	14,549	
Total group deferred income toy liabilities	111 104	122.016	
Total gross deferred income tax liabilities	111,184	132,016	
Offsetting	_		
Net deferred income tax liabilities	111,184	132,016	
- to be recovered within 12 months	22,299	24,439	
to be recovered after 12 months	88,885	107,577	
	111,184	132,016	
Deferred income tax liabilities, net	(111,184)	(117,467)	

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:



#### **DEFERRED INCOME TAX** (continued) 19

**Deferred income tax assets** 

	Impairment of		
	accounts		
	receivables and		
	other receivables	Others	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021	13,305	1,244	14,549
Credit to consolidated statement of			
comprehensive income		_	
As at December 31, 2021	13,305	1,244	14,549
As at January 1, 2022	13,305	1,244	14,549
Credit to consolidated statement of			
comprehensive income	(13,305)	(1,244)	(14,549)
As at December 31, 2022	-	_	-



### **DEFERRED INCOME TAX** (continued)

#### Deferred income tax liabilities

	Change in			
	fair value of	Change in		
	financial	fair value of		
	assets at	financial	Intangible	
	fair value	assets at	assets	
	through other	fair value	acquired in	
	comprehensive	through	business	
	income	profit or loss	combination	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021	_	2,620	156,455	159,075
Credit to consolidated statement of				
comprehensive income		(2,620)	(24,439)	(27,059)
As at December 31, 2021	_		132,016	132,016
As at January 1, 2022		_	122.016	122.016
As at January 1, 2022	_	_	132,016	132,016
Charge/(Credit) to consolidated				
statement of comprehensive				
income	2,739	_	(23,571)	(20,832)
As at December 31, 2022	2,739	_	108,445	111,184

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for tax losses carrying forward and deductible temporary differences to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable. As at December 31, 2022, the Group did not recognize deferred income tax assets in respect of losses and deductible temporary differences of approximately RMB1,246,383,000 (2021: RMB1,085,674,000). All of these tax losses will expire within 5 years.

As at December 31, 2022, the PRC subsidiaries of the Group has undistributed earnings of approximately RMB1,737,073,000 (2021: RMB1,684,566,000), which, if paid out as dividends, would be subject to tax in the hands of the recipient. An assessable temporary difference exists, but no deferred tax liability has been recognized as the parent entity is able to control the timing of distributions of dividends from the PRC subsidiary and is not expected to distribute these profits in the foreseeable future.



## **20 INVENTORIES**

	As at December 31,	
	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Television and movie scripts	10,780	33,154
Marketing materials	5,026	325
Movie service related merchandises, low-value consumables, and		
others	3,468	1,570
	19,274	35,049

## 21 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES

	As at Decemb	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Related parties (Note 32)	41,793	294,391	
Third parties	647,659	814,200	
	689,452	1,108,591	
Less: allowance for impairment (Note 3.1(b))	(252,530)	(198,729)	
	436,922	909,862	

<sup>(</sup>a) The carrying amounts of the accounts receivables balances approximated to their fair value as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.



# **ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLES** (continued)

(b) Aging analysis of the gross accounts receivables based on recognition date is as follows:

	As at Decem	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021		
	RMB'000	RMB'000		
0-90 days	313,706	932,614		
91-180 days	50,431	26,044		
181-365 days	138,441	11,564		
Over 365 days	186,874	138,369		
	689,452	1,108,591		



# 22 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Prepayments for:			
- investments and productions in movies and TV series (a)	1,246,817	1,253,630	
- contract fulfilment costs for movie productions (b)	126,340	140,389	
- operating expenses (c)	74,531	71,102	
- others	10,785	9,885	
Total of prepayments	1,458,473	1,475,006	
Less: Impairment for prepayments (a)	(103,916)	(113,468	
Total of prepayments – net	1,354,557	1,361,538	
Deposits and other receivables:			
Deposits and receivables for online entertainment ticketing,			
e-commerce and other services (d)	508,345	600,501	
Loans to third parties (e)	142,933	169,950	
Amounts due from related parties (Note 32)	124,906	85,054	
Receivables from investments in movies and TV series (f)	89,357	71,029	
Deposits for rentals and others	26,591	13,546	
Others	38,003	36,620	
Total of deposits and other receivables	930,135	976,700	
Less: Impairment for deposits and other receivables (Note 3.1(b))	(439,335)	(438,746	
Less. Impairment for deposits and other receivables (Note 5. 1(b))	(409,000)	(430,740	
Total of deposits and other receivables – net	490,800	537,954	
Total of prepayment, deposits and other receivables – net	1,845,357	1,899,492	
Less: non-current portion	(62,560)	(4,750	
	1,782,797	1,894,742	



#### 22 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

- The Group offers distribution and promotion services, which is considered as one of the principal activities of the Group. The investments and rights in movies and TV series with distribution and promotion services are designated as prepayments. The impairment provision mainly represents impairment of prepayments for investments and productions in movies and TV series, which are capitalised movie production and distribution costs subject to impairment assessment. During the year ended December 31, 2022, due to factors including but not limited to major actors of certain projects were replaced, the risk of being unable to be released in the foreseeable future, and the deterioration of financial and operational position of the business partners, the Group further assessed the probability of non-performance (i.e. the movies or TV series not able to be exhibited) and made impairment provision of approximately RMB33,672,000 (2021: RMB113,468,000) against prepayments for investments and rights in movies and TV series based on the expected recoverable amount estimated by the directors in light of the aforementioned considerations; and wrote off RMB43,224,000 (2021: nil) since there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.
- (b) The contract fulfilment costs for movie productions represents the certain movie production costs when the Group controls the movie production process and is considered to be a producer.
- The amounts mainly represents marketing and promotion expenses which would be recognized as expenses when (c) the services are provided to the Group.
- (d) In line with the general industry practice and after prudently considering factors including creditworthiness and cooperation relationships with relevant business partners to control potential risk, the Group prepaid deposits or advance payments to some cinemas and large-scale concerts organizers operating within China, and then deducted or recovered such prepayment during the settlement with such business partners at a later stage.
- As at December 31, 2022, except for a loan to third party with carrying amount of RMB41,788,000 are repayable (e) on December 15, 2024, the remaining are repayable within 1 year. Except for interest-free and unsecured loans amounting to approximately RMB30,500,000, the remaining loans are interest-bearing at fixed rates ranging from 3% to 13% per annum. Included in the interest-bearing loans, an aggregate of RMB52,298,000 are secured by the debtors' certain receivables.
- (f) The amounts mainly represent the investments with fixed returns in certain movies and TV series projects.



#### 23 **CASH AND BANK BALANCES**

	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Cash and bank balances	2,401,376	2,593,845	
Restricted bank deposits (a)	(165,216)	(23,805)	
Term deposits with original maturity over three months	(515,285)	(50,051)	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,720,875	2,519,989	
Maximum exposure to credit risk	2,401,376	2,593,845	

- (a) The restricted bank deposits of RMB106,662,000 are held by the accounts as securities for bank borrowings (Note 24). The restricted bank deposits of RMB58,554,000 represent cash received from users and placed in a bank supervised account for payments to customers.
- (b) Bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
RMB	1,618,288	1,474,504
USD	613,566	997,438
HKD	169,522	121,903
	2,401,376	2,593,845



## **BORROWINGS**

	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Bank borrowings – due within one year			
- Secured (a)	190,000	59,000	
- Guaranteed (b)	80,000	383,500	
- Unsecured (c)	65,000	70,000	
	335,000	512,500	

- As at December 31, 2022, bank borrowings of RMB190,000,000 were secured by restricted bank deposits of (a) RMB106,662,000, with fixed rates of 1.25% to 1.70% per annum.
  - As at December 31, 2021, bank borrowing of RMB59,000,000 was secured by restricted bank deposits of RMB23,600,000, with fixed rates of 2.36% per annum.
- (b) As at December 31, 2022, bank borrowings amounting to RMB80,000,000 were guaranteed by the Company, with fixed rates of 3.70% to 3.85% per annum.
  - As at December 31, 2021, bank borrowings amounting to RMB383,500,000 were guaranteed by certain subsidiaries of the Group, with fixed rates of 3.55% to 4.00% per annum.
- As at December 31, 2022, bank borrowing amounting to RMB65,000,000 was unsecured, with a fixed rate of 2.30% (c) per annum.
  - As at December 31, 2021, bank borrowing amounting to RMB70,000,000 was unsecured, with a fixed rate of 3.85% per annum.



#### 25 **ACCOUNTS PAYABLES**

Aging analysis of the accounts payables based on invoice date at the respective statement of financial position date is as follows:

	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000		
0-90 days	117,718	130,441	
91-180 days	68,959	38,361	
181-365 days	72,158	53,126	
Over 365 days	127,835	71,444	
	386,670	293,372	

#### OTHER PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER LIABILITIES 26

	As at December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Payables in respect of online entertainment ticketing, e-commerce			
services and advance in respect of content production	691,042	900,665	
Payables in respect of share in the box office receipts	252,436	831,719	
Payroll and welfare payable	110,079	112,719	
Loans from third parties (a)	-	84,526	
Amounts due to related parties (Note 32)	86,121	82,404	
Other tax liabilities	8,112	8,325	
Others	30,494	30,350	
	1,178,284	2,050,708	

The loans from third parties are interest-free, unsecured and repayable within 1 year. (a)



## **27 SHARE CAPITAL**

		Number of			
		ordinary			
		shares			
		pursuant to			Equivalent
	Number of	restricted	Total	Nominal	nominal
	ordinary	share	number of	value of	value of
	shares	agreement	shares	shares	shares
				USD'000	RMB'000
Issued and fully paid:					
As at January 1, 2021	1,116,432,786	20,044,581	1,136,477,367	22.60	153
Restricted shares vested	_	2,555,022	2,555,022	0.11	_*
Issuance of new shares					
under share option					
scheme	2,587,858		2,587,858	0.12	1
As at December 31, 2021	1,119,020,644	22,599,603	1,141,620,247	22.83	154
As at January 1, 2022	1,119,020,644	22,599,603	1,141,620,247	22.83	154
Restricted shares vested	-	2,001,728	2,001,728	0.04	_*
Issuance of new shares					
under share option					
scheme	350,245		350,245	0.01	*
A D	4 440 070 000	04.004.004	4 4 4 0 0 7 0 0 0 0	00.00	454
As at December 31, 2022	1,119,370,889	24,601,331	1,143,972,220	22.88	154

The balance was rounded to the nearest thousand

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's authorized share capital amounted to USD50,000 divided into 2,500,000,000 shares of USD0.00002 each.



# 28 RESERVES

			Financial					
			assets at					
			fair value					
			through other		Share-based	Currency		
	Share	Capital	comprehensive	Convertible	compensation	translation	Other	
	premium	reserves	income	bonds	reserve	differences	reserves	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021	2,356,598	5,592,299	(43,398)	(3,676)	379,330	(8,613)	(8,400)	8,264,140
AS at January 1, 2021	2,000,000	3,392,299	(43,390)	(3,070)	319,330	(0,013)	(0,400)	0,204,140
Issuance of new shares under share option								
scheme	38,180	-	-	-	(33,896)	-	-	4,284
Issuance of new shares under RSU scheme	26,072	-	-	-	(26,072)	-	-	-
Share-based compensation expenses	-	-	-	-	33,417	-	-	33,417
Changes in the fair value of equity								
investments at fair value through other								
comprehensive income	-	-	10,373	-	-	-	-	10,373
Transfer of gain upon disposal of equity								
investments at fair value through other								
comprehensive income to retained								
earnings	-	-	(11,097)	-	-	-	-	(11,097)
Currency translation difference	_	_	-	_	_	(51,964)	_	(51,964)
As at December 31, 2021	2,420,850	5,592,299	(44,122)	(3,676)	352,779	(60,577)	(8,400)	8,249,153



#### 28 **RESERVES** (continued)

			Financial assets at					
			fair value					
			through other		Share-based	Currency		
	Share	Capital	comprehensive	Convertible	•	translation	Other	
	premium	reserves	income	bonds	reserve	differences	reserves	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2022	2,420,850	5,592,299	(44,122)	(3,676)	352,779	(60,577)	(8,400)	8,249,153
Issuance of new shares under share option								
scheme	4,526	-	-	-	(4,497)	-	-	29
Issuance of new shares under RSU scheme	19,646	-	-	-	(19,646)	-	-	-
Share-based compensation expenses	-	-	-	-	8,504	-	-	8,504
Changes in the fair value of equity					•			ŕ
investments at fair value through other								
comprehensive income, net of tax								
(Note 3.3 and 19)	_	_	(55,501)	_	_	_	_	(55,501)
Transfer of losses upon disposal of equity			(,,					(,,
investments at fair value through other								
comprehensive income to retained								
earnings	_	_	71	_	_	_	_	71
Transaction with non-controlling interest	_	_	-	_	_	_	486	486
Currency translation difference	_	_	_	_	_	125,980	-	125,980
our oney translation difference						120,000		120,300
As at December 31, 2022	2,445,022	5,592,299	(99,552)	(3,676)	337,140	65,403	(7,914)	8,328,722



#### 29 **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN**

The share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees recognized during years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are summarized in the following table:

	Year ended December 31,		
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Share options and RSUs granted to directors and employees	8,504	33,417	

#### **ESOP Plan of the Company**

In order to provide incentives and rewards to directors, senior management and employees of the Group and other eligible individuals and entities, the Company adopted the ESOP Plan on July 23, 2018. The ESOP Plan include Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme, Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the Post-IPO RSU Scheme.

The total number of shares issued or issuable pursuant to the ESOP Plan shall not be more than 117,033,705 shares of the Company, representing approximately 10.2% of the total issued share capital of the Company as at December 31, 2022, out of which, the maximum number of shares that may be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme shall be no more than 42,544,600 shares, and the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of options that may be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the RSU Scheme shall not exceed 55,211,880 shares in aggregate.

#### (a) Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

The Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme was adopted by the Company as a continuation and restructuring of the 2016 ESOP following the Reorganization, which was established to recognize and reward the contribution of the participants to the growth and development of Tianjin Maoyan Weying. The 2016 ESOP was terminated as a result of the adoption of the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme.



## **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN** (continued)

### **ESOP Plan of the Company** (continued)

### Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Movements of Pre-IPO share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Average	Number of
	exercise	share options
	price	of the Company
Outstanding balance as at January 1, 2021	RMB10.4740	20,751,861
Exercised	RMB0.9324	(2,422,264)
Lapsed	RMB12.5953	(574,470)
Forfeited	RMB6.9346	(307,613)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2021	RMB11.7912	17,447,514
Exercised	RMB0.0126	(350,245)
Lapsed	RMB5.0474	(510,059)
Forfeited	RMB12.1040	(807,718)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2022	RMB12.2547	15,779,492

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the market price of the Company's shares as at the dates of exercise ranges from RMB5.28 per share to RMB8.58 per share (during the year ended December 31, 2021: RMB7.08 per share to RMB15.03 per share).

As at December 31, 2022, out of 15,779,492 share options, 15,689,529 share options were vested and exercisable.

Number of

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**



#### 29 **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN** (continued)

### **ESOP Plan of the Company** (continued)

### (b) Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

Since the initial public offering day, February 4, 2019, the Company granted share options to certain employees and directors under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme.

Movements of Post-IPO share options outstanding and their related exercise prices are as follows:

		Number of
		share options
	Average	of the Company
	exercise	(after
	prices	Subdivision)
Outstanding balance as at January 1, 2021	RMB11.4571	5,825,825
Granted	RMB10.9930	15,066,000
Exercised	RMB12.8424	(165,594)
Lapsed	RMB12.5480	(321,267)
Forfeited	RMB12.1281	(623,965)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2021	RMB11.0514	19,780,999
Lapsed	RMB12.0742	(579,665)
Forfeited	RMB10.9798	(4,066,163)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2022	RMB11.0315	15,135,171

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the market price of the Company's shares as at the dates of exercise ranged from RMB5.28 per share to RMB8.58 per share (during the year ended December 31, 2021: RMB7.08 per share to RMB15.03 per share).

As at December 31, 2022, out of 15,135,171 share options, 13,334,146 share options were vested and exercisable.



#### **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN** (continued) 29

### **ESOP Plan of the Company** (continued)

### Fair value of options

The Group used the Binomial Model and Monte Carlo Model to determine the fair value of the options as at the respective grant dates during the prior financial years. In view of the fact that the share options granted on January 19, 2021 specified market conditions to be satisfied, the Group has used the Monte Carlo Model to determine the fair value of the options at the grant date during the year ended December 31, 2021. The weighted average fair value of share options granted by Maoyan Entertainment during the year ended December 31, 2021 was RMB5.17 per share option.

Other than the exercise price mentioned above, significant judgement on parameters, such as risk free rate, dividend yield and expected volatility, are required to be made by the directors in applying the valuation model, which are summarized as below.

	Year ended
	December 31,
	2021
Risk free rate	0.8%
Dividend yield	0.0%
Expected volatility	45%

The expected volatility, measured as the standard deviation of expected share price returns, is determined based on the average daily trading price volatility of the shares of the comparable companies.

#### Expected retention rate

The Group has to estimate the expected yearly percentage of grantees that will stay within the Group at the end of the vesting periods of the share options (the "Expected Retention Rate") in order to determine the amount of share-based compensation expenses charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. As at December 31, 2022, such retention rate was assessed to be close to 95.8% (2021: 95.0%).



#### 29 **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN** (continued)

## **ESOP Plan of the Company** (continued)

### Post-IPO RSU Scheme

On May 1 and November 26, 2022, the Company granted restricted share units ("RSUs") to certain of the Group's employees (the "Grantees") subject to Post-IPO RSU Scheme, representing ordinary shares of par value USD0.00002 each in the share capital of the Company. The RSUs awarded are subject to a vesting scale in tranches from the grant date over certain period of employment with the Group or period of service to the Group, on the condition that employees remain employed and continue to provide service to the Group without any performance requirements. Once the vesting conditions underlying the respective RSUs are met and the RSUs are released, the shares shall be subject to applicable restrictions in the award and any legal restrictions.

Details of RSUs are as follows:

Grant date	Number of RSUs	Vesting condition
May 1, 2022	200,000	50% are to be vested 24 months from the Grant Date
		25% are to be vested 36 months from the Grant Date
		25% are to be vested 48 months from the Grant Date
November 26, 2022	80,000	50% are to be vested 24 months from the Grant Date
		25% are to be vested 36 months from the Grant Date
		25% are to be vested 48 months from the Grant Date

The fair value of the RSUs granted at May 1, 2022 and November 26, 2022 amounted to RMB1,044,000 and RMB485,000 respectively with reference to the share price of the Company on date of grant of HKD6.10 (equivalent to RMB5.22) and HKD6.64 (equivalent to RMB6.06).

The exercise price is nil per share and will be paid by the Grantees upon the vesting and settlement of each of the RSUs.



#### **SHARE INCENTIVE PLAN** (Continued) 29

## **ESOP Plan of the Company** (Continued)

## (d) Post-IPO RSU Scheme (Continued)

### Expected retention rate

The Group has to estimate the expected percentage of grantees that will stay within the Group at the end of the vesting periods in order to determine the amount of share-based compensation expenses charged to the combined statement of comprehensive income. As at December 31, 2022, such retention rate was assessed to be close to 87.1% (2021: 95.0%).

Number of

Movements of the Post-IPO RSU granted are as follows:

		Number of
		shares
		(after
	Fair value	Subdivision)
Outstanding balance as at January 1, 2021	RMB10.0733	11,814,016
Granted	RMB8.6484	1,963,478
Vested	RMB10.2043	(2,555,022)
Forfeited	RMB10.2394	(4,006,498)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2021	RMB9.5469	7,215,974
Granted	RMB5.5037	280,000
Vested	RMB9.8147	(2,001,728)
Forfeited	RMB10.7306	(1,031,260)
Outstanding balance as at December 31, 2022	RMB8.8997	4,462,986



#### 30 NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## (a) Cash generated from operations

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
- m		
Profit before income tax	181,291	534,844
Adjustments for:		
- Share options and RSUs granted to directors and		
employees (Note 9)	8,504	33,417
<ul> <li>Expenses from other share-based payment transaction (Note 7)</li> </ul>	279	_
<ul><li>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)</li></ul>	14,190	17,004
- Amortization of intangible assets ( <i>Note 16</i> )	121,637	140,272
- Depreciation of right-of-use asset (Note 15)	13,396	13,667
<ul> <li>Unwinding of interest on lease liabilities (Note 15)</li> </ul>	842	747
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	042	747
(Note 8)	192	594
<ul><li>Loss on disposals of intangible assets (Note 16)</li></ul>	192	1,746
- Share of losses of investments accounted for using the		1,740
equity method (Note 17)	2,921	396
<ul> <li>Gains on disposals of investments accounted for using the</li> </ul>	2,321	330
equity method (Note 17)	(273)	_
<ul><li>Interest income from bank deposits (Note 10)</li></ul>	(39,263)	(28,246)
<ul> <li>Interest expense on bank borrowings (Note 10)</li> </ul>	16,296	30,542
<ul> <li>Net impairment losses on financial assets (Note 3.1(b))</li> </ul>	83,349	194,060
Net impairment losses on non-financial assets (Note 22)	33,672	113,468
Fair value changes on financial assets at fair value through	00,072	110,400
profit or loss (Notes 6 and 8)	(31,516)	80,843
	(01,010)	00,040
Cash generated from operations before changes in working		
capital	405,517	1,133,354
Capital	403,317	1,100,004
Changes in working against		
Changes in working capital:	45 775	105
- Inventories	15,775	105 (645,000)
- Accounts receivables	419,139	(645,009)
- Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	48,949	(239,669)
<ul><li>Accounts payables</li><li>Other payables, accruals and other liabilities</li></ul>	93,298	4,163 534,773
Other payables, accidate and other liabilities	(787,898)	534,773
	194,780	787,717
	- ,	- 1 - 11



#### 30 NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)

## (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

	Borrowings RMB'000	Loans from third parties RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021	1,013,467	44,603	22,836	1,080,906
Proceeds from borrowings	512,500	_	_	512,500
Proceeds from loans from third				
parties	_	39,923	_	39,923
Repayment of borrowings	(1,013,467)	_	_	(1,013,467)
Principal elements of lease				
payments	_	_	(14,508)	(14,508)
Interest expenses on lease				
liabilities	_	_	747	747
As at December 31, 2021	512,500	84,526	9,075	606,101
As at January 1, 2022	512,500	84,526	9,075	606,101
Proceeds from borrowings	335,000	_	_	335,000
Proceeds from loans from third				
parties	_	(84,526)	_	(84,526)
Repayment of borrowings	(512,500)	_	_	(512,500)
Principal elements of lease				
payments	_	_	(14,885)	(14,885)
Interest expenses on lease				
liabilities	_	_	842	842
Addition of lease liabilities	_	_	43,020	43,020
As at December 31, 2022	335,000	_	38,052	373,052

Nature of relationship

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**



#### 30 **NOTE TO CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)**

#### **Major non-cash transactions** (c)

During the year ended December 31, 2022, payables to certain third parties in respect of online entertainment ticketing and investments in certain movies and TV series amounting to approximately RMB66,023,000 were settled via offsetting the loans from the Group to these third parties, pursuant to offsetting arrangements between the Group and these third parties.

#### **CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS** 31

Name of the related parties

As at December 31, 2022, capital expenditure contracted for but not yet incurred by the Group amounted to approximately RMB485,563,000 with respect to investments and productions in certain movies and TV series and equity interest company (2021: RMB568,391,000).

#### SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 32

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Members of key management and their close family members of the Group are also considered as related parties.

Name of the related parties	Nature of relationship
Meituan and its subsidiaries (collectively "Meituan Group")	One of the Company's shareholders
Enlight Investment and Enlight Media and their subsidiaries	One of the Company's shareholders
(collectively "Enlight Group")	
Tencent and its subsidiaries (collectively "Tencent Group")	One of the Company's shareholders
Beijing Yaoying Movie Distribution Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Yaoying")	The associate of the Group
Shanghai Mila Television Culture Media Co., Ltd.	The associate of the Group
("Shanghai Mila")	
Shanghai Chengxin Television Media Co., Ltd.	The associate of the Group
("Shanghai Chengxin")	
Hangzhou Guanghe Zhizao Food Technology Co., Ltd.	The associate of the Group
("Hangzhou Guanghe")	

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following significant transactions were carried out between the Group and its related parties during years ended December 31, 2022. In the opinion of the Company's directors, the following related party transactions were carried out in the normal course of business and at terms negotiated between the Group and the respective related parties.



#### **SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued) 32

## (a) Revenue from transactions with related parties

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Tencent Group	29,560	65,283
Enlight Group	12,681	21,585
Meituan Group	840	_
Hangzhou Guanghe	90	-
Shanghai Chengxin	-	6,814
Beijing Yaoying	-	1,138
	43,171	94,820

## (b) Purchase of management and infrastructure services

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Meituan Group	154,997	179,886
Tencent Group	49,076	41,323
Hangzhou Guanghe	90	-
Enlight Group	18	2,129
	204,181	223,338

## (c) Movie cards consideration received on behalf of the Group

	Year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Enlight Group	2,318	1,753
Tencent Group	-	1,194
Meituan Group	-	649
Beijing Yaoying	-	46
	2,318	3,642



#### **SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued) 32

## (d) Balances with related parties

	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Receivables from related parties		
- Accounts receivables		
Shanghai Chengxin	21,641	3,554
Tencent Group	19,801	284,477
Enlight Group	_	6,041
Beijing Yaoying	256	319
Hangzhou Guanghe	95	_
	41,793	294,391
Less: allowance for impairment	(29,371)	(23,535)
	( 2 ) 2	( -, /
	12,422	270,856
- Deposits and other receivables		
Meituan Group	93,277	42,740
Hangzhou Guanghe	15,000	11,500
Tencent Group	10,770	8,000
Shanghai Mila	4,717	4,717
Enlight Group	1,142	10
Shanghai Chengxin	_	18,087
	124,906	85,054
Less: allowance for impairment	(4,938)	(22,931)
		,
	119,968	62,123



#### **SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued) 32

## (d) Balances with related parties (continued)

	As at Dec	As at December 31,	
	2022	2021	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Payables to related parties			
- Accounts payables			
Tencent Group	5,200	4,880	
Hangzhou Guanghe	95	_	
Enlight Group	33	181	
	5,328	5,061	
Payables to related parties			
- Other payables, accruals and other liabilities			
Meituan Group	40,434	48,880	
Enlight Group	19,809	22,215	
Tencent Group	25,878	11,309	
	86,121	82,404	

The receivables and payables due from/to related parties are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.



#### 32 **SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued)

## (e) Key management compensation

	Year ended [	December 31,
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Wages, salaries and bonuses	5,811	6,397
Welfare, medical and other expenses	61	73
Contributions to pension plans	32	39
Share-based compensation expenses	-	13,526
	5,904	20,035

#### **CONTINGENCIES** 33

The Group had no material contingent liabilities outstanding as at December 31, 2022 and 2021.



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND EQUITY MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

		As at Decen	nber 31,
		2022	2021
	Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
ASSETS			
Non-current asset			
Investment in a subsidiary	(a)	10,317,000	13,960,000
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income		359,024	260,058
		10,676,024	14,220,058
Current accets			
Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables		782,792	444,267
Bank deposits with the maturity over three months		392,894	444,207
Cash and cash equivalents		310,364	1,147,463
Cash and Cash equivalents		310,304	1,147,400
		1,486,050	1,591,730
Total assets		10 160 074	15 011 700
Total assets		12,162,074	15,811,788
EQUITY			
Share capital		154	154
Reserves	(b)	24,554,810	24,507,126
Accumulated losses	(-)	(12,441,519)	(8,781,351)
Total equity		12,113,445	15,725,929
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Other payables, accruals and other liabilities		48,629	85,859
Total liabilities		48,629	85,859
		10,020	00,000
Total equity and liabilities		12,162,074	15,811,788

The financial position of the Company was approved for issue by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

**ZHENG Zhihao** 

LI Li

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Senior Financial Director



#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND EQUITY MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY 34 (continued)

## (a) Investment in a subsidiary

	As at Dec	ember 31,
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Investment in a subsidiary (i)	22,200,000	22,200,000
Deemed investments arising from share-based		
compensation expenses (ii)	379,602	371,098
Less: allowance for impairment of investment in		
a subsidiary (i)	(12,262,602)	(8,611,098)
	10,317,000	13,960,000

As at December 31, 2022, the Company recognized impairment provision of approximately RMB12,262,602,000 (2021: RMB8,611,098,000) on investment in a subsidiary according to the valuation on the recoverable amount of the investment in a subsidiary. The recoverable amount was determined based on value-in-use calculations which use cash flow projections based on financial budgets.

<sup>(</sup>ii) The amount represents share-based compensation expenses arising from the grant of share options of the Company to employees of the subsidiaries (Note 29) in exchange for their services provided to these subsidiaries, which were deemed to be investments made by the Company into these subsidiaries.



# 34 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND EQUITY MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

## (b) Reserve movement of the Company

		Financial			
		assets at			
		fair value			
		through other	Currency		
	Share	comprehensive	translation	Other	
	premium	income	differences	reserves	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
As at January 1, 2021	2,356,598	(43,398)	337	22,164,252	24,477,789
Issuance of new shares under share option scheme	38,180	-	-	(33,896)	4,284
Issuance of new shares under RSU scheme	26,072	-	_	(26,072)	-
Share-based compensation expenses		-	_	33,417	33,417
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair					
value through other comprehensive income	_	10,373	_	-	10,373
Transfer of gain upon disposal of equity investments		,			,
at fair value through other comprehensive income					
to retained earnings	-	(11,097)	-	-	(11,097)
Currency translation differences	_	-	(7,640)		(7,640)
As at December 31, 2021	2,420,850	(44,122)	(7,303)	22,137,701	24,507,126
As at January 1, 2022	2,420,850	(44,122)	(7,303)	22,137,701	24,507,126
Issuance of new shares under share option scheme	4,526	-	-	(4,497)	29
Issuance of new shares under RSU scheme	19,646	-	-	(19,646)	-
Share-based compensation expenses		-	-	8,504	8,504
Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair					
value through other comprehensive income	-	(70,646)	-	-	(70,646)
Currency translation differences	-	-	109,797	-	109,797
As at December 31, 2022	2,445,022	(114,768)	102,494	22,122,062	24,554,810



The Company's major subsidiaries (including controlled and structured entities) as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have capital consisting solely of ordinary shares that are held directly by the Group. The place of establishment/ incorporation is also their principal place of business.

					Ownership interest held	terest held
			Date of	Particulars of	by the Group	Group
	Place of incorporation		establishment/	registered	As at December 31,	mber 31,
Company name	and kind of legal entity	Principal activities	incorporation	capital/issued capital	2022	2021
Maoyan Entertainment (BVI) Ltd.	BVI, limited liability company	Investment holding	December 12, 2017	United States Dollar	100.00%	100.00%
				("USD") 50,000		
Maoyan Entertainment HK	Hong Kong, limited liability company Investment holding	Investment holding	January 4, 2018	Hong Kong Dollar	100.00%	100.00%
				("HKD") 10,000		
Hong Kong Maoyan Live Entertainment	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Movie ticketing services,	June 18, 2019	Hong Kong Dollar	100.00%	100.00%
Limited (香港猫眼現場娛樂有限公司)		Performance ticketing services		("HKD") 10,000		
Tianjin Maoyan Weying	PRC, limited liability company	Movie ticketing services, Film	May 27, 2015	RMB86,457,811	100.00%	100.00%
(天津猫眼微影文化傳媒有限公司)		investment and distribution				
Beijing Maoyan	PRC, limited liability company	Online ticketing platform services,	November 12, 2015	RMB10,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
(北京猫眼文化傳媒有限公司)		Film investment and distribution				
Xinjiang Maoyan Network Technology Co.	PRC, limited liability company	Movie ticketing services	November 10, 2016	RMB10,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
Ltd. (新疆猫眼網絡科技有限公司)						
Tianjin Maoyan Pictures Co., Ltd.	PRC, limited liability company	TV series investment and	June 8, 2015	RMB50,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
(天津猫眼影業有限公司)		distribution				
Maoyan Enterprise	PRC, limited liability company	Economic and trade consultation,	March 1, 2017	RMB1,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
(天津猫眼企業管理咨詢有限公司)		Strategic investment				
Beijing Weige Shidai	PRC, limited liability company	Movie ticketing services,	March 9, 2016	RMB5,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
(北京微格時代娛樂科技有限公司)		Performance ticketing services				
Ruihai Fangyuan	PRC, limited liability company	Online movie ticketing services	July 13, 2017	RMB200,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
(深圳市瑞海方圓科技有限公司)						

SUBSIDIARIES

# **SUBSIDIARIES** (continued)

# **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Place of incorporation   Place of incorporation   Place of incorporation				Date of	Particulars of	by the	by the Group
and kind of legal entity Principal activities incorporation capital/ssued capital 2022  PRC, wholly foreign owned Computer technology research, enterprise agency. Film project technology research, June 19, 2018 PRG, limited liability company Computer technology research, June 19, 2018 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency. Film project technology research April 23, 2008 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency. Film investment and distribution May 15, 2019 RMB50,000,000 100.00% development, advisory: Ticket agency. PRC, limited liability company Natwork technology service. April 23, 2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory: Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent, literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00%				establishment/	registered	As at Dec	ember 31,
PRC, wholly foreign owned Computer technology research, February 5, 2018 USD200,000,000 100.00% enterprise agency; Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, June 19, 2018 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; Film project technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; Film project technology services.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology service, April 23, 2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; Film investment and distribution May 15, 2019 RMB50,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; Research April 23, 2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; PRC, limited liability company Acting agent, iterary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00% performance	Company name		Principal activities	incorporation	capital/issued capital	2022	2021
PRC, imited liability company Computer technology research, PRC, limited liability company Film project technology services etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency, Film project technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development advisory. Ticket agency. Film project technology service.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology service, April 23, 2008 RMB5,000,000 100.00% advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution May 15, 2019 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency; ebusiness etc.  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23, 2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent, literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.000%							
enterprise development, advisory; Ticket agency, Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, June 19, 2018 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory, Ticket agency; Film project technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Film project technology service, April 23, 2008 RMB50,000,000 100.00% advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23, 2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.000% performance	Tianjin Maoyan Weying Technology Co.,	PRC, wholly foreign owned	Computer technology research,	February 5, 2018	USD200,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
agency. Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company  Computer technology research, development, advisory,  PRC, limited liability company  Computer technology research, development, advisory, Ticket agency. Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company  Network technology service, April 23,2008  RMB5,000,000  100,009  development, advisory, Ticket agency, Ellm investment and distribution  RMB10,000,000  Gevelopment, advisory, Ticket agency, e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  RMB2,550,000  61,009  61,009	Ltd. (天津猫眼微影科技有限公司)	enterprise	development, advisory; Ticket				
advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 BRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 BRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 BRD, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 BRD, limited liability company Computer technology service, April 23, 2008 BRD, limited liability company Computer technology service, April 23, 2008 BRD, limited liability company Acting agency, Fluket Agency, Elwisness etc. BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 BRD, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022			agency; Film project technology				
PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, June 19, 2018 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory,  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency, Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution May 15,2018 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23,2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory. Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00% performance			advisory etc.				
development, advisory. Performance ticketing services etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, development, advisory; Ticket agency; Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, development, advisory; Ticket agency; Ticket agency; Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00% performance	Maoyan Live JV	PRC, limited liability company	Computer technology research,	June 19, 2018	RMB5,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 Gevelopment, advisory; Ticket agency; Film project technology advisory etc. PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution Film investment and distribution RMB10,000,000 Film investment, advisory; Ticket April 23, 2019 RMB50,000,000 Film investment and distribution Acting agency; Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and Acting agency; Acting agent; literary creation and acting	(天津猫眼現場科技有限公司)		development, advisory,				
etc.  PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Rutork technology service, April 23,2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00% performance			Performance ticketing services				
PRC, limited liability company Computer technology research, April 29, 2019 RMB5,000,000 100.00% advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution May 15,2019 RMB50,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; -Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00% performance			etc.				
development, advisory; Ticket agency; Film project technology advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company PRC, limited liability company PRC, limited liability company PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; Ilterary creation and January 26, 2022 PRC, limited liability company	Beijing Maoyan Weying Technology Co.,	PRC, limited liability company	Computer technology research,	April 29, 2019	RMB5,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company  Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022  PRC, limited liability company	Ltd. (北京猫眼微影科技有限公司)		development, advisory; Ticket				
advisory etc.  PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution May 15,2019 RMB50,000,000 100.00%  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23,2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00%  development, advisory; Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00%			agency; Film project technology				
PRC, limited liability company Film investment and distribution May 15,2019 RMB50,000,000 100.00%  PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23,2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 61.00%			advisory etc.				
PRC, limited liability company Network technology service, April 23,2008 RMB10,000,000 100.00% development, advisory; Ticket agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and performance 61.00%	Shanghai Maoyan Pictures Co., Ltd. (上海猫眼影業有限公司)	PRC, limited liability company	Film investment and distribution	May 15,2019	RMB50,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
公司) agency; e-Business etc. PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 performance	Hangzhou Soushi Network Technology	PRC, limited liability company	Network technology service,	April 23,2008	RMB10,000,000	100.00%	100.00%
agency; e-Business etc.  PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2,550,000 performance	Co., Ltd. (杭州搜視網絡有限公司)		development, advisory; Ticket				
PRC, limited liability company Acting agent; literary creation and January 26, 2022 RMB2, 550,000 performance			agency; e-Business etc.				
	Shanghai Xizhongren Cultural	PRC, limited liability company	Acting agent; literary creation and	January 26, 2022	RMB2,550,000	61.00%	N/A
	Entertainment Co., Ltd.		performance				



#### 36 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The remuneration of each director for the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out as follows:

				Pension			
				costs-			
		Salaries		defined	Other	Share-	
	Director's	and		contribution	employee	based	
	fee	wages	Bonuses	plan	benefits	compensation	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive director							
- Mr. ZHENG Zhihao	-	2,153	720	-	-	-	2,873
Non-executive directors							
- Mr. TANG Lichun	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. Sun Zhonghuai (b)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. WANG Changtian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Ms. LI Xiaoping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Ms. WANG Jian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. CHEN Shaohui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. LIN Ning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors							
- Mr. WANG Hua	313	-	-	-	-	-	313
- Mr. CHAN Charles Sheung Wai	313	-	-	-	-	-	313
- Ms. LIU Lin	313	-	-	-	-	-	313
– Mr. YIN Hong	313	_	-	-	_	_	313
	1,252	2,153	720	-	-	-	4,125



#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (continued) 36

The remuneration of each director for the year ended December 31, 2021 are set out as follows:

				Pension			
				costs-			
		Salaries		defined	Other	Share-	
	Director's	and		contribution	employee	based	
	fee	wages	Bonuses	plan	benefits	compensation	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive director							
- Mr. ZHENG Zhihao	-	2,153	720	-	-	7,825	10,698
Non-executive directors	-	-					
- Mr. TANG Lichun	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. CHENG Wu (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. WANG Changtian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Ms. LI Xiaoping	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Ms. WANG Jian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. CHEN Shaohui	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mr. LIN Ning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors							
- Mr. WANG Hua	291	-	-	-	-	-	291
- Mr. CHAN Charles Sheung Wai	291	-	-	-	-	-	291
- Ms. LIU Lin	291	-	-	-	-	-	291
- Mr. YIN Hong	291	_	_	_		_	291
	1,164	2,153	720	_	_	7,825	11,862

Mr. CHENG Wu has tendered his resignation as a non-executive Director with effect from November 16, 2022. (a)

<sup>(</sup>b) Mr. SUN Zhonghuai has been appointed as a non-executive Director with effect from November 16, 2022.



#### 36 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (continued)

#### **Directors' remuneration** (a)

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no directors received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join or leave the Group or compensation for loss of office; no directors and senior management waived or has agreed to waive any emoluments.

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefit

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no retirement benefits paid to the directors of the Company by a defined benefit pension plan operated by the Group in respect of the director's services as a director of the Company and its subsidiaries or other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking.

#### **Directors' termination benefit** (c)

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no payments to the directors of the Company as compensation for the early termination of the appointment.

#### Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services (d)

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company did not provide to any third party for making available director's services.

#### Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled (e) bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors of the Company, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors.

#### (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.



#### 37 FROZEN EQUITY INTERESTS OF TIANJIN MAOYAN WEYING

As disclosed in Note 2.2(a), Tianjin Maoyan Weying is a PRC subsidiary controlled by the Group through contractual arrangements. Beijing Shiji Weying Culture Development Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Shiji Weying") is a registered shareholder of Tianjin Maoyan Weying and holds approximately 26.9% equity interests (the "Equity interests") of Tianjin Maoyan Weying. As at December 31, 2022, the Equity Interests were frozen due to the following case:

- Beijing Weying Shidai Technology Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Weying Shidai"), an affiliated company of Beijing Shiji Weying, which transferred the Equity Interests to Beijing Shiji Weying in 2018 for preparation the listing of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Transfer"). Prior to the Transfer, Beijing Weying Shidai originally entered into contractual agreements with the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and its registered shareholders in July 2018. Subsequent to the Transfer, Beijing Shiji Weying signed the contractual agreements in August 2018 as part of the contractual arrangements as disclosed in Note 2.2(a).
- Since Beijing Weying Shidai was involved in certain debt disputes involving approximately USD6,058,000 (approximately RMB40.2 million, the "Debt") with a creditor who initiated lawsuits against Beijing Weying Shidai as defendant, a court in the PRC issued a civil paper (Document 2021 Jing 04 Zhi 480) ("Civil Paper 480"), pursuant to which the Equity Interests were frozen for the purpose of cancelling the Transfer and transferring the Equity Interests back to Beijing Weying Shidai.

In May 2022, Beijing Shiji Weying and Beijing Weying Shidai have entered into a settlement agreement with the debtor. As of the date of approval of the financial statements, Beijing Shiji Weying and Beijing Weying Shidai are in the process of settling the Debt, and after confirmed by the creditor, RMB17.6 million out of the total RMB40.2 million debt has already been settled.

As at December 31, 2022 and the date of approval of the financial statement, the Equity Interests are remained frozen by this case.



#### FROZEN EQUITY INTERESTS OF TIANJIN MAOYAN WEYING (continued) **37**

In response to the above cases, Beijing Shiji Weying and Beijing Weying Shidai co-issued a letter of confirmation (the "Confirmation") to Tianjin Maoyan Weying and WFOE, pursuant to which they agreed to comply and fulfil all the terms and conditions, responsibilities and obligations under the contractual agreements including but not limited to fully cooperating when WFOE exercises its irrevocable and exclusive right to purchase the Equity Interests, or transfer the Equity Interests to WFOE's assignee at WFOE's request.

The directors of the Company, based on the advice of its PRC legal advisors, considered that the contractual arrangements as disclosed in Note 2.2(a) and the Confirmation are in compliance with relevant PRC laws and regulations and are legally binding and enforceable. There is no significant change for these contractual arrangements and the consolidation of Tianjin Maoyan Weying.

# **Financial Summary**

## **RESULTS**

		For the Yea	ar ended Dece	mber 31,	
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Continuing operations					
Revenue	3,754,959	4,267,514	1,365,690	3,323,415	2,319,477
Gross profits	2,356,246	2,657,147	537,334	1,842,231	1,019,970
(Losses)/profits before income tax	(148,044)	661,541	(628,621)	534,844	181,291
Income tax credits/(expenses)	9,648	(202,684)	(17,651)	(166,342)	(76,479)
(Losses)/profits for the year from					
continuing operations	(138,396)	458,857	(646,272)	368,502	104,812
(Losses)/profits attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(137,088)	463,456	(646,272)	368,502	105,190
Non-controlling interests	(1,308)	(4,599)	_	_	(378)

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

_	As at December 31,					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Total assets	9,076,398	11,351,245	10,608,542	11,028,335	10,258,018	
Total liabilities	(3,369,850)	(3,063,202)	(2,985,483)	(3,040,663)	(2,084,243)	
Total equity	5,706,548	8,288,043	7,623,059	7,987,672	8,173,775	
Non-controlling interests	4,599	-	_	_	1,415	
Equity attributable to equity holders of						
the Company	5,701,949	8,288,043	7,623,059	7,987,672	8,172,360	



#### ī. **ABOUT THE REPORT**

This report is aimed at disclosing the performance and results in respect of environmental, social and governance ("ESG") of Maoyan Entertainment (the "Company", or "Maoyan" or "our Company" or "We" or "Us") to all the stakeholders in 2022. It is prepared in accordance with the Appendix 27 "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Reporting Guide") of the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and in compliance with the requirements of principles of "materiality", "quantitative" and "consistency" set out in the Guide.

- Materiality: Internal and external stakeholders were invited to participate in the identification and (1) materiality assessment of ESG-related issues of the Company, and the Board reviewed the results of the assessment and disclosed the results of the latest stakeholder communication and materiality assessment in this report.
- (2)Quantitative: This report disclosed relevant quantitative environmental and social data, as well as the standards and methods used for their statistics and calculations.
- (3)Consistency: The data disclosed in this report adopted the same statistical methodology as previous years to ensure the comparability of its contents.

This report covers the period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, with some data being retrospect to previous years. The information contained in this Report is mainly derived from the statistical data and related documents of the Company. We confirm that this Report does not contain any false records and misleading statements, and we shall be responsible for the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of its content.

Unless otherwise stated, based on materiality considerations, the scope of disclosure in this report includes the Company and its subsidiaries in China, and covers the same scope as 2021.

This report is issued together with the annual report. For the content of corporate governance, readers are reminded to read this report in conjunction with the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" in the annual report.



#### II. **BOARD STATEMENT**

The Company has established a cross-departmental ESG management structure consisting of the Board of Directors, ESG task force and various business departments, with an aim to perform ESG work in a better way and effectively implement the Company's ESG management philosophy and strategy. The Board of Directors, as the highest decision-making body of ESG, is fully responsible for the Company's ESG governance strategy, reviewing and approving ESG strategies, policies, goals, key tasks and management priorities, and regularly reviewing ESG goals and its progress, as well as overseeing and evaluating the implementation of ESG-related issues. The ESG taskforce (the "Taskforce"), which is composed of the ESG related departments of the Company, is responsible for coordinating the day-to-day ESG management, evaluating ESG-related risks, studying and establishing ESG risk management procedures and internal control system, as well as promoting the undertaking and implementation of various tasks. The Taskforce makes regular reports to the Board of Directors on the latest progress of ESG-related work and receives reports on the implementation of ESG work from each business department.

#### **ESG MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHY** III.

As a leading provider of "Technology+Pan-Entertainment" service, we deeply understand the importance of effective ESG management for its ongoing sound operation and strives to integrate the ESG management philosophy into its overall strategy, policy and business plan, to continuously produce high quality content with a positive social value proposition for consumers, meet our online tickets business needs and establish excellent marketing and promotion capabilities. With reference to our corporate culture, social responsibility philosophy, ESG management status and previous work, we strive to create more value for the industry and society.

ESG management strategies: fulfilling corporate social responsibilities; actively promoting the green office concept to reduce the negative impact of business operations on the environment; establishing a sound talent management system to grow together with employees and achieve a harmonious and win-win employment relationship; creating high-quality and responsible products and services, maintaining the content ecology and ensuring data and customer information security to establish a good brand image; focusing on business development while continuing to make efforts to contribute to the communities and strive to cultivate a sustained relationship to benefit both the Company and communities, so as to make more contributions to society and help the Company achieve sustainable development.



#### IV. **ACTIVELY RESPOND TO THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS**

The Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs") of the United Nations aim to guide countries around the world to resolve the key issues in economy, society and environment, and encourage the public, including enterprise, to actively make their own efforts to achieve sustainable development. Based on the Company's business characteristics, we have identified 5 SDGs priorities by analyzing and sorting out the correlation between our own sustainable development and SDGs and integrated them into our ESG management philosophy. We commit to support and implement SDGs in our development strategy and business operation.

We actively respond to SDGs and China's National Plan on Implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and have taken the following actions in the identified key areas of SDGs to guide the ESG work.

SDGs

#### China's National Plan of SDGs1

## **Our Sustainable Development Actions**



- Ensure equality and accessibility of basic health care services.
- Focus on the health and safety of employees, provide them with health and safety protection such as medical care insurance and create a healthy and safe working environment.
- Establish the first aid response system, with first aid equipment equipped and being put into full operation.



- Raise public awareness of gender equality and eradicate all forms of discrimination and prejudice against women and girls.
- Create a fair and just working environment.
- Resolutely oppose gender discrimination, and provide equal opportunities for female employees.

The contents are abstracted from "China's National Plan on Implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development".



#### **SDGs**

#### China's National Plan of SDGs1

#### **Our Sustainable Development Actions**



- Ensure moderate-and high-speed economic growth and moderate-and high-level of production.
- Crack down on illegal and criminal activities such as child labor and forced labor in accordance with law and provide special protection for underage workers aged between 16
- Protect workers' legitimate rights and interests such as remuneration, vacation, social security, and etc.
- Improve employment and entrepreneurship services and launch a lifelong vocational training initiative.
- Continue to devote ourselves to the pan-entertainment industry, practice based on core development strategy "Technology+Pan-Entertainment", continuously improve competitiveness and innovation capacity, grow together with industry partners and provide communities with more high-quality jobs to help economic
- Prohibit child labor and forced labor.
- Protect the legitimate rights and interests of employees, establish and improve recruitment, remuneration, vacation systems, and provide a competitive remuneration system and reasonable benefits and welfare.
- Encourage employees to pursue a work-life balanced lifestyle.
- Understand the needs of employees and communicate with them through multiple channels.
- Establish an employee training system to support their development and growth.



#### **SDGs**

#### China's National Plan of SDGs1

#### **Our Sustainable Development Actions**



- Improve education and publicity on climate change mitigation and environmental protection, spread knowledge about climate change and low-carbon development, and encourage public participation in climate actions.
- Encourage green office, and actively promote the concept of resource conservation and environmental protection to raise employees' awareness of environmental protection.
- Identify and actively address climate change risks.



- Resolutely correct improper conduct that harms the interests of the general public, and punish corruption. Maintain the pressure and strengthening accountability and enforcement.
- Create a corporate culture of honesty, integrity and fairness.
- Operate in compliance and conduct business with integrity.



## STAKEHOLDERS RESEARCH AND COMMUNICATION

The opinions and demands of stakeholders from all walks of life have a significant impact on our ESG work. We actively communicate with stakeholders to heed their ESG concerns, and have established multiple and regular communication channels with the government and regulatory authorities, shareholders and investors, customers, employees, suppliers, communities, media and non-governmental organizations for continuously strengthening communication and exchange, to jointly improve our ESG management.

Stakeholders	Major ESG topics of concern			Major communication channels		
Government and	•	Employment	•	Implementation of policies,		
regulatory authorities	•	Supply chain management		laws and regulations		
	•	Product responsibility	•	Written documents or reports		
	•	Anti-corruption	•	Official website of the		
				Company		
			•	Regular or irregular face-to-		
				face communications		
Shareholders and investors	•	Employment	•	General meeting of		
	•	Product responsibility		Shareholders		
	•	Anti-corruption	•	Periodic reports		
	•	Climate change	•	Results announcements		
			•	Official website of the		
				Company		
			•	Investor relations mailbox		
Customers	•	Product responsibility	•	Periodic reports		
			•	Customer hotline and email		
			•	Routine operation and		
				communication		

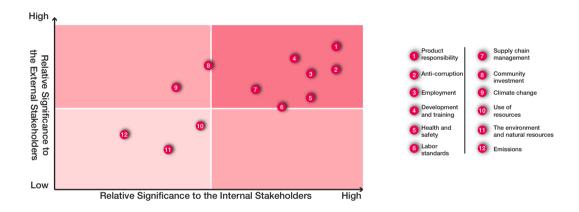


Stakeholders	Major ESG topics of concern	Major communication channels
Employees	<ul> <li>Employment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employee handbook</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Health and safety</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Internal announcement/email</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Development and training</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Internal meetings with</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Labor standards</li> </ul>	employees
		<ul> <li>Employee training</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Team building activities</li> </ul>
		Performance assessment
		and feedback
		<ul> <li>Employees' feedback</li> </ul>
		mechanism
		Daily communication
Suppliers	<ul> <li>Supply chain management</li> </ul>	Supplier management
	<ul> <li>Anti-corruption</li> </ul>	system
		<ul> <li>Supplier evaluation and examination</li> </ul>
		Daily meetings and
		discussions
Communities	Use of resources	<ul> <li>Participation in charity</li> </ul>
	Community investment	activities
		Volunteer work
		Social media
Media and non-governmental	<ul> <li>Employment</li> </ul>	Social media
organizations	<ul> <li>Product responsibility</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Company official websites</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Community investment</li> </ul>	Press conferences
	Supply chain management	<ul> <li>Formal or informal</li> </ul>
	• Emissions	communication meetings
	<ul> <li>Use of resources</li> </ul>	
	Climate change	



#### VI. **MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT**

In order to improve the materiality of the report, the Company identified a total of 12 material issues, including product responsibility, anti-corruption, employment, development and training, health and safety, labor standards, supply chain management, community investment, climate change, use of resources, the environment and natural resources and emissions during the Year based on the actual situation of the Company's business and the ESG material issues according to the latest requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide of HKEX and SDGs by analyzing and evaluating. We ranked 12 material issues by their importance and prepared the following matrix of ESG material issues, the results of which were considered and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.



#### VII. ENVIRONMENT

Adhering to the philosophy of green development, the Company has fulfilled its responsibility for environmental protection, and continues to promote sustainable development. The Company implements various measures for environment protection in daily operations, strives to reduce the impacts on the environment and actively responds to climate change in accordance with the requirements of relevant laws and regulations, such as the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes", the "Law on Prevention and Control of Water Pollution of the People's Republic of China", and the "Law on Prevention and Control of Air Pollution of the People's Republic of China", etc.



#### 1. **Emissions**

Since the Company's operations do not involve any production or manufacturing processes, there are limited environmental impacts related to emissions of exhaust gases and greenhouse gases, discharges to water and land, and generation of hazardous or non-hazardous wastes.

As an office enterprise, the Company generates a small amount of non-hazardous and hazardous wastes in its daily operation. Non-hazardous wastes primarily include domestic garbage and disposed electronic devices, office wastes, while hazardous wastes primarily include waste ink cartridges, waste toner cartridges, waste toners and lead-acid batteries of printing devices.

In order to promote the concept of low-carbon green office and improve environmental awareness of its employees, the Company actively responds to the waste classification action by setting up classified dustbins in the public areas of the office and continuously popularized the knowledge of waste classification to employees and strengthening their awareness of waste classification through posting posters in office areas and scrolling promotional videos on electronic screens. We manage the recycling process of non-hazardous waste generated from daily office and operations, and nonrecyclable non-hazardous waste is centrally transported to designated waste collection agencies for disposal. We insist on cooperating with professional companies with appropriate qualifications to recycle or dispose of hazardous waste such as toner, toner cartridges and waste lead-acid batteries in strict accordance with relevant regulations.

We encourage our employees to use office equipment with care, implement an application mechanism for office supplies, and also set limits on the frequency and quantity of office supplies that employees can apply for, which to avoid unnecessary waste and reduce waste generation.



#### 2. **Use of Resources**

The Company attaches great importance to resource conservation and takes various measures to improve the efficiency of resource use. Major resources used in our daily operations include energy, electricity, water and office paper.

- Electricity saving: We strictly manage electricity consumption in office areas, encourage the use of natural lighting, set the temperature of air-conditioning in office premises, replace high-energy-consuming lamps with LED ones to reduce unnecessary power consumption and improve the efficiency of electricity consumption; encourage employees to turn off computers, air-conditioning and other electricity-using equipment in a timely manner after work to reduce standby power consumption; arrange the security officers to carry out regular patrols during non-office hours and turn off unused electronic equipment in office areas in a timely manner to avoid electricity wastage.
- Water saving: We have installed water-saving faucets in lavatories and regularly maintain and inspect the water supply facilities. Any leakage of water pipes and faucets will be promptly reported to the property management office for repair to avoid unnecessary waste; post water-saving posters in our office areas to promote the concept of water saving and raise our employees' water-saving awareness.
- Paper saving: Our printers are pre-set as double-sided printing function to reduce paper use. The Company has set up a paper recycling area close to the printer to collect waste paper for recycling; continues to implement paperless office mode and encourages employees to adopt online office mode using the online office system; and encourages employees to bring their own cups to reduce the daily consumption of one-off paper cups.



#### 3. **Environmental Goals**

Subject of goals	Content of goals	Progress review
Energy conservation	Electricity consumption per capita of the Company shall be no more than 1.2 MWh per year in the next three to five years based on past consumption per capita.	The goal was achieved during the year. The Company continued to implement various measures for electricity saving to reduce electricity consumption and strictly control per capita electricity consumption.
Water saving	Water consumption per capital of the Company shall be no more than 10 tonnes per year in the next three to five years based on past consumption per capita.	The goal was achieved during the year. The Company has integrated water saving measures into its daily management and continues to strengthen employees' awareness of water saving.
Paper saving	We shall gradually realize the systematic paperless management and online function development, such as online approval of qualifications and licenses, electronic customer invoices, etc. on top of existing electronic signature for employee labor contracts and merchant studio contracts.	The Company continues to promote paperless office, and optimize the electronic office platform.



#### 4. Environment and Natural Resources

Since its business operation does not involve large-scale production activities, it is unlikely that the Company will have a substantial impact on the environment and natural resources in the course of its daily operations. In the process of our expanding business and operations, we will continue to focus on the goal of "green development" and pay close attention to and conscientiously consider environmental and resource issues, so as to minimize any substantial impact on them.

#### 5. Climate Change

Addressing climate change has become one of the global focus issues. We recognize deeply that climate change may have an impact on the Company's development. Based on our operations, we have further evaluated and analyzed the risks of climate change, and formulated relevant response measures to actively address the challenges of climate change and promote the Company's long-term and stable development.

The principal climate change risks faced by the Company and the corresponding measures are as follow:

Risl	k Ca	tego	ories

#### **Risk Description**

#### **Corresponding Measures**

Transformation Risk Reputational risk: as public awareness of climate change and sustainable development issues increases, the Company may face reputational risks when its operations have an impact on the environment. This can lead to questioning and criticism from stakeholders, which can damage the Company's reputation.

Actively implement energy conservation and emissions reduction measures, proactively accept social public opinion supervision, and regularly conduct reputation risk assessments.



Risk Categories	Risk Description	Corresponding Measures
Physical Risk	Extreme weather: sudden extreme weather and natural disasters may lead to interruption of the Company's	<ul> <li>The Company will include relevant provisions in project contracts to address force majeure events;</li> </ul>
	operations, project suspensions	• In response to different extreme
	in which the Company invested,	weather conditions, regional managers
	or property and personnel	should immediately synchronize
	damage, resulting in economic	their emergency response teams
	loss.	to formulate contingency plans and
		supervise employees to adjust their
		shooting plans in a timely and flexible
		manner, so as to minimize the impact of
		extreme weather and natural disasters
		on property and personnel safety :
		• Regularly conduct natural
		disaster preparedness knowledge
		dissemination to employees to enhance
		their awareness of safety prevention.

While identifying and addressing climate change risks, the Company actively seizes the opportunities brought by climate change. By implementing various green office measures, we can reduce our own carbon emissions, promote environmental protection, establish a good corporate image, and enhance our competitiveness.



#### 6. **Environmental Key Performance Indicators**

The environmental key performance data of the Company during the reporting period are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, these data cover the Company's offices in Beijing and Shanghai.

#### **Emissions**

Indicators	2021 Figures	2022 Figures
Total Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") emissions (scopes 1 and 2)		
(tonnes CO2e) <sup>1</sup>	468.96	560.12
Total Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") emissions (scope 2)		
(tonnes CO2e)	468.96	560.12
Including: purchased electricity	468.96	560.12
Total GHG emissions per capita (tonnes CO2e per capita) <sup>2</sup>	0.64	0.91
Total GHG emissions per floor area (tonnes CO2e		
per square metre)	0.06	0.08
Total hazardous waste production (tonnes) <sup>3</sup>	0.03	0.01
Hazardous waste production per capita (kg per capita) <sup>2</sup>	0.05	0.02
Total non-hazardous waste production (tonnes) <sup>4</sup>	43.14	31.17
Non-hazardous waste production per capita (kg per capita) <sup>2</sup>	0.06	0.05

#### Notes:

- GHG emissions include carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide, mainly originating from the purchased electricity, which falls into Scope 2 GHG emissions. The Company did not generate Scope 1 GHG emissions during the reporting year. GHG emissions are presented in carbon dioxide equivalents and calculated based on the "2019 Baseline Emission Factors for Regional Power Grids in China" issued by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China and the "2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (2019 revision)" issued by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC).
- Hazardous wastes involved in the operation of the Company primarily include waste ink cartridges, waste 2. toner cartridges and waste toners of printing devices.
- 3. The total GHG emissions per capita, hazardous waste production per capita and Non-hazardous waste production per capita of the Company are based on the total number of employees in the Beijing and Shanghai office areas (including labor contract employees, labor dispatch employees, retired personnel rehired, and long-term outsourced personnel).
- Non-hazardous wastes involved in the operation of the Company primarily include domestic garbage and 4. disposed electronic devices, disposed office equipment and other office wastes.



#### Resource consumption

Indicators	2021 Figures	2022 Figures
Total energy consumption (MWh) <sup>1</sup>	699.34	827.42
Indirect energy consumption (MWh)	699.34	827.42
Total energy consumption per capita (MWh per capita) <sup>2</sup>	0.96	1.35
Total energy consumption per floor area		
(MWh per square metre)	0.10	0.11
Water consumption (tonnes) <sup>3</sup>	5,003.25	5,115.13
Water consumption per capital (tonnes per capital) <sup>2</sup>	6.87	8.34
Water consumption per floor area (tonnes per square metre)	0.69	0.70
Total consumption of A4 paper (tonnes)	1.63	1.54

#### Notes:

- 1. Total energy consumption is calculated based on the consumption of electricity, and the conversion factors provided in the national standard of the People's Republic of China, i.e. the "General Principles for Calculation of Total Production Energy Consumption (GB/T 2589-2020)".
- 2. The total energy consumption per capita and water consumption per capital of the Company are based on the total number of employees in the Beijing and Shanghai office areas (including labor contract employees, labor dispatch employees, retired personnel rehired, and long-term outsourced personnel).
- 3. The water consumption includes tap water and reclaimed water. Of which, water consumption of the regional office in Shanghai is controlled by the property management office where it is located, and the water charges are included in property charges. As water consumption cannot be measured separately, we have estimated the water consumption with reference to the national standard, i.e. the "Standard for Design of Building Water Supply and Drainage" (GB50015-2019) issued by the Ministry of Housing and Urban-Rural Development of the People's Republic of China.
- 4. Packaging data does not apply to the Company.



#### VIII. RECRUITMENT AND LABOR STANDARDS

The Company constantly regulates employment management in strict compliance with various laws and regulations, including the "Labor Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China", "Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China" and "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Women's Rights and Interests". We are committed to equal employment and diversified recruitment, constructing a transparent performance-based compensation system and promotion mechanism, providing abundant benefits to our employees; striving to create a multicultural work environment, providing equal employment opportunities, focusing on the physical and mental health of employees, and providing a safe and comfortable office environment for employees; continuously improving our employee training system, establishing a communication mechanism, and creating a broad development platform for employees to realize a mutually beneficial and win-win employment relationship.

#### **Recruitment, Dismissal and Labor Standards**

The Company has expressly stipulated the recruitment, dismissal and employment policies in the "Policy on Human Resources Management" in the "Employee Manual". Opposed any form of discrimination, we follow the employment principles of fairness, transparency and integrity. We widely recruit outstanding talents through multiple channels such as campus recruitment and social recruitment to ensure equal opportunities for talents of all ages, genders, nationalities, races or religions. During the recruitment process, we require job candidates to provide valid identification documents, such as ID cards and graduation certificates to strictly check their age and identity information, so as to explicitly prohibit child labor. At the same time, the Company respects the labor willingness of employees, allocates work reasonably, and prohibits any form of forced labor. During the reporting period, there was no child labor or forced labor in the Company. Any case of child labour and forced labour (if any) will be addressed in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations by the Company.



During the Year, the total number of employees of the Company was 724. Set out below is the breakdown of employees by gender, employment type, age groups and regions:

> Data for 2022 (employee(s))

By gender	
Male	346
Female	378
By employment type	
Full-time	724
Part-time	0
By age groups	
Total number of employees at 30 or below	304
Total number of employees at 31 to 50	415
Total number of employees at over 50	5
By regions	
Beijing	449
Shanghai	127
Other regions	148

The turnover rate of employees by age groups, gender and regions are shown as below:

Data for 2022(%)

By gender	
Male	17.81
Female	11.66
By age groups	
Total number of employees at 30 or below	21.79
Total number of employees at 31 to 50	9.60
Total number of employees at over 50	0.00
By regions	
Beijing	14.37
Shanghai	25.83
Other regions	5.39



#### 2. Remuneration, Development and Employee Welfare

We regard our employees as valuable assets and have established a comprehensive compensation and welfare system to attract, motivate and retain outstanding employees, while attaching importance to the personal development of our employees and continuously building and optimizing a management system for employee's comprehensive development, so as to provide strong support for the construction of our talent system.

The Company implements the principle of position-based salary and provides competitive compensation and benefits to employees based on their performance, education, professionalism and other comprehensive abilities. We have established a comprehensive compensation and incentive mechanism to evaluate and give feedback to employees' performance by way of performance evaluation, determine employee performance bonuses based on the performance evaluation results of each given period, and set up awards for outstanding individuals and projects to recognize employees' efforts and motivate individuals and groups with outstanding performance in their work to pursue excellence. The Company strictly abides by the law, enters into labor contracts with employees in accordance with the law, pays social insurance and housing fund in full for employees, and provides additional commercial insurance and annual physical examination. We increased the number of medical checkups to further protect the health of our employees during the Year. In addition, on top of the national statutory holidays, we also provided additional benefits such as annual leave and paid sick leave based on the working age and length of service, as well as paid maternity leave and parental leave for female employees and paid paternity leave for male employees.

The Company has established a comprehensive talent promotion mechanism to continuously broaden the career development channels of our employees. We have set up an independent promotion assessment team which upholds on the principle of objective and fair evaluation to provide promotion opportunities for employees with outstanding performance or outstanding contribution to the Company, so as to encourage employees to give full potential in their work and realize the common growth of individuals and the Company. By way of talents review, we evaluate the key talents, grasp the overall talent situation of each team, and make the high potential talents stand out. During the review, we conduct in-depth discussions on the subsequent direction of talent cultivation, so that we can put it into practice in our future work and identify and reserve talents for the Company's development.



We continue to carry out various activities such as team building, cultural and recreational activities, and festival celebrations to improve employee dedication and work efficiency as well as strengthen team cohesion. In 2022, we organized various themed activities during traditional festivals and company anniversaries, and provided employees with extra benefits such as free movie tickets and special gifts. While enriching employees' cultural life, we also give them a sense of identity, happiness, and belonging.

#### 3. Work-life Balance

The Company encourages employees to balance work and life, and implements standard working hours. For some special positions, we have implemented a flexible working hours system. We also support a flexible working system and allow employees affected by the epidemic policies to apply for work from home. We advocate for employees to work efficiently during their work hours and discourage working overtime in principle. If overtime is necessary due to work needs, employees should voluntarily fill out an overtime application form and obtain approval before working overtime.

#### **Anti-discrimination, Diversity and Equal Opportunities**

Upholding the "people-oriented" management philosophy, the Company evaluates the contribution and value of each employee in a fair and impartial manner, provides equal development opportunities for all employees so that they can receive maximum respect, and achieve the goal of mutual growth of the enterprise and individual. The Company strongly prohibit any discrimination or differential treatment during recruitment and work due to personal characteristics such as gender, ethnicity, race, physical disability, age, religion, nationality, sexual orientation and family background, and eradicates all forms of harassment to create a fair and healthy workplace environment.



#### 5. **Health and Safety**

The Company attaches high importance to the health and safety of its employees. We have formulated our policies and systems, such as the Employee Code of Conduct, Visitor Entrance Procedures, Fire Safety Management System, Fire Emergency Plan and No-Smoking Regulations in strict compliance with national laws and regulations including the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, the Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China, the Fire Control Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Regulations of Beijing Municipality on Fire Control, to provide a safe and comfortable working environment for our employees. We attach great importance to the safety, comfort and pleasantness of the office environment of our employees. In order to maintain order in the workplace and create a safe and healthy working environment, our Company has taken the following measures:

- We have a strict no-smoking policy in all office areas and have designated smoking areas outside of the office premises.
- We have also further improved the fire safety management system in the office area, adjusted the fire evacuation signs, played fire safety knowledge promotion videos on a rolling basis, increased the frequency of fire channel inspections, and reduced potential fire safety hazards in the Company.
- We have introduced professional psychological counseling agencies to provide psychological counseling to employees, and offer EAP2 counseling services to help employees solve difficulties in their life and work, and to deal with emotional or psychological problems.
- We have installed automated external defibrillator (AED) equipment in our office areas in Beijing and Shanghai to enhance our emergency response capabilities in case of a medical emergency.
- During the overall environmental and facility renovation of our office area in Shanghai, we required the decoration company to conduct environmental testing on the decoration materials used. After the renovation was completed, we took measures such as opening windows for ventilation, placing green plants and activated carbon bags to remove formaldehyde and other odors. Additionally, we provided temporary office areas for special groups such as pregnant women.



	Data for 2020	Data for 2021	Data for 2022
Total number of work-related fatalities			
(employee(s))	0	0	0
Rate of work-related fatalities (%)	0	0	0
Number of work-related injuries			
(employee(s))	0	0	1
Lost days due to work-related injuries (days)	0	0	51

#### 6. **Employee Training**

We value the career development and growth of our employees and provide them with a variety of training formats and platforms. We have established a comprehensive and effective employee training system, and developed diversified training courses and development plans for employees in different departments and positions, covering general capabilities, professional knowledge, anti-corruption, and other areas, which help employees to improve their overall qualities and promotes their personal development.

During the Year, we continued our partnership with Tencent Academy to launch the T-Learning platform, providing all employees with abundant online learning resources to meet their diverse and personalized development needs. In addition, we have also provided special training programs and projects for employees in different stages and positions. For new employees recruited from campus, the Company provides a series of special training programs in various stages after their entry, helping them smoothly transition from campus to the workplace, integrate into the Company faster, and improve their sense of identification and belonging to the Company. For senior management employees, we have provided multiple office competency training programs such as Everything DiSC training and 360-degree evaluation feedback to improve their work efficiency.

After the training courses are completed, we will collect feedback and suggestions from the trained employees on the lecturers and course content through forms such as survey questionnaires. Based on employee feedback, we will adjust the training direction and content in a timely manner to ensure that the training achieves the expectation.

We encourage employees to participate in various external training programs and obtain relevant qualifications and certifications based on job requirements. We also provide financial support for employees to obtain professional certification, which motivates them to continuously improve their professional skills.

During the reporting period, a total of 524 employees received trainings, and the percentage of employees trained by gender and employment types is as follows:

## 2022 Figures

(%)

P d	
By gender	
Percentage of male employees trained	69.08
Percentage of female employees trained	75.40
By employment types	
Percentage of management employees trained	89.55
Percentage of non-management employees trained	70.62

During the reporting period, the average training hours per employee was 6.77 hours, and the breakdown of the average training hours per employee by gender and employment types is as follows:

#### 2022 Figure

(hour)

By gender	
Average training hours per male employee	6.43
Average training hours per female employee	7.07
By employment types	
Average training hours per management employee	8.51
Average training hours per non-management employee	6.59



#### 7. **Employee Communications**

The Company understands that efficient and smooth communication channels are important to the longterm development of the Company. We provide a variety of communication and feedback channels to our employees, including online work communication groups, offline exchange and sharing session, and online platforms, to listen to their voices and understand their demands in a timely manner. In performance management, we have established a two-way communication mechanism for our team, requiring executive officers to provide timely feedback to employees on performance assessment results, actively communicate with employees on an equal and sincere basis on assessment results, and encourage employees to actively raise their needs and expectations so as to maximize the effect of performance management.

In order to smooth the feedback channel for employees, we have also set up a complaint and reporting platform. Through the complaint mailbox and telephone, all employees can choose to reflect problems and put forward suggestions and opinions to the Company anonymously or not as they wish.

#### IX. SUPPLIER MANAGEMENT

The Company strictly controls the selection and management of suppliers and continues to improve the supplier management process and standards. We have formulated the Supplier Information Form, the Declaration on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption, Supplier Management Rules and Supplier Procurement Practices in compliance with the Law of the People's Republic of China on Bid Invitation and Bidding and the Implementation Regulations of the People's Republic of China on Bid Invitation and Bidding, for the purpose of strengthening supplier management tasks such as supplier development and admission, evaluation and grading, and review and information maintenance. We value our suppliers' performance in the environmental and social fields, actively implement the concept of green procurement, and encourage suppliers to give priority to green products, to jointly establish a green supply chain.

#### 1. **Supplier Development and Admission**

We carry out supplier access qualification audits in strict compliance with the Supplier Management Rules. We conduct background checks on suppliers through information retrieval, business negotiation, on-site inspection, etc., to ensure that suppliers meet the requirements of supplier access management. In addition to focusing on the reliability of products and services provided by the suppliers, their operational and technical capabilities, delivery time and price, we pay attention to the capability and level of environmental and social management of suppliers and strictly restrict the access of suppliers with problems in the environmental or social fields.



#### **Evaluation and Grading of Suppliers** 2.

The Company regularly conducts objective evaluations of the products and services provided by suppliers, as well as their environmental and social performance by written or face-to-face negotiations, to truly reflect the comprehensive performance of suppliers. The evaluation results will serve as an important reference factor for future cooperation with suppliers an important criterion for long-term supply grading. Suppliers with poor evaluation results will be eliminated in time to strictly control supplier quality.

#### 3. **Supplier Integrity Management**

The Company pays attention to the business ethics of suppliers, and always adheres to the principles of fairness, transparency, justice, honesty and integrity in the procurement process of suppliers, with a view of creating a fair and clean cooperation environment jointly with our suppliers. We require all suppliers to sign the Declaration on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption, comply with the principles of honesty, integrity and self-discipline, and refuse any form of bribery and corruption. In the performance process, we will take measures to immediately terminate cooperation and reserve the right to pursue legal action against the supplier, as appropriate, if fraud, bribery or corruption is found.

#### 4. **Maintenance and Management of Supplier Database**

We have established a supplier database and regularly update supplier qualifications, supplier list, files and other relevant information to ensure the authenticity and validity of the information in the supplier database. In addition, we regularly carry out risk monitoring and performance supervision on suppliers. If a current supplier has abnormal operation, environmental penalties, legal disputes, or is blacklisted by the relevant authorities, we will cooperate with stand-by suppliers or newly developed suppliers to ensure that the Company can obtain the required products or services in a timely manner, so as to avoid the risk of supply chain disruption.

During the Reporting Period, the Company maintained long-term good relationships with 171 suppliers, with specific geographical region as follows:

	2022 Figure
Number of suppliers by geographical region	
Number of suppliers in China	170
Numbers of suppliers in Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan	1
Number of suppliers in other regions	0



#### X. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Adhering to the responsible business philosophy, we are committed to providing customers with high-quality products and services. We strictly comply with laws and regulations such as the "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests", and industry standards and norms in our operations, improve our intellectual property protection system, and regulate our advertising and publicity. In addition, we strengthen the governance of online content, strictly protect user privacy and data security, and improve customer service, to realize our social value.

The Company is not involved in the recall of sold or shipped products for safety and health reasons, nor is it involved in the quality verification or the recall process of products.

#### 1. **Intellectual Property Rights Protection**

Our Company respects the intellectual property rights of others while paying attention to the protection of our own intellectual property rights. To protect the legitimate rights and interests of the Company, we standardize our intellectual property rights management system and sort out the process and materials for the application and approval of intellectual property rights in compliance with the relevant laws such as the Copyright Law of the People's Republic of China, the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Patent Law of the People's Republic of China and the Implementing Regulations of the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Implementing Regulations of the Copyright Law of the People's Republic of China, and the Implementing Regulations of the Patent Law of the People's Republic of China.

We actively protect our internal intellectual property rights through measures such as trademark registration, technical patent application, and domain name registration, and actively monitor the term of use of trademarks, domain names and other intellectual property rights to ensure timely renewal upon the expiration of the term. At the same time, we attach importance to the publicity and popularization of intellectual property related knowledge to employees in our daily work, and enhance their awareness of intellectual property development and protection. When any infringement of intellectual property rights is founded, we will protect our legitimate rights and interests through legal means according to the law.

#### 2. **Advertising Compliance**

In compliance with all the related laws and regulations, like the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China, Regulation on the Administration of Advertising and Interim Measures for Administration of Internet Advertising, the Company has formulated administration system such as the Maoyan Advertisement Review Standards and Maoyan Advertisement Resource Application Standards to continuously strengthen the standardized management of advertising and publicity.

Adhering to the concept of responsible marketing, we strictly review and control the promotional and display materials and external promotional terms, with a focus on the advertisements of high risk industries including finance, pharmaceuticals, healthcare, and real estate, etc., while regularly reviewing the relevant marketing practices and fulfilling the legal obligations of the advertising issuer. We also make our best efforts to ensure the accuracy and legality of advertisements and marketing terms to maintain the compliance and order of the advertising market.



#### 3. **Content Management**

The company has established a standardized content management mechanism to fulfill its main responsibility as a network information content service platform. In terms of content review, the Company has improved the quality and accuracy of review by accessing third-party content review services and conducting cross-reviews with multiple third parties. In terms of behavior review, the Company has developed an internal behavior review service to focus on reviewing content published by accounts with abnormal behavior, maintain a blacklist of keywords, and directly delete content that contains specific keywords. At the same time, manual intervention and backend optimization management are allowed for cases of missed or mistaken content deletion. We also provide a reporting channel to encourage users to report illegal content and work with users to maintain a healthy content ecosystem.

#### 4. **Data Security and Privacy Protection**

The Company attaches great importance to the protection of users' data security and privacy. We comply with the national laws, regulations and normative documents such as Cyber Security Law of the People's Republic of China, Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, Data Security Law of the People's Republic of China, the Measures for Determining the Illegal Collection and Use of Personal Information through Apps (《App違法違規收集使用個人信息行為認定方法》) and the Regulation of Necessary Personal Information Scope by Common Mobile Internet Application (《常見類型移動互聯網應用程序必要個人信息範圍規定》), as well as special action requirements of industry regulators to effectively protect users' privacy and data security.

The Company has established an Data Security Management Committee, which is responsible for the overall information security work of the Company. The Chief Technology Officer of the Company serves as the highest leader of the Data Security Management Committee, and is supported by the leaders of the operations and maintenance department and the heads of other first-level departments who serve as members. The operations and maintenance department serves as the executive body for information security management work, responsible for implementing various tasks assigned by the information security management committee.



In managing internal information security, we have formulated regulations and systems such as the Data Security and Confidentiality Regulations, the Data Security Management Regulations and the Sensitive Information Definition Standards and Approval Process of Sensitive Information Acquisition. We classify and grade the data and information that the Company needs to protect based on the standards, and set different access rights for information of different sensitivity levels according to the security policy. If it is necessary to access sensitive information from other departments, approval must be given by two heads or supervisors of first-level department. We have made detailed provisions for information storage security, transmission security, release and destruction security, account security, office network security, and PC security. Meanwhile, we provide feedback channels as well as rewards and punishments to prevent the divulgence of internal information. During the Year, the Company conducted network attack and defense drills and checked and verified its information security capability through security scans and penetrations by external security teams. In addition, we conducted a retest of the network security level protection, evaluating and assessing the Company's security systems and information security capabilities.

For user-end information security management, we proactively notify our users that the type, purpose, approach and scope of information to be collected and our privacy protection policies. The information is only collected with users' permission and users have the right to read, edit and delete their personal information, as well as the right to terminate their user accounts.

We have formulated the Network and Information Security Emergency Plan and emergency response mechanism, and established the emergency leadership team to activate the emergency decisionmaking mechanism for emergencies after assessing information security incidents and determining their category. In addition, we have also established the Standards for Security Vulnerability Rating and Response Processing, which regulates the security vulnerability rating, response time and restoration time, as well as the procedures of system security emergencies, and improves system security thereafter. We also provide information security and confidentiality training for new employees and periodically share security risk event cases with all employees to raise their security awareness.

During the reporting period, there were no incidents of consumer privacy or user data leakage.



#### **Customer Services** 5.

Adhering to the principle of "Customer First", the Company carefully listens to customer opinions, responds to customer demands in a timely manner, and continuously improves customer satisfaction. In 2022, the Company continued to improve our customer complaint handling process and mechanism, and set up multiple communication channels for the users, e.g. online portals, WeChat mini programs, hotlines and user questionnaire survey to efficiently response to customers' feedback.

In order to improve communication efficiency and enhance the service quality of the customer service team, we have established customer service quality KPIs as an assessment standard for customer service team, to provide targeted training and guidance to customer service representatives by conducting statistical analysis of KPIs such as the response speed of calls received, the number of calls received, user satisfaction rate, and follow-ups. We review statistical data of customer complaints, customer complaint rates, resolution rates, and satisfaction rates every week, which is used to prepare weekly or monthly reports for continuous improvement. The customer service team regularly communicate with relevant business departments about the key issues of concern to the customers, of which will be subject to analysis and unified solutions to be implemented, in order to resolve customer requests with satisfaction.

In 2022, we have achieved a connection between WeChat Pay and our official customer service channel, adding a customer service entrance on the payment page to guide users with complaints to accurately find our official customer service entrance in the first instance where problem occurs, thus creating a shortest service path to efficiently and timely receive, evaluate, and handle customer feedback.

During the Reporting Period, we have received a total of 1,579 customer complaints regarding our products or feedback<sup>3</sup>, with a 100% customer complaint resolution rate and an overall user satisfaction rate of 88.30%, representing an increase of approximately 18% compared to last year.

#### XI. **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Company places great emphasis on building a culture of integrity and adopts a "zero tolerance" attitude towards the misconduct such as corruption, bribery, fraud extortion, deception and money laundering. In strict compliance with the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and the Interim Provisions on Prohibition of Commercial Bribery, etc., we have established internal rules and regulations such as the Maoyan Entertainment Anti-Corruption Policy and the Maoyan Entertainment Whistleblower Regulations, to strengthen anti-corruption supervision and promotion, and maintain an excellent business reputation.

The Company has clear provisions in the Code of Conduct of Maoyan Entertainment Employees regarding issues with respect to under-the-table agreements, embezzlement and misappropriation of corporate assets, gifting, etc., and requires all employees to read, confirm and comply with the relevant contents of the handbook from the beginning of their employment. We conduct regular integrity training for the Directors and employees every year, the content of which includes the impact of integrity on individuals and the Company, the norms and interpretation of the Company's systems, and sharing of relevant job crime cases, which helps employees strengthen their integrity awareness. The Company also conducts separate integrity training to guide new hires in establishing a professional ethical view of integrity and honesty. During the Reporting Period, a total of 11 Directors and 111 employees participated in integrity training, with an average training hours of 0.3 hours and 0.5 hours, respectively.

The statistical scope of the number of customer complaints is the data of complaints received by the Company from the Administration for Industry and Commerce, 12315 and 12345 hotline in 2022.



We have established a standardized whistleblowing procedures and corresponding monitoring measures. The whistleblowing system is maintained by the internal audit and supervision department of the Company and supervised by the Audit Committee of the Board. All whistleblowings are investigated by a designated officer from internal audit and supervision department of the Company. We require that all related information about acceptance, investigation and decision on the cases must be filed, and for cases that are confirmed, we will impose corresponding punishments based on the degree of discipline violations, and if the behavior has violated the relevant laws and regulations, we will report to the higher authorities and affix legal liabilities on them as appropriate.

The Company provides an email address for reporting clues for fraud on the homepage of our website. and sets up a whistleblowing hotline, official accounts such as Daxiang and other channels for receiving whistleblowing of corruption, fraud and other misconducts. The Company strictly protects the privacy and legal rights of the whistleblowers, and provides real-name whistleblowing and anonymous whistleblowing and strictly keep the whistleblower's information confidential. The Company explicitly prohibits any form of retaliation against whistleblowers, such as obstruction, threats, intimidation, or harm, and any such behavior will be dealt with seriously in accordance with the law once discovered.

We have joined the Trust and Integrity Enterprise Alliance, an industry autonomous organization of Internet enterprises for anti-corruption, and the Tencent Sunshine Cloud Platform (騰訊陽光雲平台), an anti-fraud information sharing platform initiated by Tencent, and is committed to improve the construction of our integrity system and create a fair and transparent business environment. In 2022, we participated in the 5th Corporate Integrity and Compliance Summit Forum organized by the Trust and Integrity Enterprise Alliance, actively learning effective governance systems, governance models, and compliance standards, and proactively exploring new concepts and methods in the process of corporate integrity and compliance governance.

During the Reporting Period, there was no corruption-specific lawsuit filed and completed against the Company.

#### XII. **COMMUNITY INVESTMENTS**

As a responsible enterprise, while focusing on the development of culture and entertainment business, we have always insisted on providing high-quality cultural services to society, actively cultivate a sustained relationship that benefits both the Company and communities and enthusiastically participate in community construction, making contributions to the harmonious and sustainable development of the communities.

During the Year, in the face of complex and severe pandemic conditions, we responded promptly and efficiently to requests for ticket refunds and modification for movies and events due to the sudden outbreak of COVID-19, and provided consumers with full refund or modification immediately, to minimize consumer losses. In addition, we have always actively supported the resumption of work and business of theaters in various regions, by cooperating with government agencies and film industry associations in many places to launch movie-benefiting activities, to encourage the audience to return to the cinemas and support the industry to recover soon.

In July 2022, the Company participated in the 10th Beijing People Beneficial Cultural Consumption Season with the theme of "Enjoy Culture, Benefit Life", which is the third consecutive year that the Company has participated in this event. In this event, we focused on the thriving entertainment market in Beijing, deeply explored the potential of cultural consumption, and provided practical ticketing support for movies and events to consumers. We fully leveraged our advantages and exercised our corporate social responsibility while bringing vitality to the entertainment market.



## **EXPLANATIONS FOR PREPARATION**

#### **Reporting Scope**

Unless otherwise stated, the scope of disclosure contained in this Report is consistent with the scope of this Annual Report.

### **Reporting Period**

This Report covers the period from January 1 to December 31, 2022.

#### **Basis of Preparation**

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the Appendix 27 "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" of the Main Board Listing Rules of HKEX.

#### Source of Information

The information contained in this Report is mainly derived from the statistical data and related documents of the Company. We confirm that this Report does not contain any false records and misleading statements, and we shall be responsible for the authenticity, accuracy and completeness of its content.



"AGM" the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on June 28, 2023

"Articles of Association" the articles of association of our Company, conditionally adopted on

January 11, 2019 with effect from the Listing Date, and as amended from

time to time

"Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Company

"Beijing Maoyan" Beijing Maoyan Cultural Media Co., Ltd. (北京貓眼文化傳媒有限公司), a

company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on November 12, 2015

with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity

"Beijing Shiji Weying" Beijing Shiji Weying Culture Development Co., Ltd. (北京世紀微影文化發

> 展有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on July 22, 2016, with the limited liability and one of our Registered Shareholders

"Beijing Weige Shidai" Beijing Weige Shidai Entertainment Technology Co., Ltd. (北京微格時代

娛樂科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC

on March 9, 2016 with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity

"Beijing Weying Shidai" or "Weying" Beijing Weying Shidai Technology Co., Ltd. (北京微影時代科技有限公司),

a company established under the laws of the PRC with limited liability,

and/or its subsidiaries, as the case may be

"Board" the Board of Directors of the Company

"BVI" the British Virgin Islands

"Cayman Companies Act" or

"Companies Act"

the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, as amended, supplemented

or otherwise modified from time to time

Maoyan Entertainment, an exempted company incorporated in the Cayman "Company" or "our Company"

Islands with limited liability and whose Shares are listed on the Main Board

of the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1896)

"Confirmation"	in response to the lawsuits in which Weying and Beijing Shiji Weying acted as defendants and the equity interests held by Beijing Shiji Weying in Tianjin Maoyan Weying were therefore frozen as disclosed in 2021 annual results announcement, 2021 annual report, 2022 interim results announcement, 2022 interim report and 2022 annual results announcement of the Company dated March 24, 2022, April 26, 2022, August 18, 2022, September 15, 2022 and March 23, 2023, the confirmation letter coissued by Weying and Beijing Shiji Weying to Tianjin Maoyan Weying and WFOE, pursuant to which they undertook to comply with and fulfil the terms and conditions, responsibilities and obligations under the Contractual Arrangements including but not limited to fully cooperating with the WFOE's instructions when the WFOE exercises its irrevocable and exclusive right to purchase the frozen equity interests, or transferring the frozen equity interests to the WFOE's assignee at the WFOE's request
"Consolidated Affiliated Entities"	entities whose financial have been consolidated and accounted for as subsidiaries of the Company by virtue of the Contractual Arrangements
"Contractual Arrangements"	the series of contractual arrangements entered into by, among others, the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the Registered Shareholders
"Corporate Governance Code" or "CG Code"	the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules
"Director(s)"	the director(s) of the Company
"Enlight"	for illustration purpose, means Mr. Wang Changtian, himself and his controlled entities, including Enlight Holdings and Enlight Media, for the purpose of investment in our Company
"Enlight Holdings"	Enlight Holdings Limited
"Enlight Media"	Beijing Enlight Media Co., Ltd. (北京光線傳媒股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (SSE Stock Code: 300251), our

substantial shareholder



"Equity Pledge Agreement"

the amended and restated equity pledge agreement dated August 9, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and each of the Registered Shareholders

"Exclusive Consultation and Service Agreement"

the amended and restated exclusive consultation and service agreement dated August 9, 2018 between Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the WFOE

"Exclusive Option Agreement"

the amended and restated exclusive equity transfer option agreement dated August 9, 2018 among Tianjin Maoyan Weying, the WFOE and the Registered Shareholders

"Global Offering" or "Initial Public Offering"

the offering by the Company of its Shares for subscription by the public in Hong Kong and the offering of Shares by the international underwriters outside the United States in offshore transactions in accordance with Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act and in the United States to QIBs only in accordance with Rule 144A or any other available exemption from the registration requirement under the U.S. Securities Act in January to February 2019

"gross box office"

box office and the service fees paid for online movie ticketing services

"Group", "our Group", "we" or "us"

the Company, its subsidiaries and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities

"Historical ESOP Platforms"

Tianjin Caiyi, Tianjin Caixuan, Tianjin Caiying, Tianjin Caichuang and

Tianjin Guanghong

"HK\$" or "HKD"

Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"Hong Kong"

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

"IFRS"

International Financial Reporting Standards, which include standards, amendments and interpretations promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board and the International Accounting Standards and interpretation issued by the International Accounting Standards

Committee

"Linzhi Lixin"	Linzhi Lixin Information Technology Co., Ltd. (林芝利新信息技術有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on October 26, 2015 with limited liability and a company designated by Tencent to hold interests in Tianjin Maoyan Weying
"Listing"	listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
"Listing Date"	February 4, 2019, the date on which the Shares became listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
"Listing Rules"	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange
"Maoyan Enterprise"	Tianjin Maoyan Enterprise Management and Consulting Co., Ltd. (天津貓眼企業管理諮詢有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on March 1, 2017 with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity
"Maoyan Live JV"	Tianjin Maoyan Live Technology Co., Ltd. (天津貓眼現場科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on June 19, 2018 with limited liability and a joint venture held by the WFOE and Tianjin Maoyan Weying as to 49% and 51% of its equity interests, respectively, and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity
"Maoyan Pictures"	Tianjin Maoyan Pictures Co., Ltd. (天津貓眼影業有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on June 8, 2015 with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity
"Maoyan Technology/WFOE"	Tianjin Maoyan Weying Technology Co., Ltd. (天津貓眼微影科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on February 5, 2018 with limited liability and a wholly owned subsidiary of our Company
"Meituan"	Meituan (美團) (SEHK Stock Code: 3690), an exempted company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands on September 15, 2015, or Meituan and its subsidiaries and consolidated affiliated entities, as the case may be
"Model Code"	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules



"MOFCOM"	the Ministry of Commerce of the PRC (中華人民共和國商務部)
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"NASDAQ" National Association of Securities Dealers Automated Quotations

"NDRC" the National Development and Reform Commission of the PRC (中華人民

共和國國家發展和改革委員會)

"Nomination Committee" the nomination committee of the Company

"Post-IPO Share Options" options granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

"Post-IPO Share Option Scheme" the post-IPO share option scheme of our Company as approved on July

23, 2018, which was adopted by the Company to provide incentives and

rewards to individuals and/or entities for their contribution

"PRC" or "China" the People's Republic of China, which, for the purpose of this Annual

Report only, excludes Hong Kong, Macau Special Administrative Region

of the PRC and Taiwan

"Pre-IPO Share Options" options granted under the Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme

"Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme" the pre-IPO share option scheme of our Company as approved on July

> 23, 2018, which was adopted by the Company as a continuation and restructuring of the employee share incentive scheme originally adopted

by Tianjin Maoyan Weying on November 8, 2016

"Prospectus" the prospectus of the Company dated January 23, 2019

"Proxy Agreement" the amended and restated proxy agreement dated August 9, 2018

entered into among the WFOE, Tianjin Maoyan Weying and the Registered

Shareholders

"Registered Shareholders" Enlight Holdings, Enlight Media, Shanghai Sankuai Technology, Beijing

Shiji Weying (or its affiliates, as the case may be), Linzhi Lixin and the

Historical ESOP Platforms

"Relevant Businesses"	the businesses of value-added telecommunication services business, movie distribution and radio and television program production, etc.
"Remuneration Committee"	the remuneration committee of the Company
"Reorganization"	the offshore and onshore reorganization as set out in section headed "History and Reorganization" of the Prospectus
"Reporting Period"	period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022
"Restricted Share Agreement"	the restricted share agreement entered into among the Company, Mr. Zheng Zhihao and Rhythm Brilliant Limited on July 23, 2018 to recognize and reward the contribution of Mr. Zheng Zhihao to the Group
"RMB"	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC
"RSU Scheme"	The RSU Scheme of our Company as approved on July 23, 2018, which was adopted by the Company to reward participants for their contribution to the Group and attract best available personnel
"Ruihai Fangyuan"	Shenzhen Ruihai Fangyuan Technology Co., Ltd (深圳市瑞海方圓科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on July 13, 2017 with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity
"Securities and Futures Ordinance" or "SFO"	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
"Shanghai Maoyan Network"	Shanghai Maoyan Network Technology Co., Ltd. (上海貓演網絡科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on February 13, 2019 with limited liability, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Maoyan Live JV
"Shanghai Sankuai Technology"	Shanghai Sankuai Technology Co., Ltd. (上海三快科技有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on December 19, 2012 with limited liability, an operating entity of Meituan and one of our Registered Shareholders
"Share(s)"	ordinary share(s) in the share capital of the Company with a par value

of US\$0.00002



"Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Share(s)

"Shenzhen Stock Exchange" or "SSE" Shenzhen Stock Exchange (深圳證券交易所)

"Stock Exchange" or "SEHK" the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

"Subsidiary(ies)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

"Tencent" Tencent Holdings Limited (SEHK Stock Code: 700), or Tencent Holdings

Limited and/or its subsidiaries, as the case may be

"Tencent Computer" Shenzhen Tencent Computer Systems Company Limited (深圳市騰訊計

算機系統有限公司), a company established in the PRC on November 11,

1998 and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Tencent

Tencent and its subsidiaries from time to time "Tencent Group"

"Tencent Music Technology" Tencent Music Entertainment Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. (騰訊音樂

> 娛樂科技(深圳)有限公司), a company established under the laws of PRC on February 22, 2017 and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of TME

"TME" Tencent Music Entertainment Group, a company incorporated under the

> laws of Cayman Islands on June 6, 2012 as an exempted company with limited liability, whose American depositary shares are listed on the New

York Stock Exchange (symbol: TME)

"TME Group" TME and its subsidiaries from time to time

"Tianjin Caichuang" Tianjin Caichuang Enterprise Management and Consultation Partnership

> (Limited Partnership) (天津彩創企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), a limited partnership incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 6, 2016 and

one of our Historical ESOP Platforms

"Tianjin Caixuan" Tianjin Caixuan Enterprise Management and Consultation Partnership

> (Limited Partnership) (天津彩絢企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), a limited partnership incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 6, 2016 and

one of our Historical ESOP Platforms

"Tianjin Caiyi" Tianjin Caiyi Enterprise Management and Consultation Partnership (Limited Partnership) (天津彩溢企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), a limited partnership incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 5, 2016 and one of our Historical ESOP Platforms "Tianjin Caiying" Tianjin Caiving Enterprise Management and Consultation Partnership (Limited Partnership) (天津彩盈企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), a limited partnership incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 6, 2016 and one of our Historical ESOP Platforms "Tianjin Guanghong" Tianjin Guanghong Enterprise Management and Consultation Partnership (Limited Partnership) (天津光鴻企業管理諮詢合夥企業(有限合夥)), a limited partnership incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 6, 2016 and one of our Historical ESOP Platforms "Tianjin Maoyan Weying" Tianjin Maoyan Weying Cultural Media Co., Ltd. (天津貓眼微影文化傳媒 有限公司), formerly known as Tianjin Maoyan Cultural Media Co., Ltd. (天 津貓眼文化傳媒有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on May 27, 2015 with limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity, which is a holding company of all the other Consolidated Affiliated Entities of our Group "Tianjin Meimao" Tianjin Meimao Cultural Media Co., Ltd. (天津美貓文化傳媒有限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on November 22, 2018, with the limited liability and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity "US\$" or "US dollars" or "USD" U.S. dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America "Xinjiang Maoyan Network" Xinjiang Maoyan Network Technology Co., Ltd. (新疆貓眼網絡科技有限 公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC on November 10, 2016 with limited liability and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Beijing Maoyan, and a Consolidated Affiliated Entity "Year" the year ended December 31, 2022 "%" per cent

